## **CONFIDENTIAL** (Attachment Only)

1	Requ	est IR-157:
2		
3	For e	each windfarm owned by or under contract to NSPI, for each month January 2009
4	throu	igh June 2011, please provide:
5		
6	(a)	Actual energy generation
7		
8	<b>(b)</b>	Actual wind capacity in service
9		
10	Respo	onse IR-157:
11		
12	(a-b)	Please refer to Confidential Attachment 1.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-157 Page 1 of 1

#### **CONFIDENTIAL** (Attachment Only)

1	Request IR-158:
1	Request 1R-158:

2

- 3 Please provide the current status of each renewable generation project under contract to
- 4 NSPI (e.g., permitting status, financing status, construction status).

5

6 Response IR-158:

7

- 8 Please refer to Confidential Attachment 1. A complete list of renewable energy projects is
- 9 provided in Appendix 1 of the 2012 General Rate Application.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-158 Page 1 of 1

### **CONFIDENTIAL** (Attachment Only)

1	Request IR-159:
2	
3	Please provide any reports received by NSPI since July 2010, from any renewable
4	generation project under contract to NSPI, regarding the status and progress of the
5	project.
6	
7	Response IR-159:
8	

Please refer to Confidential Attachments 1 to 4.

9

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-159 Page 1 of 1

## NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Request IR-160:
2	
3	Please provide NSPI's current projection of RES compliance, by source by year, 2011-
4	2015.
5	
6	Response IR-160:
7	
8	Please refer to NPB IR-117.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-160 Page 1 of 1

### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Request IR-161:
2	
3	Please provide any analyses performed by or for NSPI since 2009 regarding the feasibility
4	and benefits of mothballing or deactivating existing coal capacity.
5	
6	Response IR-161:
7	
8	NSPI has not completed an analysis as described in this request.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-161 Page 1 of 1

## NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Request IR-162:
2	
3	Please provide NSPI's current projection of load and capacity by year, through 2021.
4	
5	Response IR-162:
5	
7	Please refer to CA IR-165. The information is listed under System Planning in the 10 Year
3	System Outlook 2011, as table 9, page 18 of 53.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-162 Page 1 of 1

### **CONFIDENTIAL** (Attachment Only)

1	Requ	uest IR-163:
2		
3	For o	each of the following responses, for which NSPI asserts confidentiality, please provide
4	the b	asis of the assertion and explain the nature of the harm that would result from public
5	discl	osure of the response:
6		
7	(a)	CA IR-35 Attachment 1
8		
9	<b>(b)</b>	CA IR-36 Attachment 1
10		
11	(c)	CA IR-43 Attachment 1
12		
13	<b>(d)</b>	CA IR-58 Attachment 1
14		
15	(e)	CA IR-61 Attachment 1
16		
17	<b>(f)</b>	Multeese IR-1 Attachment 1
18		
19	Resp	onse IR-163:
20		
21	(a)	This document is filed on a confidential basis due to system security concerns.
22		Protection of the power system preserves reliability and reduces risks associated with
23		external threats.
24		
25	(b)	This document is filed on a confidential basis due to system security concerns.
26		Protection of the power system preserves reliability and reduces risks associated with
27		external threats.
20		

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-163 Page 1 of 2

## **CONFIDENTIAL** (Attachment Only)

1	(c)	This document contains details respecting monthly energy generation and monthly peak
2		load on the plant for Nova Scotia Power's gas turbines. Nova Scotia Power procures
3		fuel, purchased power, services and capital equipment in a market that is driven by
4		competitive forces and suppliers looking to create value for themselves. The more a
5		supplier is aware of Nova Scotia Power's specific requirements, the better their ability to
6		obtain the highest price, reduce competition and ultimately increase the cost for NSPI and
7		its customers.
8		
9		This information is commercially sensitive as it provides specific plant characteristics
10		which could allow suppliers to respond to Requests for Proposals at prices that could, in
11		absence of this detailed knowledge, otherwise be lower. Knowledge of these details
12		would allow a sophisticated supplier to anticipate the needs of the Company and adapt
13		bids accordingly.
14		
15	(d)	Upon further review, Nova Scotia Power has determined that this document is only
16		partially confidential. Page 17 is confidential as it shows critical equipment infrastructure.
17		Protection of the power system preserves reliability and reduces risks associated with
18		external threats. Nova Scotia Power has redacted and re-filed the original attachment.
19		Please refer to Partially Confidential Attachment 1.
20		
21	(e)	This document is filed on a confidential basis for security of the system security concerns
22		as it shows critical equipment infrastructure. Protection of the power system preserves
23		reliability and reduces risks associated with external threats.
24		
25	(f)	This document is the Cost of Service Study. It is filed on a confidential basis as the data
26		input tables contain commercially sensitive financial information from 2011.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-163 Page 2 of 2



# LIVERPOOL AREA DISTRIBUTION PLANNING STUDY

Report No. 265-0109-W68

Ting Zhang January, 2009

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

This study was initiated by the approaching capacity criteria violation at Milton substation due to planned construction of approximate 2 MVA of new commercial load in the next three years.

Transformer 50W-T53 is rated 12.5/14.8MVA. Since the load on 50W-T53 peaks in the winter time, the cold ambient temperature permits the rating to be increased to 133% of 14.8MVA which is 19.7 MVA. However, Polsky Energy (Brooklyn) has purchased 2.5 MVA capacity of this transformer for the contingency of losing their 138kV supply, there is only 17.2 MVA capacity available for other NSPI customers.

This new commercial load plus normal load growth is predicted to result in a load of 17.41 MVA on transformer 50W-T53 by the year 2020 exceeding the 17.2 MVA capacity.

25kV feeder 50W-412 is loaded to 200amps peak at present and is predicted to be loaded to 277 amps in 2011 at a growth rate of 1.5% per year as well as an additional 2 MVA new commercial load, and become 335amps if it is requested to supply 2.5 MVA reserves for Polsky Energy. However, it is still below the overload criteria for contingency. Load on feeder 412 under normal condition would exceed 300 amps in 2018.

This study recommends (1) transferring some load on Highway #3 off 50W-412 to 411 when overload criteria violation occurs on feeder 412 in 2018 and (2) replacing 50W-T53 by a larger unit (15/20/25 MVA) in 2020.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	i
LIST OF TABLES AND FIGURES	iii
1.0 SCOPE	1
2.0 EXISTING SYSTEMS  2.1 Sub-Transmission  2.2 Distribution	2
3.0 LOAD HISTORY AND FORECAST	3
4.0 Capital Criteria Violations  4.1 Overloaded Power Transformers  4.2 Feeder Overloads  4.3 Contingency Loss of a Power Transformer  4.4 Under-voltage	5 5
5.0 SOLUTIONS AND EVALUATION	7
6.0 RECOMMENDATIONS	11
APPENDIX A	12
APPENDIX B	15
APPENDIX C	17
APPENDIX D	20
APPENDIX E	22

## LIST OF TABLES AND FIGURES

Table 1: Liverpool Area EHV Substations	
Table 2: Milton Distribution Feeders	
Table 3: Load Forecast-Liverpool Area	2
-	
Figure 1: Historical and Forecast Annual Peak Load for Liverpool Area	3
Figure 2: 50W-412 Feeder Historical Load Profile	4
Figure 3: Capital Work for Load Transfer in 2018	ť

### 1.0 SCOPE

This study was initiated to develop a plan to deal with the approaching capacity criteria violation at Milton sub-station with 2 MVA of new commercial load in the next three years. Transformer load is predicted to exceed 133% of its top rating by 2020 including 2.5 MVA reserves for Polsky Energy (Brooklyn). Transformer loading, feeder loading and load growth on the 25kV distribution system in Milton has been reviewed in this planning study, and feeder voltage profiles and reconfiguration have been evaluated using the CYME model. This report covers the period between 2008 and 2023.

#### 2.0 EXISTING SYSTEMS

#### 2.1 Sub-Transmission

The 69kV Sub-transmission System in Liverpool area is supplied via the 138kV transmission system transformers identified in table 1 below.

		Transformer Data						
Sub-station Name	Transformer	Manufacturer	kV	Rating (MVA)	IMP.	Age		
50W-Milton	50W-T1	Westinghouse	138-69	30/40/50	6.40%	1965		

#### **Table 1 Liverpool Area EHV Substations**

Under normal operating conditions, Milton 138kV sub-station is fed by a loop, one end from the Bridgewater substation via L-6531, L-6006 and L-6025, and the other end from Tusket and Souriquois via L-6024 and L-6020. 50W is also used to supply Polsky and Bowater Mersey substation.

The Sub-transmission System Operation Diagram for this area is shown in Appendix A.

#### 2.2 Distribution

This study is focused on 50W Milton sub-station transformer T53 and the two 25kV distribution feeders (411 and 412). 50W-411 and 50W-412 go along Milton E Rd. until they get Potanoc St., which is about 1.5kM from the substation. 50W-412 continues to go along Milton E Rd., 50W-411 goes west along Potanoc St. till it goes to West St. and feed down to Victoria Lake and Western Head areas after passing Downtown Liverpool. 50W-412 passes Highway 103 and #3 then supplies the areas of Brooklyn, Beach Meadows, West& East Berlin, Port Medway, Mill Village, Charleston, Italy Cross and Camperdown.

The distribution sub-station supplying Liverpool area is shown in Table 2.

Milton Feeder Circuits							
	Xfmr Data						
Sub-station			Rating				
Name	Manufacturer	kV	(MVA)	IMP.	Age	Feeder Numbers	
50W-Milton	Federal Pioneer	69-26.4	12.5/14.8	6.40%	1987	50W-411, 50W-412	

**Table 2 Milton Distribution Feeders** 

The distribution system under study is shown by the distribution system operating diagram in Appendix B.

#### 3.0 LOAD HISTORY AND FORECAST

#### 3.1 Load History

In Liverpool area, there are two distribution substations, Waterloo St. substation (48 W) supplies 4kV load within Downtown Liverpool area, and Milton substation (50W) supplies 25kV load. During the past years, due to transformer capacity and contingency criteria issues, some of 4kV load on 48W feeders has been converted to 25kV and fed from 50W instead, therefore in this planning study the load profile of the whole Liverpool area (48W+50W) is analyzed together. Load data dating back to 1993 was obtained for Milton transformer, L-5539 (48W transformer) and distribution feeders from the PI Data combining with monthly substation meter readings. The combined 48W and 50W load growth for Liverpool is shown in Figure 1 below:

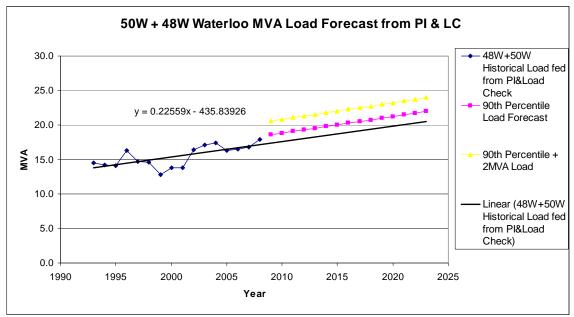


Figure 1 Historical and Forecast Annual Peak Load for Liverpool Area

#### 3.2 Load Forecast

The load forecast will be determined by projecting with the calculated 1.5% per year growth rate. Table 3 below shows the forecasted load for the Milton and Waterloo St. Sub-station transformers if they were left in their present configuration.

Year	48W+50W Design Forecast (MVA)	48W-T1 Design Forecast (MVA)	50W-T53 + 2MVA Design Forecast (MVA)
2008/2009	18.17	5.48	12.69
2009/2010	18.44	5.56	12.88
2010/2011	18.72	5.65	13.07
2011/2012	21.00	5.73	15.27
2012/2013	21.29	5.82	15.47
2013/2014	21.57	5.90	15.67
2014/2015	21.86	5.99	15.87
2015/2016	22.16	6.00	16.16
2016/2017	22.46	6.00	16.46
2017/2018	22.78	6.00	16.78
2018/2019	23.08	6.00	17.08
2019/2020	23.41	6.00	17.41
2020/2021	23.72	6.00	17.72
2021/2022	24.05	6.00	18.05
2022/2023	24.38	6.00	18.38

<u>Table 3 Load Forecast – Liverpool Area</u>

48W –T1 rated at 7.5/10MVA can only be loaded to 6MVA due to contingency violation criteria at emergency, because the top rating of the available mobile transformer at 69 to 4kV in our system (3P) is 6MVA. From Table 3 above we can see that the load of 48W-T1 is predicted to exceed 6 MVA in 2016, and we have to convert some load to 25kV and transfer it to 50W circuit.

50W-T53 rated at 14.8MVA can be loaded to 133% of its top rating during winter (19.68MVA) before being considered to be in an overloaded condition. However, since Polsky Energy (Brooklyn) has purchased 2.5 MVA capacity in the transformer for the contingency of losing their 138kV supply, there is only 17.2 MVA capacity available for other NSPI customers.

There will be a planned new-constructed 2MVA commercial load along Highway #3 between Old Fall Rd. and Old Pepsi Rd. in the next three years. This new load growth includes a hotel, school, library and some sports facilities, which mostly depends on the future development and potential profitability of Bowater Mersey Paper Company. If that happens, plus the load transferred from 48W 4kV system, the design load growth forecast for 50W-T53 predicts that load will exceed its rating by 2019/2020 winter peak with a forecast load of 17.41MVA.

## 4.0 Capital Criteria Violations

#### 4.1 Overloaded Power Transformers

With the forecast load growth, overload criteria violations will occur in 2020 as shown in Table 3 above with the additional 2MVA commercial load. 50W-T53 will exceed 133% of its top nameplate rating by then (provided that load continues to grow at the forecasted rate of 1.5% per year).

#### 4.2 Feeder Overloads

As we discussed above, an approximate 2 MVA new load might be tapped off 50W-412 during 2010 and 2011. At present the feeder is loaded at around 200amps for winter peak, and historical feeder load profile is shown as Figure 3 below.

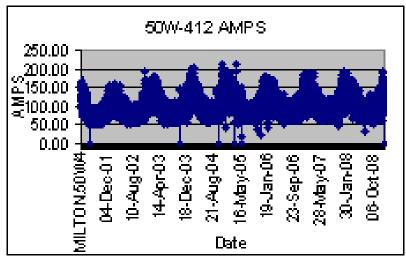


Figure 2 50W-412 Feeder Historical Load Profile

By 2011 50W-411 is predicted to be 125 amps, while 50W-412 is predicted to be loaded to 230 amps (provided that load continues to grow at the forecasted rate of 1.5% per year), and will increase to 277 amps with the inclusion of the 2 MVA of new commercial construction by 2011, which is still below 300 amps feeder capacity limit. It will be loaded up to 325 amps including Polsky reserves. However, there is no contingency violation, according to the feeder 90 percentage design forecast, a feeder can be loaded to 325 amps in the case of emergency (unless other restrictions apply such as recloser cold load pick-up, conductor capacity limits).

50W-412 is predicted to be loaded up to 302 amps under normal condition by 2018, while load on 50W-411 would be 138 amps. Load transfer from 50W-412 to 50W-411 is recommended if actual load grows as predicted.

#### Required work includes:

Close switch D418-010 between 50W-411& 412 on Bristol Ave.

- Install a new switch at the cutout to replace the fuse as shown in Figure 4
- Build a 2 km double-circuit to pick up about 2.5 MVA load from 50W-412



Figure 3 Capital Work for load transfer in 2018

Cost of the capital work as indicated above would be roughly \$240,000 at present value.

## 4.3 Contingency Loss of a Power Transformer

The contingency plan for loss of transformer 50W-T53 is installation of mobile transformer 5P and spare. Switching load to alternate substations is not possible in this study since there are no other 25kV circuits interconnected with 50W feeders.

## 4.4 Under-voltage

For 50W-412 simulation shows that low voltage may be experienced at the end of some single-phase feeder sections, which are shown in Appendix C. If the condition is verified by voltage recording in the field, single phase regulators will be required at the recommended locations which are also marked in the maps in Appendix C.

#### 5.0 SOLUTIONS AND EVALUATION

Refer to Appendix E for relevant information on NSPI Capital Expenditure Justification Criteria.

Transformer 50W-T53 is predicted to be overloaded by 2020 if the new load growth is built as expected. Three alternatives were evaluated in this study. These included (1) the option to replace transformer 50W-T53 in 2020 by a larger unit (15/20/25 MVA) to prevent overload violation (2) the option to add a second transformer (7.5/10/12.5 MVA) in 50W substation in 2020 and (3) the option to add a new transformer (7.5/10/12.5 MVA) in 48W substation in 2020 and upgrade L-5539. Details of these options are presented as below.

## Alternative 1: Replace transformer 50W-T53 in 2020 by a larger unit (15/20/25 MVA) to prevent overload violation

This option would require the replacement of existing transformer by a 15/20/25 MVA unit with OLTC. The existing Federal Pioneer transformer (12.5/14.8 MVA) can be stored as a system spare, or it can be put into other substations as required.

In addition to transformer replacement, LV bus upgrades are required. Two or three extra pole expansions will be installed to strengthen aerial conductor between the transformer and 25kV bus structure. The two spans of aerial conductor are 556 ACSR and 336 ACSR. The 336 ACSR, however, would be capable for 500 -550 Amps under summer conditions and around 750 Amps under winter conditions. Therefore, 336 ACSR would need to be replaced by then.

## Alternative 2: Add a second transformer (7.5/10/12.5 MVA) in 50W substation in 2020

This option relies on installing a second transformer (7.5/10/12.5 MVA) in 50W substation with the existing 50W-T53 in service as well.

For this alternative, a transformer bay will be expanded from 69kV Bus B2, new switches and a circuit breaker at high voltage side will also be purchased at the same time. Existing LV bus has to be isolated by installing new switches for the existing two feeder exits, or a new LV bus structure would be built for one feeder or the other. System operating diagram of 50W substation is also attached in Appendix A.

## Alternative 3: Add a new transformer (7.5/10/12.5 MVA) in 48W substation in 2020 and upgrade L-5539

This option includes adding a new 69 to 25kV transformer (7.5/10/12.5 MVA) in 48W substation. At present, there is only one 69 to 4kV transformer in Waterloo St. substation tapping off L-5539 and supplying downtown Liverpool area.

In this option, a separate fence on the yard towards Waterloo St. is recommended to accommodate the second transformer to feed some of 50W load in 2016. A draft of the 48W substation layout with the new transformer is attached in Appendix D. In this alternative we need to purchase a new high voltage switch and a recloser as well as the transformer. The pole structure for 69kV before coming into the substation needs to be rebuilt for the connection of 69kV line and transformer bushing. A set of poles for the feeder exit is also part of the capital work besides three spans of pole expansions for connecting with the existing 50W feeders.

The advantage of this option is that 48W is geographically close to the heavy-loaded area fed by 50W feeders, and it has less overall system loss in this scheme. However, L-5539 is a 69kV transmission line from Milton substation to Waterloo St. This line is a wood pole structure with a distance of 8.5km. The conductor size for the first 7.7 km out of Milton is 336 ACSR and the remaining 0.8 km is 4/0. Some transmission line upgrades and maintenance work would likely be done due to the ground clearance caused by additional load tapped off L-5539 by then.

Associated work includes:

- Installing a few new line structures and repairing some existing ones
- Replacing some wood poles due to damage or deterioration

#### **Economic Analysis**

The relevant financial data, economic analysis, NPV results, and alternative summary sheets have been attached in Appendix E of this report.

- Alternative 1: Replace transformer 50W-T53 in 2020 by a larger unit (15/20/25 MVA) (NPC = \$770,510.9)
- Alternative 2: Add a second transformer (7.5/10/12.5 MVA) in 50W substation in 2020 (NPC= \$ 770,420.6)
- Alternative 3: Add a second transformer (7.5/10/12.5 MVA) in 48W substation in 2020 and upgrade L-5539 (NPC = \$905,879.5)

The results of the analysis show that the cost of Alternative 1, *Replace transformer 50W-T53 in 2020 by a larger unit (15/20/25 MVA)* is most economic.

#### **Qualitative Analysis**

In the course of valuating the options for Milton substation 50W-T53, the future of L-5539 and 48W substation supplying the 4kV system needs to be considered.

Transformer 48W-T1 was conducted in 1965, and it is now 43 years old and has reached 108% of the average service life for 'Transmission Plant- Station Equipment'. According to the IOWA State Survivor Curve R2.5, and based on an average service life of 40 years, we can estimate that 48W-T1 will reach the end of its service life in 2016.

By this date, it will probably have to be replaced and scrapped. Besides the transformer, the 4kV switch gear is old and 4kV cables are also old. The question is, will the choice being made on the 25kV system now be impacted by the 4kV system alternatives? The three choices available for the 4kV system are:

- maintain the 69-4kV system by replacing transformer 48W-T1, switch gear and cables as they fail
- convert the 4kV system to 25kV and eliminate substation 48W or
- replace 48W-T1 with a 25-4kV transformer and maintain the substation as a step-down substation

If Alternative 3 in 50W study is chosen then there will be a long term commitment to keep L-5539 at 69kV. If Alternative 1 and 2 are chosen then the option for L-5539 would still be open.

Another option for L-5539 would be to utilize it as a future 25kV feeder from 50W, after we retire 48W substation as a 69kV-4kV source. We would also require a neutral conductor by then.

However, it was felt to be outside the scope of this study to evaluate the 4kV system options at this time. The only aspect being considered here is supplying 4kV load growth by the 25kV system to keep the load on 48W-T1 under mobile rating.

Alternative 1: Replace transformer 50W-T53 in 2020 by a larger unit (15/20/25 MVA)

This is the most economic scheme with the least capital work comparing with other solutions. The majority part of capital would be the new transformer unit. However, the existing transformer 50W-T53 is fairly new-installed (in 1987); we can put it into other substation after it is overloaded at 50W. Therefore salvage value has to be taken into account during the Economic Analysis for this alternative.

This option also has the least total system loss obtained from CYME.

Alternative 2: Add a second transformer (7.5/10/12.5 MVA) in 50W substation in 2020

This option requires a second transformer in 50W substation. In this option, each transformer supplies one feeder. Capital cost also includes a new circuit breaker and LV recloser, besides we have to build a new LV bus for the second feeder.

Total system loss obtained from CYME for this option is 69kW/year more than that of Alternative 1.

Alternative 3: Add a second transformer (7.5/10/12.5 MVA) in 48W substation in 2020 and upgrade L-5539

This alternative is similar to Alternative 2, but instead of installing the transformer in Milton substation, we will put it into Waterloo St. substation. The only reason for this scheme is that 48W is the location relatively closer to the load center for 50W distribution circuits than 50W substation.

Comparing with Alternative 1, the total system loss for this option is 63.3kW/year more.

Besides those three alternatives stated above, there is another assumption being considered as an alternative in this study, which is to build a new substation with a 15/20/25 MVA transformer on Highway #3 tapping off L-6047&6048 near Polsky Substation. In this case distribution system has less losses and better load balance performance. 50W-T53 and two feeders could be retired by then and load could also be supplied from the new 138kV substation instead. We can also retire L-5539 by replacing 48W-T1 by a 25 to 4 kV transformer when 48W-T1 comes to the end of its life. This option will improve system performance and reliability; also minimize the cost of maintenance. However, this option turns out infeasible due to several reasons:

- This is the option with the highest capital cost.
- 50W-412 is requested to supply Polsky with 2.5 MVA reserves when they lose 138kV L-6047&6048 supply. If we feed 50W feeders by new substation, they will have the same source, and there would be contingency criteria violation.
- Bowaters would be subject to distribution faults causing voltage dips.
- Line protection on L-6047&6048 have to be revised at a high cost.

L-6047 is two-terminal differential with relays at 50W and 101W while L-6048 is three-terminal differential with relays at 50W, 101W and 104W. For load current or faults external to the line the relays on the given line will communicate to each other the magnitude and phase angle of the currents entering and leaving the line. Under normal conditions, the phasor sum should be close to zero and all relays restrained. The relay settings and characteristics will allow for a certain error to account for CT performance and possibly tapped load on the line. For a fault on the line the phasor sum of currents detected by the relays will have a net value equal to the fault current. The relays will communicate that to each other and they will trip.

If we tap new load off these two lines, L-6047&6048 relays would see the tapped load as error current (unless we tap at the 104W bus downstream of the 138 kV breaker), and of course if a fault occurred on the feeders supplied by the tap transformer this fault current would be seen as an error current by the differential relays and they would trip.

#### 6.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

The foregoing economic analysis favours Alternative 1, which is to replace the existing transformer with a larger unit (15/20/25 MVA) in 50W substation in 2020. The capital project will solve the overload violation problems in Liverpool Area in the most economic manner over the next 15 years.

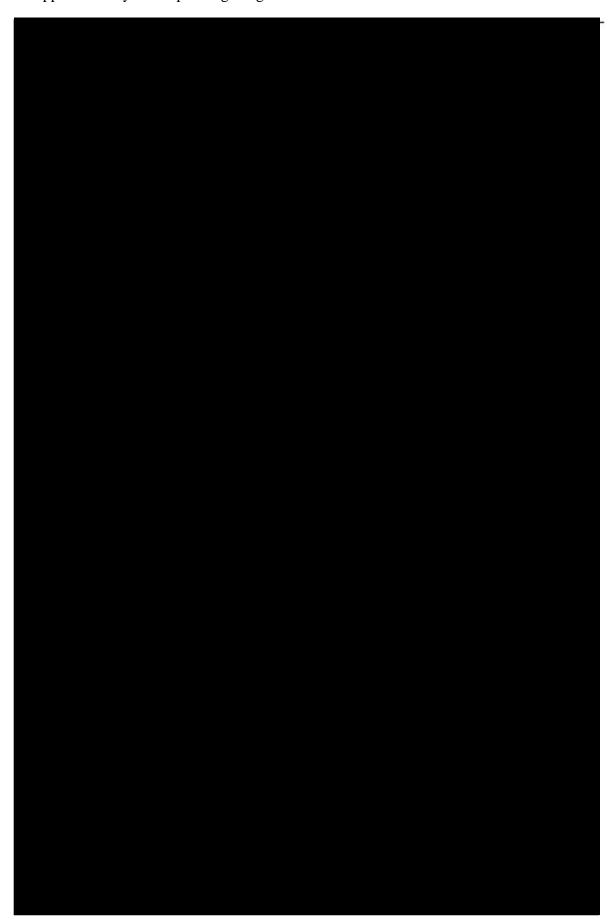
This option is recommended to replace the transformer as well as the low side switch. Two or Three pole expansions will also be required to strengthen aerial conductor between the transformer and 25kV bus structure. 336 ACSR aerial conductors would also need to be replaced by then.

Load transfer to feeder 50W-411 from 412 is recommended in 2018 when the feeder overload violation occurs on 50W-412. However, further planning study would be required to check the load profile again before implementing any recommendation within this study.

## APPENDIX A

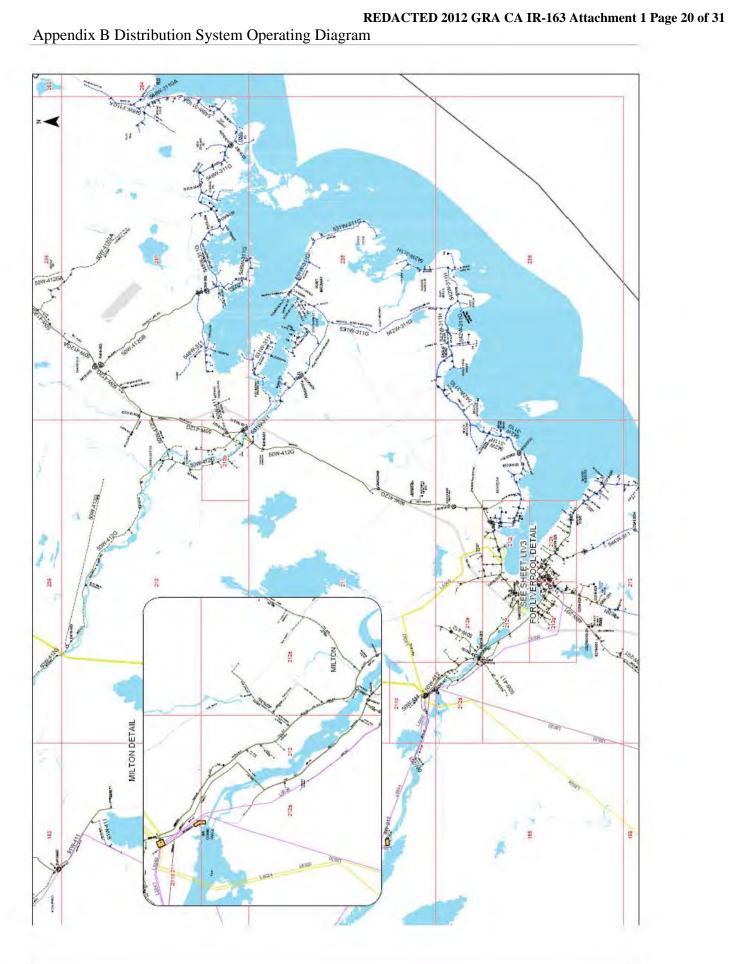
System Operating Diagram



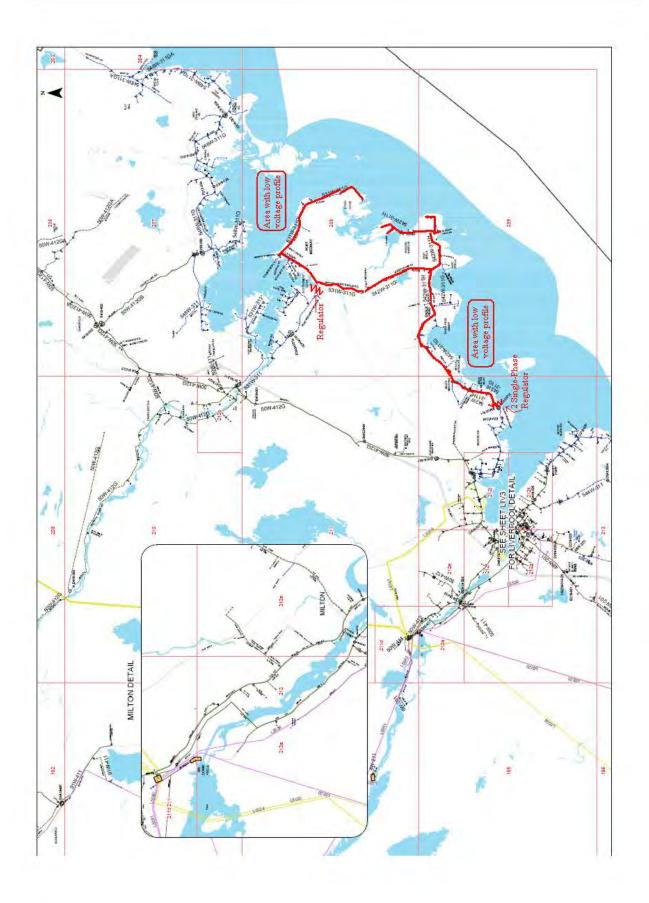


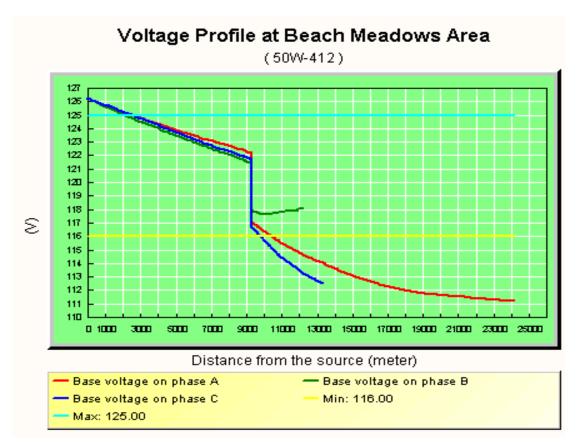
## APPENDIX B

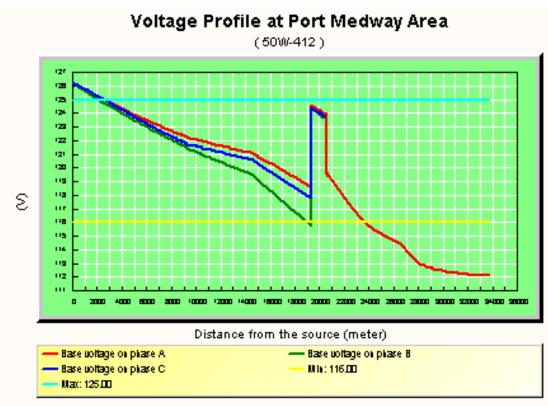
Distribution System Operating Diagram



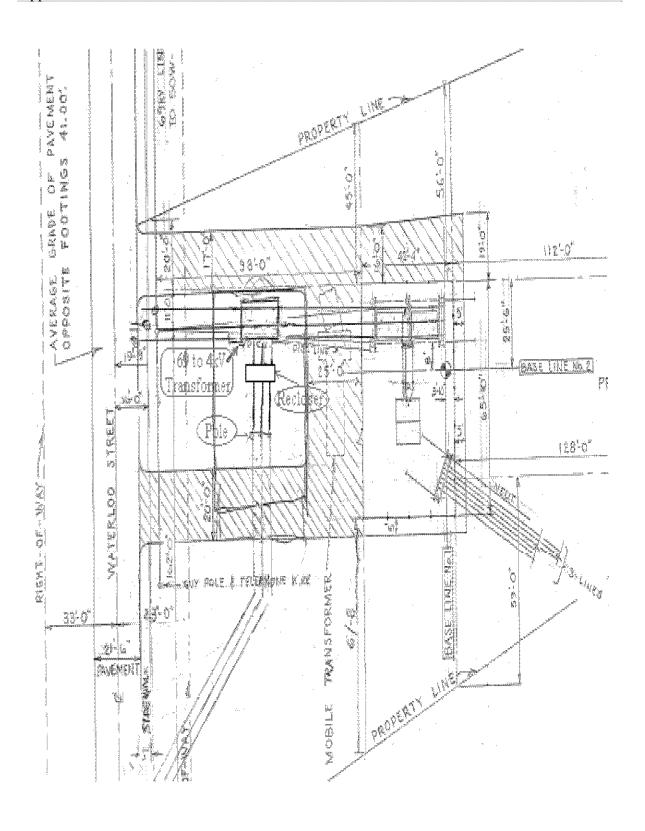
REDACTED 2012 GRA CA IR-163 Attachment 1 Page 21 of 31
Appendix C Recommendation of Voltage Regulators
APPENDIX C
Recommendation of Voltage Regulators







A 1' DO ' CAL 1' 2	REDACTED 2012 GRA CA IR-163 Attachment 1 Page 24 of 31
Appendix D Overview of Alternative 3	
APPENI	DIX D
Overview of A	lternative 3



	REDACTED 2012 GRA CA IR-163 Attachment 1 Page 26 of 31
Appendix E Economic Analysis	

## **APPENDIX E**

**Economic Analysis** 





#### Liverpool Area Distribution Planning Study Summary of Alternatives

Α	dmin:	Unlock
3	Admin:	Lock

Budget Year :	2009	Date:	3-Feb-09
Division :		CI Number:	
Department :		Project No. :	
Originator :		3:07 07:102	

	Alternative	After Tax WACC	PV of EVA / NPV	Rank	IRR	Disc Pay
A	Replace 50W-T53 with a larger unit in 2020	6.38%	-770,516	2	#NUM!	0.0 years
В	Add second transformer in 50VV and a new feeder bay in 2020	6.38%	-775,421	3	#NUM!	0.0 years
C	Add a new transformer in 48VV in 2020	6.38%	-905,880	4	#NUM!	0.0 years
D	Test 4	6.38%	0	1	#NUM!	0.0 years

#### Recommendation:

This study recommends replacing the transformer by a larger unit as well as the low side switch in 2016 when the overload violation occurs. Two or Three pole expansions will also be required to strengthen aerial conductor between the transformer and 25kV bus structure. 336 ACSR aerial conductors would need to be replaced by then, too

#### Notes/Comments:

#### Replace 50W-T53 with a larger unit in 2020

This option would require replacing the transformer as well as the low side switch. Two or Three pole expansions will also be required to strengthen aerial conductor between the transformer and 25kV bus structure. 336 ACSR aerial conductors would need to be replaced by then, too

#### Add second transformer in 50W and a new feeder bay in 2020

This option relies on installing a second transformer (7.5/10/12.5 MVA) in 50W substation with the existing 50W-T53 in service as well. In this alternative, a transformer bay will be expanded from 69kV Bus B2, new switches and a circuit breaker at high voltage side will also be purchased at the same time. Existing LV bus has to be isolated by installing new switches for two feeder exits, or a new LV bus structure would be built for the second feeder.

#### Add a new transformer in 48W in 2020

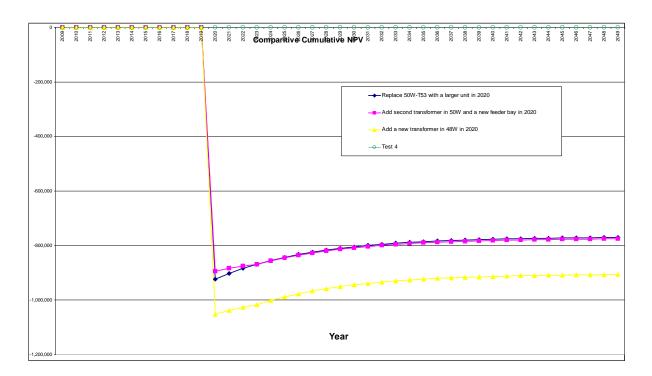
This option includes adding a second transformer (7.5/10/12.5 MVA) in 48W substation. In this alternative we have to purchase a new high voltage switch and a recloser as well as the transformer. The pole structure for 69kV before coming into the substation needs to be rebuilt for the new transformer horizontal bushing connection; besides, a set of poles as the feeder exit is also part of the capital work as well as three spans of pole expansions. Some transmission line up-grades and maintenance work would likely be done over next few years due to the ground clearance caused by additional load tapped off L-5539.

Test 4	

Total Revenue	evenue Operating Costs	Costs	Capital	CCA	CC	CFBT	Applicable Taxes	CFAT	Discount Factor	PV of CF	CNPV
		,		1	1	,			1,000	,	,
						ñ.			0.940		
		4					4		0000		
							· ·		0.00		
									0.734		
									0.690		
									0.000		
		*							0.640		
ě.									0.010		
									0.373		
i			To or o troop	To rot or	7 5 045 555 5						
			(1,844,948.b)	13,191.9	7.061,177,1	(1,844,948.b)		(1,822,071.3)		(923,081.9)	(923,081.9)
-				141,692.1	1,629,438.6		43,924.5	43,924.3		1.816,02	(502,763.2)
				130,356.7	1,499,101.9	7	40,410.6	40,410.6	0.448	18,091.5	(884,071.7)
				119,928.2	1,379,173.8		37,177.7	37,177.7	0.421	15,646.4	(868,425.3)
		4		110,333,9	1,268,839.9	,	34,203.5	34,203.5	0.396	13,531.8	(854,893.6)
				101,507.2	1.167.332.7		31.467.2	31.467.2	0.372	11,702.9	(843,190,6)
		-		93 386 6	1 073 946 1		86 976 86	28 949 9	0380	10 121 3	(833 D69 A)
				95 046 7	P 000 000		7 0 553 96	0 663 36	0.330	0 753 4	(0.545 ACO)
				7.016,00	966,030.4		Z6,633.9	6,650,02	675.0	6,733.4	(624,31b.
				79,042.4	0'886'806		24,503.2	24,503.2	0.309	7,570.3	(816,745.7)
				72,719.0	836,268.9		22,542.9	22,542.9	0.290	6,547.2	(810,198.5)
				66,901.5	769,367.4	ā	20,739.5	20,739.5	0.273	5,662.3	(804,536.1)
				61,549.4	707,818.0		19,080.3	19,080.3	0.257	4,897.1	(799,639.1)
				56,625.4	651,192.6		17,553.9 "	17,553.9	0.241	4,235.2 "	(795,403.9)
				52,095.4	599,097.2		16,149.6	16,149.6	, 1227	3,662.8	(791,741.1)
				47.927.8	551,169.4		14.857.6	14.857.6	0.213	3.167.8	(788.573.3)
				44,093.6	507,075.8		13,669.0	13,669.0	0.200	2,739.7	(785,833.6)
				40,566.1	466,509.8	,	12,575.5	12,575.5		2,369.4	(783,464.2)
				37.320.8	429,189.0	0	11,569.4	11,569.4		2.049.2	(781,415.1)
				34,335.1	394.853.9 "		10.643.9	10.643.9	0.167	1777.	(779,642.9)
				31,588.3	363,265.6	11	9.792.4	9.797.4	0.157	1,532.7	(7.8.110.2)
				29,061.2	334,204.3		0.600.6	0.600.6	0.147	1325.5	(776,784.6)
				76.736.3	307.468.0		8,288.3	8.288.3	0.138	1,146.4	775.638.20
				24 507 A	282 870 5		7 6363 7	7 635 2	0 130	0015	(774 646 8)
		*		22 629 6	260 240 9	-	7.0152	7.015.2	0.122	857.5	(773 789 3)
				20 849 3	239 424 6		6 454 0	6.454.0	0.115	7416	CT 7 0 677
				10 153 7 "	0.124,662		6,937.7	5 037 7	0.113	644.4	(7.2,406.4)
-				47 624 4	2070707		1.303.5	2,100,0	0.100	11111	74 064
				17,521.4	202,040.3		3,462.6	3,462.6	0.102	334.7	(1.163,177)
-				16,211./	186,434./		9.620,6	9,020,6	Cen'n	4/9.7	(1/1,3/2.0)
				14,914.8	171,520.0	1.	4,623.6	4,623.6	0.000	414.9	(770,957.1)
		16		13,721.6	157,798.4			5,230.7		441.2	(7.70,515.9)
			A SAA GAR GY	1 687 150 3	1 CUZ YCE UC	CH SAA GAR GY	5 500 563	14 220 OCK 41	7 37	770 EAE OV	U 3C3 UCP FC

Year	Total Revenue	Operating Costs	Capital	CCA	CC	CFBT	Applicable Taxes	CFAT	Discount Factor	PV of CF	CNPV
2009					ř.				1.000		
								,	0.540		
								1	0.004		
								. 1	0.781		
2014				-					0.734		
2015								4	0690		
2016								y	0.649	9	
								,	0.610		
2018			1						0.573		14
2019									0.539		
2020		(27,363.1)	(1,767,002.7)"	70,680.1	1,696,322.6	(1,794,365.9)		(1,763,972.5)		(893,648.4)	(893,648.4)
2021		(28,697.2)		135,705.8	1,560,616.8	(28,697.2)		22,267.7		10,604.8	(883,043.6)
2022		(30,093.9)		124,849.3	1,435,767.5	(30,093.9)		17,938.5	0.448	8,030.9	(875,012.7)
2023		(31,565.5)	k .	114,861.4	1,320,906.1	(31,565.5)	45,392.3	13,826.8	0.421	5,819.1	(869, 193.6)
2024				105,672.5	1,215,233.6		32,758.5	32,758.5	0.396	12,960.1	(856,233.5)
2025				97,218.7	1,118,014.9		30,137.8	30,137.8	0.372	11,208.5	(845,025.0)
2026			1	89,441.2 "	1,028,573.7		27,726.8	27,726.8	0.350	7.869.6	(835,331.3)
2027				82,285.9	946,287.8		25,508.6	25,508.6	0.329	8,383.5	(826,947.8)
2028				75,703.0 "	870,584.8		23,467.9	23,467.9	0:308	7,250.5	(819,697.3)
2029				69,646.8	800,938.0		21,590.5	21,590.5	0.290	6,270.6	(813,426.7)
2030				64,075.0	736,863.0		19,863.3	19,863,3	0.273	5,423.1	(808,003.6)
2031				58,949.0	677,913.9		18,274.2	18,274.2	0.257	4,690.2	(803,313.4)
2032	4			54,233.1	623,680.8		16,812.3	16,812.3		4,056.3	(799,257.2)
2033				49,894.5	573,786.4		15,467.3	15,467.3		3,508.1	(795,749.1)
2034				45,902.9	527,883.4		14,229.9	14,229.9		3,034.0	(192,715.1)
2035				42,230.7	485,652.8		13,091.5	13,091.5		2,623.9	(790,091.2)
2036				38,852.2	446,800.5		12,044.2	12,044.2		2,269.3	(787,821.9)
2037				35,744.0	411,056.5		11,080.7	11,080.7		1,962.6	(785,859.4)
2038				32,884.5	378,172.0		10,194.2	10,194.2		1,697.3	(784,162.0)
2039				30,253.8	347,918.2		9,378.7	9,378.7		1,467.9	(782,694.1)
2040	4	3	•	27,833.5	320,084.8		8,628.4	8,628.4	0.147	1,269.5	(781,424.5)
2041		3	15	25,606.8	294,478.0	4	7,938.1	7,938.1	0.138	1,098.0	(780,326.6)
2042	9	54-		23,558.2	270,919.7	9	7,303.1	7,303.1	0.130	949.6	(0.778,377.0)
2043	*	A.	4	21,673.6	249,246,2	1	6,718.8	6,718.8	0.122	821.2	(7.855.7)
	-1	3	,	19,939.7	229,306.5	3	6,181,3	6,181,3	0.115	710.2	(777,845.5)
2045		7		18,344.5	210,962.0	,	2,686.8	5,686.8		614.3	(277,231.2)
2046		4.	4	16,877.0	194,085.0		5,231.9	5,231.9		531.2	(776,700.0)
2047	- 4		ø	15,526.8	178,558.2	4	4,813,3	4,813.3		429.4	(776,240.6)
2048	,		٠	14,284.7	164,273.5	i)	4,428.2	4,428.2		397.3	(775,843.2)
2049			14)	13,141.9	151,131.7	- 1	2,009.7	5,009.7	0.084	422.6	(775,420.6)
				The state of the s							

Total Revenue	Operating Costs	Capital	CCA	CC	CFBT	Applicable Taxes	CFAT	Discount Factor	PV of CF	CNPV
•				27.				1.000		
		*		*		*		0.940		•
5.0					. 0			0.004		
,								0.781		
						£ 100 m	4	0.734		i a
		•					-	0.690		
								0.649		
			•					0.610		. ,
								0.573		
								0.539		
	(25.333.8)	(2.086.063.8)	83.442.6	2.002.621.2	0.111,397.61	33.720.7	0.77.677.00	2050	(1.052.574.6)	(1.052.574.6)
	(96,559.6)		160,209.7	1.842,411.5	08,559.61		31.338.9	0.476		(1.037.649.8)
	(27.848.2)		147 392 9	1.695.018.6	(27 848 2)		26.476.6	0.448	11.853.4	1,025,796.4
	(29 200 4)		135 601 5	1 559 417.1	79 200 A)		21 888 2	0.424	92117	(1 016 584 7
10-4			124.753.4	1.434.663.8	,	38.673.5	38.673.5	0.396	15,300.2	(1.001.284.5)
			114,773.1	1,319,890.7		35.579.7	35,579.7	0.372	13,232.4	1.688.052.1
			105,591.3	1,214,299.4		32.733.3	32,733,3	0,350	11,444.0	1,809,926
		*	97,144.0	1,117,155.4		30,114.6	30,114.6	0.329	9,897.3	7.017.00
-1			89,372.4	1,027,783.0		27,705.5	27,705.5	0.308		(958,151.0
1			82,222.6	945,560.4	-	25,489.0	25,489.0	0.290		(950,748.2)
- 3.			75,644.8	869,915.5	×	23,449.9 "	23,449.9	0.273	6,402.3	(944,345.9)
			69,593.2	800,322.3		21,573.9 "	21,573.9	0.257	5,537.1	(938,808.8)
18			64,025.8	736,296.5	a	19,848.0	19,848.0	0.241	4,788.7	(934,020.1)
1			58,903.7	677,392.8		18,260.2	18,260.2	0.227	-	(929,878.6)
- 10			54,191.4	623,201.4	-	16,799.3	16,799.3	0.213		(926,296.8)
1			49,856.1	573,345.3	8	15,455.4	15,455.4	0.200		(923, 199.1)
			45,867.6	527,477.6		14,219.0	14,219.0	0.188		(920,520.1)
			42,198.2	485,279.4	2	13,081.4	13,081.4	0.177	2,317.0	(918,203.1)
			38,822.4	446,457.1		12,034.9	12,034.9	0.167	2,003.8	(916, 199.3)
T.			35,716.6	410,740.5	.,	11,072.1	11,072.1	0.157	1,733.0	(914,466.3)
1			32,859.2	377,881.3	. 0	10,186.4	10,186.4	0.147	1,498.8	(912,967.5)
			30,230.5	347,650.8		9,371.5	9,371.5	0.138	1,296.2	(911,671.3)
			27,812.1	319,838.7		8,621.7	8,621.7	0.130	1,121,0	(910,550.3)
			25,587.1	294,251.6		7,932.0	7,932.0	0.122	2 696	7.085,600)
			23,540.1	270,711.5		7,297.4	7,297.4	0.115	838.5	(908,742.2)
1			21,656.9	249,054.6		6,713.6	6,713.6	0.108	725.2	(1.710,806)
,			19,924.4	229,130.2	¥.	6,176.6	6,176.6	0.102	627.2	(6.685,706)
,			18,330.4	210,799.8		5,682.4	5,682.4	960'0	. 0	(906,847.5)
4			16,864.0	193,935.8		5,227.8	5,227.8	0.000	469.1	(906,378.4)



#### **CONFIDENTIAL** (Attachment Only)

1	Reque	est IR-164:
2		
3	With	regard to IR CA-25a, for each existing NSPI unit, please provide:
4		
5	(a)	The 10-minute load-following capacity provided by the unit.
6		
7	<b>(b)</b>	The unit's ramp rate up and ramp rate down.
8		
9	Respo	onse IR-164:
10		
11	(a-b)	NSPI does not distinguish between the rate of ramping up and the rate of ramping down.
12		Please refer to Confidential Attachment 1.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-164 Page 1 of 1

#### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Request IR-165:
2	
3	Please provide "NSPI's 10 Year Outlook Report."
1	
5	Response IR-165:
5	
7	The report can be found on the NSPI OASIS web site at the following link.
3	
)	http://oasis.nspower.ca/en/home/default/forecastsandassessments.aspx

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-165 Page 1 of 1

#### REDACTED

1	Requ	nest IR-166:
2		
3	Pleas	e provide all available documentation of NSPI's "wind forecasting model" (IR CA-
4	25h),	including
5		
6	(a)	A description of the development of the model, including the names of any
7		contractors, the dates of contract issuance and contractor work product delivery.
8		
9	<b>(b)</b>	A full description of the data sources used for the model,
10		
11	(c)	All available comparisons of actual and forecast values.
12		
13	Resp	onse IR-166:
14		
15	(a)	The model was developed in-house by Nova Scotia Power. The basis of the model is
16		forecasted wind speed and wind direction as it is relates to a point on the manufacture
17		supplied efficiency curve of the specified wind generator. This gives a forecast MW
18		output. Multiplying this output by the number of turbines operating at a given wind farm
19		gives a forecast in MWs for each wind farm. The model was originally built in Excel. In
20		2010, it was ported into a Java scripted program.
21		
22	(b)	Data sources for the model include the forecasted wind speed and wind direction. This is
23		provided by
24		
25	(c)	Please refer to Attachment 1, filed electronically.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-166 Page 1 of 1

#### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Request IR-167:
2	
3	Question CA-30 requested an explanation of why NSPI "assigned [wind assets] 30% to 3CF
4	demand and the remaining plant to energy." The response simply restates the question less
5	clearly. Please explain why NSPI decided that 30% (and not more or less) of wind assets
6	should be classified to 3CP demand and 70% to energy.
7	
8	Response IR-167:
9	
10	Please refer to part a of UARB IR-73 from the 2007 rate case provided in Attachment 1.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-167 Page 1 of 1

2007 NSUARB-P-886

#### NOVA SCOTIA UTILITY AND REVIEW BOARD

**IN THE MATTER OF:** The *Public Utilities Act*, R.S.N.S. 1989, c.380 as amended

**IN THE MATTER OF:** An Application by Nova Scotia Power Incorporated for Approval

of Certain Revisions to its Rates, Charges and Regulations

#### RESPONSE TO INFORMATION REQUEST

TO: NSPI

FROM: UARB

#### **Question IR-73:** Appendix G

- a. Page 5, (last line but one): Provide an explanation of why wind assets are assigned 30% to 3CP demand and the remaining plant to energy.
- b. Exhibit 7: Why isn't line 17 the same as Appendix A, Table 2, line 5, column 5?
- c. Exhibit 9A, line 8: Column 2 shows energy sales of 2,076.1 GW.h, the same value as used by NSPI in the ELIIR-2 hearing (P-883) for the cost of service study in SEB IR-1a. Column 6 shows a coincident demand of 264,400 KW versus the SEB IR-1a value of 247,000 KW. This results in a drop in customer load factor from 95.85% in SEB IR-1a to 89.64% in the present filing. Please provide an explanation for the higher peak demand forecast for this customer in the present filing while leaving energy sales constant between the two cost of service studies.

#### **Response IR-73:**

a. Wind energy is a variable resource. In Nova Scotia, the current installed wind generation has generally achieved approximately a 30 percent capacity factor, compared to nameplate rating. NSPI has used these results in the Cost of Service Study to assign 30 percent of wind assets to demand, with the remainder being assigned to energy.

2007 NSUARB-P-886

#### NOVA SCOTIA UTILITY AND REVIEW BOARD

**IN THE MATTER OF:** The *Public Utilities Act*, R.S.N.S. 1989, c.380 as amended

**IN THE MATTER OF:** An Application by Nova Scotia Power Incorporated for Approval

of Certain Revisions to its Rates, Charges and Regulations

#### RESPONSE TO INFORMATION REQUEST

TO: NSPI

FROM: UARB

#### **Response IR-73:** (cont'd)

- b. The difference between Non-Rate Revenue of \$9.3 million in Exhibit 7, line 17 and Misc. Revenue of \$10.8 million in Table 2, line 5 of Appendix A is associated with \$1.5 million in Retail Sales. This Retail Sales figure when netted against Cost of Goods Sold of \$1.1 million in Table 2, line 10 of Appendix A results in a credit of \$0.4 million that is identified in Exhibit 4, Line 24 of Appendix G.
- c. The demand of 264,400 kW for 2007 is based on 2005 actual load shape information that was not available in the P-883 hearing.

DATE FILED: November 20, 2006

#### REDACTED

1	Request IR-168:
2	
3	CA IR-35 Attachment 1 shows a number of distribution step down substations (e.g., 3C,
4	11C, 13C, 46C, 47C, 52V, 53V, 41V, 48V) that are not listed in CA IR-36 Attachment 1.
5	Please provide the data requested in CA IR-36 for each of the remaining step down
6	substations shown on CA IR-35 Attachment 1.
7	
8	Response IR-168:
9	
10	The response to this request is confidential.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-168 Page 1 of 1

#### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Request IR-169:
2	
3	In the legend of CA IR-35 Attachment 1, the thinnest gray or black lines are identified as
4	"26 kV & below." Is this category the color of the lines from 85S to 94S and 95S, or the
5	lighter color of the numerous lines, such as those from 95S to 73S?
6	
7	(a) If the lighter lines are not the 26 kV and below transmission, are they primary
8	circuits, roads, or something else?
9	
10	(b) If the lighter lines are not transmission lines, please explain the nature of the
11	distribution step down substations (such as 33V, 41V, 48V, 102C, 64C, 65S, 61S,
12	56W, 90W and 49W) that are not shown as being connected or close to any other
13	lines.
14	
15	Response IR-169:
16	
17	CA IR-35 requested a map of NSPI's transmission system. The legend "26 kV and below" on
18	this map is to identify only facilities operating at this voltage that are classified as transmission.
19	To display only the transmission facilities, the distribution facility layer of the provincial map
20	was turned off. However, some of the distribution step-down stations - those which provide
21	transformation between two distribution voltages - and some currently retired substations did not
22	get turned off.
23	
24	The lines connecting 85S to 94S and 95S are part of the Hydro Generation system in that area
25	and are classified as transmission along with 85S although they operate at 25 kV.
26	
27	(a) The lighter lines shown are roads.
28	

#### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	(b)	41V, 48V, and 102C are customer owned stations connected to NSPI's distribution
2		system and should not have appeared on this map as NSPI transmission facilities. 61S
3		and 65S are distribution step-downs that should not have appeared on the map as
4		transmission facilities and 33V, 64C, 56W, 49W, and 90W are retired substations.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-169 Page 2 of 2

#### **NON-CONFIDENTIAL**

1 **Request IR-170:** 2 3 Exhibit 3B to the COSS shows costs of dedicated substations that are direct-assigned to 4 specific classes. CA IR-36 Attachment 1 states that "Dedicated customer transformers are 5 not included" in that attachment. Both these sources thus indicate that NSPI can identify 6 the dedicated substations. Yet CA IR-37 claims that NSPI does not know which substations 7 are dedicated, or what classes they are dedicated to. Please reconcile these statements. 8 9 Response IR-170: 10 CA IR-36 references dedicated customer transformers, whereas CA IR-37 is referencing 11 12 dedicated substations. These are two different components of NSPI's infrastructure. The 13 exclusion of dedicated transformers from the substation list, included in the response to CA IR-14 36, does not imply that the list comes short of dedicated substations. 15 16 NSPI did not retrieve and repeat the basis of each of the elements of the Cost of Service Study 17 for this proceeding, many of which were approved by the Board in its 1995 Decision and have 18 since been used repeatedly in general rate applications and FAM processes. The work to 19 produce a list of dedicated customer substations and transformers and to identify customers who 20 use dedicated substations would require further data research and analysis which cannot be 21 completed in the time allotted for responding to Information Requests. This effort may be of 22 interest in a review of the Cost of Service Study in a separate proceeding, which has been 23 routinely opposed by the Consumer Advocate.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-170 Page 1 of 1

#### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Request IR-171:
2	
3	CA IR-38 requested an explanation of the difference between "bulk power" and "general"
4	distribution substations as those terms are used in Exhibit 3B to the COSS. The response
5	does not explain this distinction. Please provide the requested explanation or state that the
6	distinction is meaningless.
7	
8	Response IR-171:
9	
10	Since filing the response to CA IR-38, NSPI has retrieved archived materials from earlier
11	regulatory proceedings which contained the explanation of the difference between "bulk power"
12	and "general" distribution substations for cost of service purposes. Please refer to Attachment
13	1 <sup>1</sup> . To NSPI's knowledge, this question has not been posed in a general rate application since
14	1989.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Rate Case 1989, response to IR

#### NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

### RATE CASE 1989 RESPONSE TO INFORMATION REQUESTS

#### Question 211. Cost of Service Study

#### In AED-3A:

- (a) What is the difference between "Bulk Power" (columns 2 and 3) and "General" (columns 4 and 5).
- (b) Were the totals (Line 1) obtained by analysis of asset accounts?
- Response 211. (a) Bulk Power is a substation category which represents that transformation from transmission voltage (69 kV or higher) to distribution voltage (below 69 kV).

"General" represents the substation category for transformations from one distribution voltage to a lower distribution voltage.

(b) Yes they were.

#### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Request IR-172:
2	
3	The response to CA IR-38 says that "For the COSS purposes the rate base associated with
4	the distribution substations has been split among the four categoriesusing the same
5	proration approach since the last COSS hearing was held in 1995." Does this mean that
6	the approach has been applied to the actual costs of the changing mix of dedicated and
7	bulk distribution substations over time, that the same percentages have been used since
8	1995, or something else (and if so, what)?
9	
10	Response IR-172:
11	
12	The estimated percentages have changed as a result of applying the following approach:
13	
14	The total distribution substation plant is segregated into the following six categories:
15	
16	A - Distribution Bulk Power
17	
18	B - Distribution Dedicated Bulk Power
19	
20	C - Distribution Customer Own Bulk Power
21	
22	D - Distribution General
23	
24	E - Distribution Dedicated General
25	
26	F - Distribution Customer Own General
27	
28	NSPI has kept the gross plant values for categories B, C, E and F at constant dollar levels since
29	1996 and calculated their annual net plant values based on periodically updated depreciation

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-172 Page 1 of 2

#### **NON-CONFIDENTIAL**

- 1 rates. The annual net plant values of the two main categories A and D are modified to balance
- with the total net plant book value of all distribution substations. The modifications of A and D
- 3 are put into effect by applying on an annual basis periodically updated depreciation rates to the
- 4 estimates of gross plant values of A and D whose relative shares in the total gross plant value of
- 5 all distribution substations, as simulated in these calculations, remain at approximately the same
- 6 levels of 77 percent and 16 percent, respectively.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-172 Page 2 of 2

#### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Request IR-173:
2	
3	CA IR-41 asked NSPI to identify the existing transmission facilities that "are required
4	primarily to connect one or more generator to the transmission system, and the cost of
5	those facilities." The response referred generally to the costs that might be incurred to
6	interconnect hypothetical future facilities. Please provide the data requested in CA IR-41.
7	
8	Response IR-173:
9	
10	Please refer to CA IR-174.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-173 Page 1 of 1

#### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Request IR-174:
2	
3	CA IR-42 asked NSPI to identify the existing transmission facilities "that are required
4	primarily to transfer power from generation in the eastern portion of the province to load
5	in the Halifax area, and the cost of those facilities." The response referred generally to the
6	costs that might be incurred to "increase east to west energy flows." Please provide the
7	data requested in CA IR-42.
8	
9	Response IR-174:
10	
11	NSPI has not compiled this specific information in preparation for this Application.
12	
13	The NSUARB report on the Nova Scotia Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT) can be
14	viewed at NSPI offices. Section 5 addresses the cost allocations and revenue requirements
15	associated with the existing transmission facilities in Nova Scotia. This large attachment is
16	available electronically upon request.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-174 Page 1 of 1

#### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Request IR-175:
2	
3	Please provide the exhibits cited in CA IR-45 Attachment 1.
4	
5	Response IR-175:
6	
7	Please refer to Attachment 1.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-175 Page 1 of 1

## NOVA SCOTIA POWER INC. COST OF SERVICE STUDY ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993 REFERENCE GUIDE

REVENUE TO EXPENSE COMPARISON	<u>EXHIBIT</u> AED-1
RATE BASE ANALYSIS	AED-2
ALLOCATION OF RATE BASE	AED-3
ANALYSIS OF DISTRIBUTION SUBSTATION PLANT	AED-3A
ANALYSIS OF POLE INVESTMENT	AED-3B
ALLOCATION OF POLE INVESTMENT	AED-3C
ANALYSIS OF WIRE INVESTMENT	AED-3D
ALLOCATION OF WIRE INVESTMENT	AED-3E
ANALYSIS OF METER INVESTMENT	AED-3F
FUNCTIONALIZATION OF OPERATING EXPENSES	AED-4
CLASSIFICATION OF OPERATING EXPENSES	AED-5
ALLOCATION OF OPERATING EXPENSES	AED-6
ALLOCATION OF DISTRIBUTION OPERATING EXPENSES	AED-6A
ALLOCATION OF DISTRIBUTION - CUSTOMER SERVICE EXPENSES	AED-6B
ALLOCATION OF CREDIT & COLLECTION EXPENSES	AED-6C
ALLOCATION OF DEPRECIATION EXPENSES	AED-6D
REVENUE ANALYSIS	AED-7
DEVELOPMENT OF ALLOCATION FACTORS	AED-8A & 8B
SALES, GENERATION AND DEMAND ANALYSIS	AED-9A
DETERMINATION OF CLASS NON-COIN. KW DEMAND BY VOLTAGE LEVEL	AED-9B
DETERMINATION OF AVERAGE AND EXCESS DEMAND ALLOCATION FACTORS	AED-9C
DEVENUE TO EXPENSE COMPARISON	AFD-10

# NOVA SCOTIA POWER INC. SUMMARY OF REVENUE TO EXPENSE RECOVERY AVERAGE AND EXCESS METHODOLOGY FOR THE YEARS AS INDICATED

EXHIBIT AED-1

	(1)  ACTUAL  FOR THE 12 MTHS.  ENDED  MARCH 1992	(2) PRESENT RATES FORECAST FOR THE 12 MTHS. ENDING DECEMBER 1993	(3) PROPOSED RATES FORECAST FOR THE 12 MTHS. ENDING DECEMBER 1993
( 1) DOMESTIC	92	93	93
( 2) SMALL GENERAL	97	101	101
(3) GENERAL	108	108	107
( 4) LARGE GENERAL	103	100	100
( 5) SMALL INDUSTRIAL	127	125	125
( 6) MEDIUM INDUSTRIA	L 119	117	117
( 7) LARGE INDUSTRIAL	111	105	106
(8) INTERRUPTIBLE	105	101	101
( 9) MUNICIPAL	106	103	103
(10) UNMETERED	97	102	103
(11) TOTAL COMPANY	100	100	100

#### EXHIBIT AED-2

#### RATE BASE ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

	(1) TOTAL <u>COMPANY</u>	(2) <u>UNALLOCATED</u>	(3) TOTAL TO BE <u>ALLOCATED</u>
PRODUCTION PLANT			
( 1) STEAM ( 2) HYDRO ( 3) GAS TURBINE	\$1,095,706 188,527 <u>9,931</u>	\$0 10,306 <u>0</u>	\$1,095,706 178,221 <u>9,931</u>
( 4) TOTAL PROD. PLANT	1,294,164	10,306	1,283,858
( 5) TRANSMISSION PLANT	325,208	0	325,208
DISTRIBUTION PLANT			
( 6) LAND ( 7) EASEMENTS & SURVEY ( 8) OTHER ( 9) SUBSTATIONS (10) POLES & FIXTURES (11) O.H. LINES (12) U.G. LINES (13) LINE TRANSFORMERS (14) SERVICES (15) METERS (16) STREET LIGHTING (17) TOTAL DIST. PLANT (18) GEN. PROPERTY PLANT (19) TOT. PLT. IN SERVICE	1,303 5,165 22 58,269 155,068 81,046 16,918 117,224 47,611 21,887 19,582 524,095 102,982 2,246,449	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1,303 5,165 22 58,269 155,068 81,046 16,918 117,224 47,611 21,887 19,582 524,095 102,982 2,236,143
WORKING CAPITAL			
(20) CASH - FUEL (21) CASH - OTHER (22) MAT. & SUP FUEL (23) MAT. & SUP OTHER	4,668 3,165 40,879 31,553	0 146 0 <u>0</u>	4,668 3,019 40,879 <u>31,553</u>
(24) TOT. WORKING CAPITAL	80,265	146	80,119
(25) TOTAL RATE BASE	<u>\$2,326,714</u>	<u>\$10,452</u>	\$2,316,262

#### ALLOCATION OF RATE BASE

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

	(1) TOTAL	(2)	(3) SMALL	(4)	(5) LARGE	(6) SMALL	(7) MEDIUM	(8) LARGE	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12) ALLOCATION
•	COMPANY	DOMESTIC	GENERAL	GENERAL	GENERAL	INDUSTRIAL	INDUSTRIAL	INDUSTRIAL	INTERRUPTIBLE	MUNICIPAL	UNMETERED	FACTOR
PRODUCTION PLANT												
( 1) STEAM	\$1,095,706	\$517,830	\$15,340	\$318,850	\$26,626	\$18,737	\$44,924	\$41,308	\$68,701	\$29,584	\$13,806	D-3
( 2) HYDRO	178,221	84,227	2,495	51,862	4,331	3,048	7,307	6,719	11,174	4,812	2,246	D-3
( 3) GAS TURBINE	9,931	5,303	182	3,225	180	148	282	243	<u>o</u>	224	144	D-4
( 4) TOTAL PROD. PLANT	1,283,858	607,360	18,017	373,937	31,137	21,933	52,513	48,270	79,875	34,620	16,196	
( 5) TRANSMISSION PLANT	325,208	153,691	4,553	94,636	7,903	5,561	13,334	12,260	20,391	8,781	4,098	D-3
DISTRIBUTION PLANT						•-						
( 6) LAND	1,303	844	30	328	20	19	35	5	2	1	19	P-2
( 7) EASEMENTS & SURVEY	5,165	3,347	120	1,300	79	75	139	19	6	6	74	P-2
( 8) OTHER	22	14	1	6	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	P-2
( 9) SUBSTATIONS	58,269	30,350	919	18,813	1,522	1,068	3,021	1,080	353	330	813	EXHIBIT 3A
(10) POLES & FIXTURES	155,068	105,371	3,882	36,280	1,967	2,103	3,212	0	0	О	2,253	EXHIBIT 3C
(11) O.H. LINES	81,046	55,073	2,030	18,961	1,028	1,098	1,679	0	0	0	1,177	EXHIBIT 3E
(12) U.G. LINES	16,918	11,496	423	3,959	215	230	350	0.	. 0	0	<b>245</b>	P-1
(13) LINE TRANSFORMERS	117,224	70,100	2,122	40,899	0	2,227	0	0	0	0	1,876	D-1
(14) SERVICES	47,611	37,137	1,647	8,118	0.	671	0	0	38	0	0	C-2
(15) METERS	21,887	18,002	799	2,574	7	278	166	11	46	4	. 0	EXHIBIT 3F
(16) STREET LIGHTING	19,582	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	19,582	DIRECT
(17) TOTAL DIST. PLANT	524,095	331,734	11,973	131,238	4,838	7,769	8,603	1,115	445	341	26,039	
(18) GEN. PROPERTY PLANT	102,982	52,758	1,668	28,959	2,121	1,699	3,594	2,976	4,861	2,111	2,235	P-6
(19) TOT.PLT.IN SERVICE	2,236,143	1,145,543	36,211	628,770	45,999	36,962	78,044	64,621	105,572	45,853	48,568	
WORKING CAPITAL				1 041			555		510			- 1
(20) CASH - FUEL	4,668	1,993	50	1,241	135	87	235	222	512	141	52	E-1
(21) CASH - OTHER	3,019	1,676	59	725	52	46	88	69	123	49	132	0-4
(22) MAT. & SUP FUEL	40,879	17,448	441	10,866	1,185	764	2,060	1,942	4,480	1,235	458	E-1
(23) MAT. & SUP OTHER		16,164	<u>511</u>	8,873	<u>650</u>	<u>521</u>	1,101	912	1,489	<u>647</u>	685	P-6
(24) TOT.WORKING CAPITAL	. 80,119	37,281	1,061	21,705	2,022	1,418	3,484	3,145	6,604	2,072	1,327	
					440.00-	4		407 707		447 00-		
(25) TOTAL RATE BASE	\$2,316,262	\$1,182,824	\$37,272	\$650,475	\$48,021	\$38,380	\$81,528	<u>\$67,766</u>	<u>\$112,176</u>	<u>\$47,925</u>	<u>\$49,895</u>	

#### **EXHIBIT AED-3A**

#### ANALYSIS OF DISTRIBUTION SUBSTATION PLANT

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

		(1) TOTAL <u>PLANT</u>	(2) DISTRIBUTION BULK POWER	(3) DIST. DED. BULK POWER	(4) DISTRIBUTION <u>GENERAL</u>	(5) DIST.DED. <u>GENERAL</u>
(1)	TOT.DIST. SUBSTS.	<u>\$58,269</u>	<u>\$51,240</u>	<u>\$1,887</u>	<u>\$4,479</u>	<u>\$663</u>
<u>!</u>	ALLOCATION		•			
(2)	DOMESTIC	30,350	27,911	0	2,439	0
(3)	SMALL GENERAL	919	845	0	74	0
(4)	GENERAL	18,813	17,160	85	1,500	68
(5)	LARGE GENERAL	1,522	1,368	0	120	34
(6)	SMALL INDUSTRIAL	1,068	979	0	86	3
(7)	MEDIUM INDUSTRIAL	3,021	2,229	453	195	144
(8)	LARGE INDUSTRIAL	1,080	0	1,080	0	0
(9)	INTERRUPTIBLE	353	0	164	0	189
(10)	MUNICIPAL	330	0	105	0	225
(11)	UNMETERED	<u>813</u>	<u>748</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>0</u>
(12)	TOTAL	<u>\$58,269</u>	<u>\$51,240</u>	<u>\$1,887</u>	<u>\$4,479</u>	<u>\$663</u>
(13)	ALLOCATION FACTOR		D-2	DIRECT	D-2	DIRECT

EXHIBIT AED-3B

#### ANALYSIS OF POLE INVESTMENT

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

#### (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

	(1) TOTAL <u>PLANT</u>	(2) PRIMARY <u>DEMAND</u>	(3) PRIMARY CUSTOMER	(4) SECONDARY <u>DEMAND</u>	(5) SECONDARY <u>CUSTOMER</u>
( 1) TOTAL NET POLE COST	\$155,068	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
( 2) PRIMARY ONLY (30%)	46,520	46,520	0	0	0
( 3) JOINT - PRI. (1)	54,274	27,137	27,137	0	0
( 4) JOINT - SEC. (1)	<u>54,274</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	27,137	27,137
(5) TOTAL	<u>\$155,068</u>	<u>\$73,657</u>	<u>\$27,137</u>	<u>\$27,137</u>	<u>\$27,137</u>

(1) DEMAND COST - 50%

CUSTOMER COST - 50%

EXHIBIT AED-3C

#### ALLOCATION OF POLE INVESTMENT

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

		(1) TOTAL <u>PLANT</u>	(2) PRIMARY <u>DEMAND</u>	(3) PRIMARY <u>CUSTOMER</u>	(4) SECONDARY <u>DEMAND</u>	(5) SECONDARY <u>CUSTOMER</u>
(1)	DOMESTIC	\$105,371	\$40,121	\$24,507	\$16,228	\$24,515
(2)	SMALL GENERAL	3,882	1,215	1,088	491	1,088
(3)	GENERAL	36,280	24,668	1,072	9,468	1,072
(4)	LARGE GENERAL	1,967	1,967	. 0	0	0
(5)	SMALL INDUSTRIAL	2,103	1,407	90	516	90
(6)	MEDIUM INDUSTRIAL	3,212	3,204	8	0	0
(7)	LARGE INDUSTRIAL	0	0	0	0	0
(8)	INTERRUPTIBLE	0	0	0	0	0
(9)	MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0
(10)	UNMETERED	2,253	1,075	<u>372</u>	<u>434</u>	<u>372</u>
				,		
(11)	TOTAL	<u>\$155,068</u>	<u>\$73,657</u>	<u>\$27,137</u>	<u>\$27,137</u>	<u>\$27,137</u>
		•				
(12)	ALLOCATION FACTOR		D-2	C-5	D-1	C-4

EXHIBIT AED-3D

#### ANALYSIS OF WIRE INVESTMENT

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

#### (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

	(1) TOTAL <u>PLANT</u>	(2) PRIMARY <u>DEMAND</u>	(3) PRIMARY CUSTOMER	(4) SECONDARY <u>DEMAND</u>	(5) SECONDARY <u>CUSTOMER</u>
( 1) TOTAL NET WIRE COST	\$81,046	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
( 2) PRIMARY ONLY (30%)	24,314	24,314	0	0	0
( 3) JOINT - PRI. (1)	28,366	14,183	14,183	0	0
( 4) JOINT - SEC. (1)	28,366	<u>0</u>	0	<u>14,183</u>	14,183
( 5) TOTAL	<u>\$81,046</u>	<u>\$38,497</u>	<u>\$14,183</u>	<u>\$14,183</u>	<u>\$14,183</u>

(1) DEMAND COST - 50%

CUSTOMER COST - 50%

# NOVA SCOTIA POWER INC. ALLOCATION OF WIRE INVESTMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

EXHIBIT AED-3E

/TN	<b>THOUSANDS</b>	ΩF	DOLLARS)
/ TIA	HIDOSANDS	OI.	DULLANS

	(1) TOTAL <u>PLANT</u>	(2) PRIMARY <u>DEMAND</u>	(3) PRIMARY <u>CUSTOMER</u>	(4) SECONDARY <u>DEMAND</u>	(5) SECONDARY <u>CUSTOMER</u>
		•			
( 1) DOMESTIC	\$55,073	\$20,969	\$12,809	\$8,482	\$12,813
( 2) SMALL GENERAL	2,030	635	569	257	569
( 3) GENERAL	18,961	12,893	560	4,948	560
( 4) LARGE GENERAL	1,028	1,028	0	0	0
( 5) SMALL INDUSTRIAL	1,098	735	47	269	47
( 6) MEDIUM INDUSTRIAL	1,679	1,675	4	0	0
( 7) LARGE INDUSTRIAL	0	0	0	0	0.
( 8) INTERRUPTIBLE	0	0	0	. 0	0
( 9) MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0
(10) UNMETERED	1,177	<u>562</u>	<u>194</u>	<u>227</u>	<u>194</u>
(11) TOTAL	<u>\$81,046</u>	<u>\$38,497</u>	<u>\$14,183</u>	<u>\$14,183</u>	<u>\$14,183</u>
(12) ALLOCATION FACTOR		D-2	C-5	D-1	C-4

## NOVA SCOTIA POWER INC. ANALYSIS OF METER INVESTMENT

#### EXHIBIT AED-3F

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

	(1) TOTAL	(2) UNIT METER	(3) TOTAL	(4)	(5) METER COST
	<u>CUSTOMERS</u>	<u>COST</u>	<u>COST</u>	PERCENT	<u>(\$000)</u>
( 1) DOMESTIC	370,315	\$34	\$12,590,710	82.25	\$18,002
( 2) SMALL GENERAL	16,424	34	558,416	3.65	799
( 3) GENERAL	16,213	111	1,799,643	11.76	2,574
( 4) LARGE GENERAL	8	657	5,256	0.03	7
( 5) SMALL INDUSTRIAL	1,342	145	194,590	1.27	278
( 6) MEDIUM INDUSTRIAL	178	657	116,946	0.76	166
( 7) LARGE INDUSTRIAL	. 6	1,338	8,028	0.05	11
( 8) INTERRUPTIBLE	24	1,338	32,112	0.21	46
( 9) MUNICIPAL	7	520	3,640	0.02	4
(10) UNMETERED	5,607	N/A	<u>0</u>	0.00	<u>0</u>
(11) TOTAL	410,124		<u>\$15,309,341</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>\$21,887</u>

#### EXHIBIT AED-4

#### NOVA SCOTIA POWER INC.

#### FUNCTIONALIZATION OF OPERATING EXPENSES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

		(1) TOTAL <u>EXPENSES</u>	(2) PRODUCTION EXPENSES	(3) TRANS. EXPENSES	(4) DIST. EXPENSES	(5) ADMIN.&GEN. <u>EXPENSES</u>	(6) OTHER <u>EXPENSES</u>
-	THERMAL PRODUCTION						
(1)	FUEL	\$243,390	\$243,390	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	OPERATING & MAINT.	52,222	52,222	0	0	0	0
	PURCHASED POWER	8,956	8,956	0	0	0	0
<u>.</u>	SYSTEM OPERATIONS						
(4)	HYDRO PLTS. O & M.	7,256	7,256	0	0	0	0
(5)	OTHER	4,012	1,579	1,708	313	412	0
<u>(</u>	OTHER OPERATING						
(6)	ENGINEERING	1,384	573	555	124	132	0
	TRANSMISSION & DIST.	44,988	0	7,611	37,377	0	0
(8)	CUSTOMER FUNCTIONS	6,104	0	0	0	6,104	0
	PERSONNEL	6,093	1,923	706	2,273	1,191	0
(10)	INDUST. RELATIONS	2,714	0	0	. 0	2,714	0
(11)	FIN. PLAN. & OPER.	2,843	213	100	365	2,165	0
(12)	TREASURER	1,059	0	0	0	1,059	0
(13)	MGT. INFO. SERVICES	8,044	902	737	1,436	4,969	0
(14)	GENERAL MANAGEMENT	2,359	0	0	0	2,359	0
(15)	SYSTEM PLANNING ,	2,021	562	577	49	833	0
(16)	SEC. & GEN. COUNSEL	3,638	1,657	120	431	1,430	0
(17)	CORPORATE SERVICES	5,314	0	0	0	5,314	0
(18)	CORPORATE ACCOUNTING	690	0	0	0	690	0
(19)	ORGANIZATION & EFFECT.	1,150	363	134	429	224	0
(20)	INTERNAL AUDIT	391	0	. 0	0	391	0
(21)	ENVIRONMENT	946	0	0	0	946	0
(22)	PREMISES MANAGEMENT	4,099	0	0	0	4,099	0
(23)	PUBLIC AFFAIRS	1,099	0	0	0	1,099	0
(24)	CORPORATE EFFICIENCIES	(2,000)	0	0	. 0	(2,000)	0
(25)	GRANTS IN LIEU	5,088	0	0	0	0	5,088
(26)	DEPRECIATION	76,036	0	0	0	0	76,036
(27)	PR.DIV.; INT.&TAX NET	<u>131,806</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	131,806
(28)	TOTAL	<u>\$621,702</u>	<u>\$319,596</u>	<u>\$12,248</u>	<u>\$42,797</u>	<u>\$34,131</u>	\$212,930

**EXHIBIT AED-5** 

#### NOVA SCOTIA POWER INC.

#### CLASSIFICATION OF OPERATING EXPENSES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

	(1) TOTAL COMPANY	(2) DEMAND EXPENSES	(3) ENERGY EXPENSES	(4) CUSTOMER EXPENSES	(5) OTHER <u>EXPENSES</u>	(6) DIRECT EXPENSES
PRODUCTION						
( 1) FUEL	\$243,390	\$0	\$226,081	\$0	\$0	\$17,309
( 2) PURCH. POWER- FIXED	. 0	0	0	0	0	0
( 3) PURCH. POWER- VAR.	8,956	0	8,956	0	0	0
( 4) OPERATING & MAINT.	<u>67,250</u>	50,105	9,544	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	7,601
( 5) TOTAL PRODUCTION	319,596	50,105	244,581	0	0	24,910
( 6) TRANSMISSION	12,248	12,116	0	0	. 0	132
DISTRIBUTION						
( 7) SUBSTATIONS	2,149	2,149	0	0	0	0
( 8) OVERHEAD LINES	18,497	12,024	0	6,473	0	0
( 9) UNDERGROUND LINES	657	427	0	230	0	0
(10) LINE TRANSFORMERS	302	302	0	0	0	0
(11) METERS	4,548	0	0	4,548	0	0
(12) COMMUNICATIONS	421	421	0	0	0	0
(13) STREET LIGHTING	3,311	3,311	0	0	0	0
(14) CUSTOMER SERVICE	12,912	<u>o</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>12,912</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
(15) TOTAL DISTRIBUTION	42,797	18,634	0	24,163	0	0
ADMINISTRATION & GENER	<u>AL</u>					
(16) BILLING & RECEIPTS	4,133	0	. 0	4,133	0	0
(17) CUSTOMER SERVICE	3,289	0	0	3,289	0	0
(18) CREDIT & COLLECTION	2,200	0	0	2,200	0	0
(19) OTHER	24,509	<u>13,612</u>	1,608	5,690	<u>0</u>	<u>3,599</u>
(20) TOT. ADMIN. & GEN.	34,131	13,612	1,608	15,312	. 0	3,599
OTHER OPERATING						
(21) GRANTS IN LIEU	5,088	0	0	0	5,088	0
(22) DEPRECIATION	76,036	0	0	0	75,986	50
(23) PR.DIV.; INT.&TAX NET	131,806	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	126,797	5,009
(24) TOTAL OTHER OPER.	212,930	0	0	0	207,871	5,059
(25) TOTAL EXPENSES	<u>\$621,702</u>	<u>\$94,467</u>	\$246,189	<u>\$39,475</u>	<u>\$207,871</u>	<u>\$33,700</u>

#### ALLOCATION OF OPERATING EXPENSES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

	(1) TOTAL COMPANY	(2) DOMESTIC	(3) SMALL GENERAL	(4) GENERAL	(5) LARGE GENERAL	(6) SMALL INDUSTRIAL	(7) MEDIUM INDUSTRIAL	(8) LARGE INDUSTRIAL	(9) INTERRUPTIBLE	(10) MUNICIPAL	(11) UNMETERED	(12) ALLOCATION FACTOR
DEMAND							•					
( 1) PRODUCTION O & M	\$50,105	\$23,679	\$701	\$14,581	\$1,218	\$857	\$2,054	\$1,889	\$3,142	\$1,353	\$631	D-3
( 2) TRANSMISSION	12,116	5,725	170	3,526	294	207	497	457	760	327	153	D-3
( 3) DISTRIBUTION	18,634	9,990	358	3,854	225	223	387	40	13	12	3,532	EXHIBIT 6A
( 4) PURCH. POWER- FIXED	0	0	. 0	Ο.	Ο,	0	0	.0	. 0	0	0	D-3
( 5) ADMIN. & GEN.	13,612	6,633	207	3,697	293	216	494	402	<u>659</u>	284	<u>727</u>	0-1
( 6) TOTAL	94,467	46,027	1,436	25,658	2,030	1,503	3,432	2,788	4,574	1,976	5,043	
ENERGY												
( 7) PRODUCTION - FUEL	226,081	96,492	2,442	60,092	6,556	4,228	11,394	10,739	24,778	6,828	2,532	E-1
( 8) PURCH. POWER- VAR.	8,956	3,823	97	2,381	260	167	451	425	982	270	100	E-1
( 9) PRODUCTION O & M	9,544	4,074	103	2,537	277	178	481	453	1,046	288	107	E-1
(10) ADMIN. & GEN.	1,608	<u>687</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>427</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>81</u>	<u>76</u>	176	<u>49</u>	<u>18</u>	0-2
(11) TOTAL	246,189	105,076	2,659	65,437	7,140	4,603	12,407	11,693	26,982	7,435	2,757	
CUSTOMER												
(12) DISTRIBUTION	24,163	18,383	781	3,757	96	286	196	12	49	12	591	EXHIBIT 6A
(13) BILLING & RECEIPTS	4,133	3,012	133	659	5	55	11	5	19	6 ·	228	C-3
(14) CUSTOMER SERVICE	3,289	2,396	106	525	4	43	9	4	15	5	182	C-3.
(15) CREDIT & COLLECTION	2,200	1,724	56	379	0	28	0	0	0	0	13	EXHIBIT 6C
(16) ADMIN. & GEN.	5,690	4,298	<u>181</u>	896	<u>18</u>	<u>69</u>	<u> 36</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>171</u>	0-3
(17) TOTAL	39,475	29,813	1,257	6,216	123	481	252	24	97	27	1,185	
OTHER				·								
(18) DEPRÉCIATION	75,986	40,294	1,305	21,029	1,434	1,237	2,443	1,892	3,052	1,336	1,964	EXHIBIT 6D
(19) GRANTS IN LIEU	5,088	2,607	82	1,431	105	84	178	147	240	104	110	P-6
(20) PR.DIV.; INT.&TAX NET	126,797	64,755	2,041	35,605	2,625	2,105	4,463	3,715	<u>6,137</u>	2,625	2,726	P-7
(21) TOTAL	207,871	107,656	3,428	58,065	4,164	3,426	7,084	5,754	9,429	4,065	4,800	
(22) TOTAL OPER. EXPENSES	588,002	288,572	8,780	155,376	13,457	10,013	23,175	20,259	41,082	13,503	13,785	
(23) NON-OPER. REVENUE	(9,445)	(6,225)	(233)	(1,990)	(73)	(155)	(259)	(112)	(233)	(74)	(91)	EXHIBIT 7
(24) ALLOC.OF PROFIT/LOSS	98,021	50,061	1,578	27,524	2,029	1,627	3,450	2,872	4,744	2,029	2,107	P-7
(25) NET OPER. EXPENSES	\$676,578	\$332,408	\$10,125	\$180,910	\$15,413	\$11,485	\$26,366	\$23,019	\$45,593	\$15,458	\$15,801	

#### ALLOCATION OF DISTIBUTION OPERATING EXPENSES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

		(1) TOTAL COMPANY	(2) DOMESTIC	(3) SMALL GENERAL	(4) GENERAL	(5) LARGE GENERAL	(6) SMALL INDUSTRIAL	(7) MEDIUM INDUSTRIAL	(8) LARGE INDUSTRIAL II	(9) NTERRUPTIBLE M	(10) UNICIPAL	(11) UNMETERED	(12) ALLOCATION FACTOR
D	EMAND										*		
_	SUBSTATIONS	\$2,149	\$1,120	\$34	\$694	\$56	\$39	\$111	\$40	\$13	\$12	\$30	P-3
` '	OVERHEAD LINES	12,024	8,169	301	2,814	153	164	249	0	0	0	174	P-1
` '	UNDERGROUND LINES	427	290	11	100	5	6	9	0	0	0	6	P-1
(4)	LINE TRANSFORMERS	302	181	5	105	0	6	. 0	· 0	0	0	5	D-1
(5)	METERS	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	
(6)	COMMUNICATIONS	421	230	. 7	141	11	8	18	0	0	0	6	D-2
(7)	STREET LIGHTING	3,311	0	0	0	0	0	0.	0	0	0	3,311	DIRECT
(8)	CUSTOMER SERVICE	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	0	<u>o</u>	
(9)	TOTAL DEMAND	18,634	9,990	358	3,854	225	223	387	40	13	12	3,532	
						•							
<u>c</u>	USTOMER												
(10)	SUBSTATIONS	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	
(11)	OVERHEAD LINES	6,473	4,398	162	1,515	82	88	134	0	0	0	94	P-1
(12)	UNDERGROUND LINES	230	156	6	54	3	3	5	0	0	0	3	P-1
(13)	LINE TRANSFORMERS	0	0	0	o	. 0	0	0	0	, 0	0 -	0	
(14)	METERS	4,548	3,740	166	535	1	58	35	2	10	1	0	P-4
(15)	COMMUNICATIONS	0	О	0	. 0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	· o	
(16)	STREET LIGHTING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
(17)	CUSTOMER SERVICE	12,912	10,089	447	1,653	10	<u>137</u>	22	10	39	11	<u>494</u>	EXHIBIT 6B
(18)	TOTAL CUSTOMER	24,163	18,383	781	3,757	96	. 286	196	12	49	12	591	
<u>s</u>	SUMMARY								•				
(19)	SUBSTATIONS	2,149	1,120	34	694	56	39	111	40	13	12	30	P-3
(20)	OVERHEAD LINES	18,497	12,567	463	4,329	235	252	383	0	0	0	268	P-1
(21)	UNDERGROUND LINES	657	446	17	154	8	9	14	0	. 0	0	9	P-1
(22)	LINE TRANSFORMERS	302	181	<sub>,</sub> 5	105	0	6	0	0	0	0	5	D-1
(23)	METERS	4,548	3,740	166	535	1	58	35	2	10	1	0	P-4
(24)	COMMUNICATIONS	421	230	7	141	11	8	18	0	0	0	6	D-2
(25)	STREET LIGHTING	3,311	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,311	DIRECT
(26)	CUSTOMER SERVICE	12,912	10,089	447	1,653	<u>10</u>	<u>137</u>	22	10	<u>39</u>	11	<u>494</u>	EXHIBIT 6B
(27)	TOTAL DISTRIBUTION	<u>\$42,797</u>	\$28,373	\$1,139	<u>\$7,611</u>	\$321	\$509	<u>\$583</u>	<u>\$52</u>	<u>\$62</u>	\$24	\$4,123	

**EXHIBIT AED-6B** 

#### <u>ALLOCATION OF DISTRIBUTION - CUSTOMER SERVICE EXPENSES</u>

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

		(1) TOTAL COMPANY	(2) BILLING & <u>RECEIPTS</u>	(3) CUSTOMER SERVICE	(4) CREDIT & COLLECTION	(5) TREASURY <u>FUNCTION</u>
(1)	DOMESTIC	\$10,089	\$3,553	\$2,336	\$1,028	\$3,172
(2)	SMALL GENERAL	447	157	104	46	140
(3)	GENERAL	1,653	778	511	225	139
(4)	LARGE GENERAL	10	6	4	0	0
(5)	SMALL INDUSTRIAL	137	64	42	19	12
(6)	MEDIUM INDUSTRIAL	22	13	8	0	1
(7)	LARGE INDUSTRIAL	10	6	4	0	0
(8)	INTERRUPTIBLE	39	23	15	1	0
(9)	MUNICIPAL	11	7	4	0	0
(10)	UNMETERED	<u>494</u>	<u>269</u>	<u>177</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>48</u>
(11)	TOTAL	<u>\$12,912</u>	<u>\$4,876</u>	<u>\$3,205</u>	<u>\$1,319</u>	<u>\$3,512</u>
	·					
					•	
(12)	ALLOCATION FACTOR	,	C-3	C-3	C-2	C-1

**EXHIBIT AED-6C** 

## ALLOCATION OF CREDIT & COLLECTION EXPENSE

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

			•			
		(1)	(2) BAD DEBT EXPENSE-	(3)	(4)	(5)
			TO BE ALLOC.	TOTAL	<u>OTHER</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
(1)	DOMESTIC	\$854	\$0	\$854	\$870	\$1,724
(2)	SMALL GENERAL	0	. 18	18	38	56
(3)	GENERAL	0	341	341	38	379
(4)	LARGE GENERAL	0	0	0	0	0
(5)	SMALL INDUSTRIAL	0	25	25	3	28
(6)	MEDIUM INDUSTRIAL	0	0	0	0	0
(7)	LARGE INDUSTRIAL	0	0	0	0	0
(8)	INTERRUPTIBLE	0	0	0	0	0
(9)	MUNICIPAL	0	0	0	0	0
(10)	UNMETERED	0	0	0	13	13
			·			
(11)	TOTAL	<u>\$854</u>	<u>\$384</u>	<u>\$1,238</u>	<u>\$962</u>	<u>\$2,200</u>
(12)	ALLOCATION FACTOR	DIRECT	R-1		C-1	

## NOVA SCOTIA POWER INC.

## ALLOCATION OF DEPRECIATION EXPENSE

## FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

## (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

	(1) TOTAL	(2)	(3)	(4) GAS	(5)	(6)	(7) GENERAL
•	COMPANY	PRODUCTION	<u>HYDRO</u>	TURBINE	TRANSMISSION	DISTRIBUTION	PROPERTY
				•			
( 1) DOMESTIC	\$40,294	\$13,240	\$1,571	\$276	\$5,931	\$16,244	\$3,032
( 2) SMALL GENERAL	1,305	392	47	9	176	585	96
( 3) GENERAL	21,029	8,152	967	169	3,652	6,425	1,664
( 4) LARGE GENERAL	1,434	681	81	9	305	236	122
( 5) SMALL INDUSTRIAL	1,237	479	57	8	215	380	98
( 6) MEDIUM INDUSTRIAL	2,443	1,149	136	. 15	515	421	207
( 7) LARGE INDUSTRIAL	1,892	1,056	125	13	473	54 <sup>-</sup>	171
( 8) INTERRUPTIBLE	3,052	1,757	208	0	787	21	279
( 9) MUNICIPAL	1,336	756	90	12	339	18	121
(10) UNMETERED	<u>1,964</u>	353	<u>42</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>158</u>	<u>1,275</u>	128
(11) TOTAL	<u>\$75,986</u>	<u>\$28,015</u>	<u>\$3,324</u>	<u>\$519</u>	<u>\$12,551</u>	<u>\$25,659</u>	<u>\$5,918</u>
(12) ALLOCATION FACTOR		D-3	D-3	D-4	D-3	P-5	P-6

EXHIBIT AED-6D

## NOVA SCOTIA POWER INC.

**EXHIBIT AED-7** 

## REVENUE ANALYSIS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

## (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

	(1)	(2)	(3) LATE	(4) MISC.	(5)	(6) TOTAL
	TOTAL RATE <u>REVENUE</u>	GRID SALES	PAYMENT <u>CHARGE</u>	CUSTOMER REVENUE	OTHER <u>revenue</u>	NON-OPER. <u>REVENUE</u>
ELECTRIC REVENUE	KEYENGE	571225	OHNICAL	KETENOE	NEVERIOR	
( 1) DOMESTIC	\$308,623	\$144	\$3,052	\$1,670	\$1,359	\$6,225
( 2) SMALL GENERAL	10,212	4	94	94	41	233
( 3) GENERAL	194,301	90	1,148	20	732	1,990
( 4) LARGE GENERAL	15,411	10	0	0	63	73
( 5) SMALL INDUSTRIAL	14,323	6	101	1	47	155
( 6) MEDIUM INDUSTRIAL	30,901	17	. 133	0	109	259
( 7) LARGE INDUSTRIAL	24,331	16	0	0,	96	112
( 8) INTERRUPTIBLE	46,264	37	2	0	194	233
( 9) MUNICIPAL	15,959	10	0	0	64	74
(10) UNMETERED	16,253	<u>4</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>65</u> .	<u>91</u>
(11) SUB-TOTAL	<u>\$676,578</u>	<u>\$338</u>	<u>\$4,546</u>	<u>\$1,791</u>	<u>\$2,770</u>	<u>\$9,445</u>
(12) GRID SALES	<u>338</u>					
(13) TOTAL ELECT.REVENUE	676,916					
NON-RATE REVENUE			•		-	
(14) LATE PAYMENT CHARGE	4,546					
(15) MISC. CUST. REVENUE	1,791					
(16) OTHER	<u>2,770</u>		•			
<b>(</b> ,						
(17) TOTAL	9,107					
DIRECT REVENUE						
(18) BOW. MERSEY-ELECT.	25,236					
(19) GEN.REPL./LOAD FOLL	8,625					
(20) TOTAL	33,861					
(21) TRANSFER FROM (TO) RETAINED EARNINGS	<u>(98,182)</u>					
(22) TOTAL REVENUE	<u>\$621,702</u>					
(23) ALLOCATION FACTOR		E-1	DIRECT	DIRECT	0-5	COLS. 2-5

## NOVA SCOTIA POWER INC. DEVELOPMENT OF ALLOCATION FACTORS

		(1) TOTAL COMPANY	(2)	(3) SMALL GENERAL	(4) GENERAL	(5) LARGE GENERAL	(6) SMALL INDUSTRIAL	(7) MEDIUM INDUSTRIAL	(8) LARGE INDUSTRIAL	(9)	(10) MUNICIPAL	(11) UNMETERED	(12) ALLOCATION FACTOR
( 1) N.	C. DEMAND SEC.	1,496,042	894,630	27,070	521,926	0	28,416	0	0	0	0	24,000	
(2) %	RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	59.80	1.81	34.89	0.00	1.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.60	D-1
		1,707,790	930,415	28,153	571,908	45,572	32,545	74,237	0	0	0	24,960	
(4) %	& RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	54.47	1.65	33.49	2.67	1.91	4.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.46	D-2
( 5) AV	E. AND EXCESS DMD.	10,000	4,726	140	2,910	243	171	410	377	627	270	126	
(6) %	RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	47.26	1.40	29.10	2.43	1.71	4.10	3.77	6.27	2.70	1.26	D-3
	CESS DEMAND	10,000	5,340	183	3,247	181	149	284	245	0	226	145	
(8) %	& RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	53.40	1.83	32.47	1.81	1.49	2.84	2.45	0.00	2.26	1.45	D-4
( 9) MW	/.h GEN. & PURCH.	8,785,157	3,748,232	94,729	2,334,862	254,440	164,698	443,108	417,620	963,213	265,509	98,746	
(10) %	RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	42.68	1.08	26.58	2.90	1.87	5.04	4.75	10.96	3.02	1.12	E-1
						_			_	2.2	_		
	ERAGE CUSTOMERS	410,124	370,315	16,424	16,213	8	1,342	178	6	24	7	5,607	
(12) %	& RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	90.30	4.00	3.95	0.00	0.33	0.04	0.00	0.01	0.00	1.37	C-1
(13) SE	C. CUSTOMERS	404,276	370,315	16,424	16,193	0	1,340	0	0	4	0	. 0	
(14) WE	IGHTING FACTOR		1.00	1.00	5.00	75.00	5.00	7.50	100.00	100.00	100.00	5.00	
(15) WE	IGHTED TOTAL	474,804	370,315	16,424	80,965	О	6,700	0	.0	400	0	0	
(16) %	& RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	78.00	3.46	17.05	0.00	1.41	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	C-2
(17) WE	IGHTED CUSTOMERS	410,124	370,315	16,424	16,213	8	1,342	178	6	24	7	5,607	
. ,	IGHTING FACTOR	410,124	1.00	1.00	5.00	75.00	5.00	7.50	100.00	100.00	100.00	5.00	
	IGHTED TOTAL	508,184	370,315	16,424	81,065	600	6,710	1,335	600	2,400	700	28,035	
` '	& RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	72.87	3.23	15.95	0.12	1.32	0.26	0.12	0.47	0.14	5.52	C-3
(21) CU	JSTOMER SECONDARY	409,883	370,315	16,424	16,193	0	1,340	0	0	4	0	5,607	
(22) %	& RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	90.34	4.01	3.95	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.37	C-4
(23) CU	JSTOMER PRIMARY	410,062	370,315	16,424	16,213	8	1,342	134	3	10	6	5,607	
\ <i>,</i>	RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	90.31	4.01	3.95	0.00	0.33	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.37	C-5

## NOVA SCOTIA POWER INC. DEVELOPMENT OF ALLOCATION FACTORS

	(1) TOTAL COMPANY	(2) DOMESTIC	(3) SMALL GENERAL	(4) GENERAL	(5) LARGE GENERAL	(6) SMALL INDUSTRIAL	(7) MEDIUM INDUSTRIAL	(8) LARGE INDUSTRIAL	(9) INTERRUPTIBLE	(10) MUNICIPAL	(11) UNMETERED	(12) ALLOCATION FACTOR
( 1) POLE & WIRE INVEST.	\$236,114	\$160,444	\$5,912	\$55,241	\$2,995	\$3,201	\$4,891	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,430	
(2) % RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	67.95	2.50	23.40	1.27	1.36	2.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.45	P-1
• •						,						
( 3) SUB., POLE &WIRE INV.	. \$294,383	\$190,794	\$6,831	\$74,054	\$4,517	\$4,269	\$7,912	\$1,080	\$353	\$330	\$4,243	
( 4) % RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	64.81	2.32	25.16	1.53	1.45	2.69	0.37	0.12	0.11	1.44	P-2
( c) CURCIATION THEFET	<b>\$50.000</b>	\$20.250	6010	¢10 013	¢1 500	£1 069	t2 021	£1 000	ė a na	\$330	£012	
( 5) SUBSTATION INVEST. ( 6) % RESPONSIBILITY	\$58,269 100.00	\$30,350 52.08	\$919 1.58	\$18,813 32.29	\$1,522 2.61	\$1,068 1.83	\$3,021 5.18	\$1,080 1.85	\$353 0.61	0.57	\$813 1.40	P-3
( b) % RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	32.00	1.50	32.23	2.01	1.05	3.10	1.05	0.01	0.57	1.40	F-5
( 7) METER INVESTMENT	\$21,887	\$18,002	\$799	\$2,574	\$7	\$278	\$166	\$11	\$46	\$4	\$0	
( 8) % RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	82.25	3.65	11.76	0.03	1.27	0.76	0.05	0.21	0.02	0.00	P-4
									•			
( 9) DISTRIBUTION PLANT	\$524,095	\$331,734	\$11,973	\$131,238	\$4,838	\$7,769	\$8,603	\$1,115	\$445	\$341	\$26,039	
(10) % RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	63.31	2.28	25.04	0.92	1.48	1.64	0.21	0.08	0.07	4.97	P-5
(11) PROD., TRANS.&DIST.	\$2,133,161	\$1 092 785	\$34,543	\$599,811	\$43,878	\$35,263	\$74,450	\$61,645	\$100,711	\$43,742	\$46,333	
(12) % RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	51.23	1.62	28.12	2.06	1.65	3.49	2.89	4.72	2.05	2.17	P-6
(12)												
(13) TOTAL RATE BASE	\$2,316,262	\$1,182,824	\$37,272	\$650,475	\$48,021	\$38,380	\$81,528	\$67,766	\$112,176	\$47,925	\$49,895	
(14) % RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	51.07	1.61	28.08	2.07	1.66	3.52	2.93	4.84	2.07	2.15	P-7
(15) DEMAND OPER. EXP.	\$80,855	\$39,394	\$1,229	\$21,961	\$1,737	\$1,287	\$2,938	\$2,386	\$3,915	\$1,692	\$4,316	
(16) % RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	48.73	1.52	27.16	2.15	1.59	3.63	2.95	4.84	2.09	5.34	0-1
(17) ENERGY OPER. EXP.	\$9,544	\$4,074	\$103	\$2,537	\$277	\$178	\$481	\$453	\$1,046	\$288	\$107	
(18) % RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	42.68	1.08	26.58	2.90	1.87	5.04	4.75	10.96	3.02	1.12	0-2
(19) CUSTOMER OPER. EXP.	\$33,785	\$25,515	\$1,076	\$5,320	\$105	\$412	\$216	\$21	\$83	\$23	\$1,014	
(20) % RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	75.52	3.18	15.75	0.31	1.22	0.64	0.06	0.25	0.07	3.00	0-3
(21) TOT. D/E/C EXPENSES	\$124,184	\$68,983	\$2,408	\$29,818	\$2,119	\$1,877	\$3,635	\$2,860	\$5,044	\$2,003	\$5,437	
(22) % RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	55.55	1.94	24.01	1.71	1.51	2.93	2.30	4.06	1.61	4.38	0-4
(22) % RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	55.55	*	24.01	4.7.		2.50	2.50	4.00	1.01	4.50	0-4
(23) TOT.EXPENSES + INT.	\$588,002	\$288,572	\$8,780	\$155,376	\$13,457	\$10,013	\$23,175	\$20,259	\$41,082	\$13,503	\$13,785	:
(24) % RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	49.08	1.49	26.42	2.29	1.70	3.94	3.45	6.99	2.30	2.34	0-5
			~ <b>~</b>									
(25) SEC. CUST. REVENUE	\$218,836	\$0	\$10,212	\$194,301	\$0	\$14,323	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
(26) % RESPONSIBILITY	100.00	0.00	4.66	88.79	0.00	6.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	R-1

## NOVA SCOTIA POWER INC.

## SALES, GENERATION AND DEMAND ANALYSIS

	(1)	(2) ENERGY	(3)	(4) CLASS NON-	(5) SYSTEM	(6) SYSTEM	(7) DEMAND	(8) SYSTEM	(9) SYSTEM
	MW.h SALES	LINE LOSSES	MW.h GENERATED	COINCIDENT DMD. (kW)	COINCIDENT FACTOR	COINCIDENT DMD. (kW)	LINE LOSSES	COIN. PEAK DMD. (kW)	COINCIDENT LOAD FACTOR
( 1) DOMESTIC	3,365,294	11.38%	3,748,232	852,029	81.9%	697,737	20.54%	841,033	50.88%
( 2) SMALL GENERAL	85,000	11.45%	94,729	25,781	59.8%	15,403	20.53%	18,565	58.25%
( 3) GENERAL	2,098,025	11.29%	2,334,862	525,058	79.7%	418,334	20.16%	502,670	53.02%
( 4) LARGE GENERAL	237,400	7.18%	254,440	43,819	84.8%	37,163	12.45%	41,790	69.50%
( 5) SMALL INDUSTRIAL	148,242	11.10%	164,698	29,940	55.1%	16,483	19.61%	19,715	95.36%
( 6) MEDIUM INDUSTRIAL	413,461	7.17%	443,108	73,385	66.0%	48,407	12.45%	54,434	92.93%
( 7) LARGE INDUSTRIAL	402,100	3.86%	417,620	69,674	80.8%	56,278	6.38%	59,869	79.63%
( 8) INTERRUPTIBLE	928,000	3.79%	963,213	257,400	51.7%	132,999	6.38%	141,484	77.72%
( 9) MUNICIPAL	255,800	3.80%	265,509	51,077	96.4%	49,237	6.38%	52,378	57.87%
(10) UNMETERED	88,488	11.59%	98,746	22,857	72.1%	16,474	20.53%	19,856	56.77%
(11) SUB-TOTAL	8,021,810	9.52%	8,785,157	1,951,020	76.3%	1,488,515	17.69%	1,751,794	57.25%
(12) BOWATER MERSEY	582,000	1.40%	590,148	93,000	100.0%	93,000	1.87%	94,739	71.11%
(13) GEN.REPL./LOAD FOLL	235,000	3.87%	244,095	31,000	74.2%	23,000	6.38%	24,467	113.89%
(14) N.B.E.P.C.	8,000	10.00%	8,800	<u>0</u>	N/A	<u>0</u>	N/A	<u>0</u>	N/A
(15) TOTAL	8,846,810	8.83%	9,628,200	2,075,020	77.4%	<u>1,604,515</u>	16.61%	1,871,000	58.74%

NOVA SCOTIA POWER INC.

## DETERMINATION OF CLASS NON-COIN. kW DEMAND BY VOLTAGE LEVEL

	(1) TOTAL <u>COMPANY</u>	(2)	(3) SMALL <u>GENERAL</u>	(4) <u>GENERAL</u>	(5) LARGE <u>GENERAL</u>	(6) SMALL <u>INDUSTRIAL</u>	(7) MEDIUM <u>INDUSTRIAL</u>	(8) LARGE INDUSTRIAL	(9) INTERRUPTIBLE	(10)	(11) <u>UNMETERED</u>
( 1) NON-COIN. kW SEC.	1,424,802	852,029	25,781	497,072	0	27,063	0	0	0	. 0	22,857
(2) LOSSES 5.00%	71,240	42,601	<u>1,289</u>	<u>24,854</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,353</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u> .	<u>0</u>	1,143
							.*				
( 3) SUB-TOTAL	1,496,042	894,630	27,070	521,926	0	28,416	0	0	0	0	24,000
	•								٠.		
( 4) NON-COIN. KW PRI.	1,642,106	894,630	27,070	549,912	43,819	31,293	71,382	0 ·	0	0	24,000
(5) LOSSES 4.00%	<u>65,684</u>	<u>35,785</u>	1,083	21,996	<u>1,753</u>	<u>1,252</u>	2,855	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>960</u>
( 6) SUB-TOTAL	1,707,790	930,415	28,153	571,908	45,572	32,545	74,237	0	0	0	24,960
( 7) NON-COIN. kW TRANS.	2,087,944	930,415	28,153	571,908	45,572	32,545	76,240	69,674	257,400	51,077	24,960
(8) LOSSES 3.90%	81,428	<u>36,286</u>	1,098	22,304	<u>1,777</u>	<u>1,269</u>	2,973	<u>2,717</u>	10,039	1,992	<u>973</u>
(9) TOTAL	2,169,372	966,701	29,251	<u>594,212</u>	47,349	33,814	<u>79,213</u>	<u>72,391</u>	<u>267,439</u>	<u>53,069</u>	<u>25,933</u>

## NOVA SCOTIA POWER INC.

## DETERMINATION OF AVERAGE AND EXCESS DEMAND ALLOCATION FACTORS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

	(1) TOTAL	(2)	(3) SMALL	(4)	(5) LARGE	(6) SMALL	(7) MEDIUM	(8) LARGE	(9)	(10)	(11)
	COMPANY	DOMESTIC	GENERAL	GENERAL	GENERAL	INDUSTRIAL	INDUSTRIAL		INTERRUPTIBLE	MUNICIPAL	UNMETERED
GENERATION LEVEL					·						
( 1) NON - COIN. kW DMD.	2,169,372	966,701	29,251	594,212	47,349	33,814	79,213	72,391	267,439	53,069	25,933
( 2) AVERAGE DEMAND	1,002,872	427,880	10,814	266,537	29,046	18,801	50,583	47,674	109,956	30,309	11,272
( 3) PERCENT OF TOTAL	100.00%	42.68%	1.08%	26.58%	2.90%	1.87%	5.04%	4.75%	10.96%	3.02%	1.12%
( 4) EXCESS DEMAND	1,166,500	538,821	18,437	327,675	18,303	15,013	28,630	24,717	157,483	22,760	14,661
( 5) INTERRUPTIBLE ADJ.	(157,483)	<u>0</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>o</u> .	<u>0</u>	<u>o</u> .	(157,483)	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
( 6) REVISED EXCESS DMD.	1,009,017	538,821	18,437	327,675	18,303	15,013	28,630	24,717	0	22,760	14,661
( 7) PERCENT OF TOTAL	100.00%	53.40%	1.83%	<u>32.47%</u>	1.81%	1.49%	2.84%	2.45%	0.00%	2.26%	<u>1.45%</u>
( 8) AVG. & EXCESS DMD.	100.00%	47.26%	1.40%	29.10%	2.43%	1.71%	4.10%	3.77%	6.27%	2.70%	1.26%
( 9) SYSTEM PEAK DEMAND LOAD FACTOR			794 kW X 876		=	<u>57.25%</u>					

(10) CALCULATION OF AVG. & EXCESS DMD. ALLOCATOR

57.25% X LINE 3 + 42.75% X LINE 7

## NOVA SCOTIA POWER INC.

## EXHIBIT AED-10

## REVENUE TO EXPENSE COMPARISON

## FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1993

## (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

	(1) TOTAL OPER. <u>EXPENSES</u>	(2) TOTAL RATE <u>REVENUE</u>	(3) % REVENUE <u>TO</u> EXPENSES
		****	00
( 1) DOMESTIC	\$332,408	\$308,623	93
( 2) SMALL GENERAL	10,125	10,212	101
( 3) GENERAL	180,910	194,301	107
( 4) LARGE GENERAL	15,413	15,411	100
( 5) SMALL INDUSTRIAL	11,485	14,323	125
( 6) MEDIUM INDUSTRIAL	26,366	30,901	117
( 7) LARGE INDUSTRIAL	23,019	24,331	106
(8) INTERRUPTIBLE	45,593	46,264	101
( 9) MUNICIPAL	15,458	15,959	103
(10) UNMETERED	<u>15,801</u>	16,253	103
(11) SUB-TOTAL	\$676,578	\$676,578	100
,			
(12) DIR. CUST.EXP./REV.	33,700	33,861	N/A
(13) EXCESS DIR.CUST.REV	<u>161</u>	<u>0</u>	N/A
(14) TOTAL	<u>\$710,439</u>	<u>\$710,439</u>	100

## 2012 General Rate Application (NSUARB P-892) NSPI Responses to CA Information Requests

## NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Request IR-176:
2	
3	Please provide all Area Distribution Planning Studies (of the type provided in CA IR-58
4	Attachment 1) prepared since 2000.
5	
6	Response IR-176:
7	
8	Please refer to Confidential Attachments 1 through 22, available for viewing at NSPI offices.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-176 Page 1 of 1

## 2012 General Rate Application (NSUARB P-892) NSPI Responses to CA Information Requests

## **NON-CONFIDENTIAL**

1	Request IR-177:
2	
3	Please provide the "construction and engineering estimates" on which NSPI determined
4	that "30% of the poles were estimated to be primary." (CA IR-45 Attachment 1 Page 6).
5	
6	Response IR-177:
7	
8	This principle has been in use as early as the 1980 rate case. Please refer to Attachment 1 <sup>1</sup>
9	(Section 8 - Poles, original page 8, paragraph 1). NSPI has not been able to retrieve the
10	"construction and engineering estimates" on which the allocation was based.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-177 Page 1 of 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> NSPI 1980 Rate Case, Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities, E-100bg, June 18, 1979, page 10 (Section 8 – Poles).

## APPENDIX

COST OF SERVICE STUDY SUBMITTED BY THE NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION FOR THE YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 1980, BASED UPON THE ALLOCATION OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION PLANT ON AVERAGE DEMAND, AND DISTRIBUTION PLANT ON THE BASIS OF COINCIDENT PEAK AND AVERAGE DEMAND, AND DISTRIBUTION PLANT ON THE BASIS OF CLASS NON-COINCIDENT DEMAND

2012 GRA CA IR-177 Attachment 1 Page 1 of 26

1

# RATE DESIGN OBJECTIVES

The Applicant's ultimate objective in setting rates is stated to be the providing of service at rates that distribute cost of an equitable basis, recognizing usage characteristics and cost causation. With ever changing conditions, data rate design will be an ongoing evolutionary process.

# COST OF SERVICE ANALYSIS

The Applicant's proposed rates are based upon an analysis of its estimated rate base, also hereinafter referred to as "plant investments", and operating expenses, also hereinafter referred to as "operating costs", for the year ending March 31, 1980, and their subsequent allocation to the various customer classes. The Applicant analysed plant investments and operating costs in three stages:

- (a) Functionalization, i.e. the plant investments and operating costs were
  functionalized according to the
  utility's functions of production,
  transmission, distribution, general
  or other;
- (b) Classification, i.e. operating costs as functionalized were classified according to the system's demands, energy and customer responsibilities;
- (c) Allocation, i.e. the plant investments and operating costs, as functionalized and classified, were then allocated to the customer classes.

# ANALYSIS OF RATE BASE

The estimated Rate Base of the Applicant for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1980, amounting to \$829,387,000 after the deduction of that portion of

the rate base dedicated to specialized sales and services relating to combined steam and electric service, steam service, and the Mersey System totalling \$29,459,000, was analysed as follows:

FOR THE YEAR ENDING WARCH 31, 1980 (\$000)

	TOTAL	UNALLOCATED	TOTAL. TO E ALLOCATED
Production Plant (1) Steam (2) Hyoro (3) Gas Turbine (4) TOTAL PRODUCTION PLANT	\$249,979 167,404, 19,165 436,548	3,471	\$230,950 163,933 19,165 414,043
(5) Transmission Plant	130,883	ì	130,883
(6) Substations (7) Other (8) TOTAL DISTRIBUTION	26,576 199,188 225,764	163	26,413 199,188 225,601
(9) General Property and Intangibles	15,928	22.663	15,928
(10) Total Plant in Service	2000		
Morking Cepital (11) Cash - Fuel (12) Cash - Other (13) Materials & Supplies - Fuel (14) Materials & Supplies - Other (15) total Work Capital	16,670 5,463 13,305 14,285	3,756 610 1,118 1,312 6,795	12,914 4,853 12,187 12,973 42,927
TOTAL RATE BASE	\$358,846	\$ 29,459	\$829,387
FUNCTIONALIZATION OF	RATE BASE		

The Applicant functionalized the net Rate Base of \$829,387,000 through the use of its plant records; as follows:

1 2 1

 Production Plant	\$ 230,950 \$	163,933	TOTAL PRODUCTION PLANT 414,048	(5) Transmission Plant 130,883	Distribution Plant Substations	(3) Other (3) TOTAL DISTRIBUTION	(9) General Property & Intangibles	(10) TOTAL PLANT IN SERVICE : 414,048 130,883	Working Capital Cash - Fuel		(13) Materials & Supplies - Fuel	Materials & Supplies - Other TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL	(16) TOTAL RATE BASE \$130.883
DISTRIBUTION				è	26,413	199,188		225,601	٠				\$225,601
OTHER					9		15,928	15,928 786,463	12,914	4,853	12,187	12,973	50 50 50
TOTAL	- \$230.950	163.933	414,048	130,383	26.413	199.189	15,922	786,463	12,914	4,853	12,187	1	520 32

# CLASSIFICATION OF RATE BASE

it considered this step unnecessary for the determinainto Demand, Energy, Customer and Other and Direct as The Applicant did not classify the Rate Base tion of the rate of return for each class.

# ALLOCATION OF RATE BASE TO CUSTOMER CLASSES

ending March 31, 1980 to customer classes was made by The allocation of the rate base for the year the Applicant as follows:

Tar Sur	122		ž		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	A.T.	2	F. 7-1	7.7		4			1212	4	(13)
Take 1	PN.92 161,933	חרומר	131,003							14,52	15,728	44,410		12,914 4,833 12,101	12,977	(E1)
Harall Fred	3,772	7.85	2,51		252	ž	743	334	12.	12,5 W	440	24,755		easa	676	(11)
	40,47 1,77	11.0	6,047		1,72 1,72 1,73 1,73 1,73 1,73 1,73 1,73 1,73 1,73	2	٠.	44	=	1,912	2	20,724		ESSS	1,723	(10)
Parametrillin Berring	1 3,00	2.101	1,780		,r	,	. ,	**	۱.	R	204	3,09.2		\$×54	1,847	(9)
Inducted	15,35	38.312	491.0E		EE.	E.	9.	***	=	2,07	1,640	RF'B		2333	1,441	(E)
Indiantrial 250-1,949 KVA	\$ 14,781 10,734 1,325	N.T.	FC.		2,231	E	£ .	E 2	R	1.667	(2)	10,043		EX25	3,436	(1)
Inductrial Ju. 219 618	2,194	1735	1,243		RE	(S	325	7:	٠	1,009	*	1,707		easid	38	(8)
General Jacob	1,669	\$10.9	1,444		736	172	2 '		-	1,336	572	15,207		EBER	. 63	(5)
Semeral MI-filecteds	116,024 12,637 13,437	2010	. 690'6		23.	1,634	3,25	507	9	10,710	1,032	20,770		E223	2,557	(4)
Service Breezy	\$5.28 \$5.18	171.8	21,546		£7.	5,339	8.84	2,910	5	35,276	3,24	712,441		2,610	6,496	(3)
Chestl.	1,590	4.75	1,477		EE;	467'1	513	577	13	157*9	340	12,816	,	2222	(FE)	(a)
South.	65,239	119.75	7X*07		34.11	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	19774	14.77	50	\$47°974	7.79	34,411		5577	14,970	(1)
	Cochestion Stans Spires Gas Partition	The	acted on the	ואורויינות	Sirintines	Vica-0.R.	Undergennel	Stalete	Other Dishiller	7-1-1	al districted &	Total Plant In-Services	tailor Septas	Canternal Carter Subset Incfund Inctitler	telai	70 E2 PE DE
	385	3	(5)	2						(16)	E	(14)	A	5535	(2)	3
	Coult Sowers! Several Industrial			Description   Description	Exercise   Exercise							Expension	Execution   1,000	Experiment   Exp	Expectation   18,530   13,650   13,55	Particle   Particle

# RATE BASE ALLOCATION FACTORS

The above allocation of the Applicant's rate base to the customer classifications was based on the use of the factors that follow each item of rate base. An explanation of the factors is as follows:

## PRODUCTION PLANT

# (1) Steam (DØ-1)

The steam plant, which is designed to meet base load, is allocated on the basis of system peak and average demand. The demand represents the sum of the system's coincident peak and average hourly consumption. Power supplied to Bowater Mersey and AECL Point Tupper was deducted in both cases. The average hourly demand was determined by dividing the net MWH by 8760 hours.

for fiscal year 1980, and the quantity of power generat-The Applicant first projected its energy sales, study were adjusted for 1980 in accordance with over-The following are the results of the load factors developed by the 1978 Ernst and Ernst all system load factor and used to arrive at each ed and purchased before line losses, by classes. Applicant's calculations, class demand.

			Sivery Line	1000		55.		233					255	. 3	"	::	::	::		1	1,212	I	*		4	*	13	1	
			System	Thethe		5:0:		000	-225	6/2	4774	45	0634		026.	575*	*925	7.000						The second	900	21/2	1		
	4		Colocidant	Prince 15	120		***	444	3.5		:0	136	***		2 .	17	7	*	1		7,017	1			35		121		
		System	Tesk 124	Dream	113	10	217	000	12	33	59	110	1		200	2 5	25	07	1		44400			70	2 22	1	1030	9799	
1		-	Colneldent	toyl Pactor	\$5.55	10.08	55.53	46.03	77.06	35.61	58.57	99.99		20 00	27.40	65.65	2000	****						20 00	77.40	1		9.	
			1886	Sourated	357,716.	7: ,653	1.148,048	323,239	120,262	37,437	350,055	1,130,669	201.426	203.624	169.643	251.617	20 101	101101	-	F A77 CAA	000111000			200.024	119,040	-		1,678,239	
			•	Occes	9.35	9.35	. 9.35	69-0	7.24	7.34	6.64	4.13	4.13	4.13	4.13	4.13	21.0		1	3.41	1			4.13	7	1		4.7	
•			1961	. soles	1,759,242	200,75	1,010,714	200,700	110,203	34,500	375,700	1,001,000	123,100	200,000	102,000	213,200	20.000	2000		S. 677 227 .				200,000	182,000	1	2000	20.00.00	
			1	1															•	٠	•								
	ľ							_																					
			•		(1) Damptie	(2) Smill Corneal	(3) Coneral Service Descrip	(4) Corora: Service Ai-Sectric	(3) לייביים: ביריוכים (4)	(י) בהיבפבניה: נס 252 איש	(7) :reinstrial 250-3939 XVA	(5) industrial Longo	(7) Intercuptible				(11) Unvisional	City Marze		TODA (51)			Deduct		The season of th	1	102		*

# AVERAGE DEMAND CALCULATION OF SYSTEM PEAK &

Net System Coincident Peak MW Demand Average Consumption 5,679,128 8760 System Peak & Average Demand (MW) for Corporation	1038	649	1687	
System Coincident rage Consumption 5 tem Peak & Average for Corp	Demand		(MM)	
System Coincident rage Consumption 5 tem Peak & Average for Corp	eak MW	HIC	Demand	TOT OF
System rage Con tem Peak	incident I	ת הו	(	つし しつ さつさ
Net Sy Averag System	stem Co	Consu	Peak	
	Net Sy	Averag	System	

of 1687 MW was allocated by the Applicant between its The Applicant's system peak and average customer classes as follows:

Industrial 250-1,970 715 Personation of Allegating Pastors
For the feet Year Bresh 11, 1930 117 2.02 124 2.02 27 37.64 1,667 White Test & Average S. Angenesibility

classifications: lowing allocation of the Steam Plant, valued at \$230,950,000 to the various customer

The percentages, so derived, were used in the fol-

desert and desert 1 34,836 PRODUCTION PLANT femal sharp 14,730 6 8,430 · 6 96,770

Interior 1

Hydro (DØ-6) (2)

Gas Turbine (DØ-6) (3)

coincident peak that was determined by the following meet peaks and are allocated on the basis of system Hydro and gas turbine plants are designed to sales and generation analysis, shown above, The Applicant's system coincident peak of 1038 MWH as determined was allocated by the Applicant between the customer classes as follows:

in ar Personal Pr. ec.

22

customer classifications by the use of the above perbine Plant of \$19,165,000 was next allocated to the The hydro plant of \$163,933,000 and Gas Turcentages, as follows:

Service Pri

(D-00) Transmission

1.63

investment on system peak and average demand. As the transmission system is designed to meet allocated this portion of and average was These were allocated determined, as noted above under Production (1) system peak Steam (DØ-1), at 1687 MW. the demand, the Applicant The total Applicant's the plant

as follows:

23 Ill Alex Jares 10 2/2 EVA 175 Es 37.44

Percentages so derived were used by the

vestment, valued at \$130,883,000, between the var

Applicant in allocating the Transmission Plant in-

ious customer classifications as follows:

Industrial 20-1-571-59 General MI-Electeds Service Average Sensor

DISTRIBUTION PLANT

Land (PØ-2)

Investment in land was allocated by the Ap-

plicant on the basis of substation, pole and wire

investment as follows:

| Property | Allocation Forbret | Dec | De

Industrial Industrial allocations \* 4,265 700 11,187 Sameral Industrial these 1. 1. E. Of \$ 6,465 General All Elec. The determination #20,512 14.34 3.19 Surratis \$ 99,053 143,071 Folal Fontenty

dealt with below in more detail, under Distribution

(7) Substations (Schedule 3a), Distribution, Poles

(Schedule 3c), and Demand (9) Wire Overhead (Schedule 3e).

The percetages derived from the Substation Pole and Wire Investment, were used by the Applicant in the allocation of Distribution - Land, Plant amounting to \$2,716,000 as follows:

## Allocation of the Burn

All-Heskie 9. 1,600

# DISTRIBUTION PLANT

(7) Substations (Schedule 3a)

Substation investments were allocated by the Applicant to customer classes as noted below, with the amounts invested in facilities dedicated to individual customer's uses being identified and directly allocated to the customer's respective class.

# FOR THE YEAR EHOLNIG MARCH 31, 1980

			DISTRIBUTION BULK POWER	DIST.DED. BULK POMER		DIST. CUST.		DISTRIBUTION	00		DIST.CUST.	TOTAL	
2	1) Total Dist. Substations		\$20,143	\$ 782		\$ 22	J	\$ 4,547	\$ 836		22	\$26,413	
	ALLOCATION												
2	Comestic		\$ 9,620			,		\$ 2,172	**			\$11,792	
3	Small General		222	į				90			•	272	
5	General		5,040		į,	•		1,138	•	10	•	6,243	
(2)			1,686					381	0	6	•	2,156	
10	General Large		199		ŀ	•		66	OV.	23	•	633	
1		-	305	37	2	•		99		9	ě	378	
(8)			1,426	10	1	-		322	321		23	2,200	
(6)			542	396	9	=		122	108	89	1	1,179	
10			•		1	10				1		17	
E	(11) Municipal		461	277	1			104	207	11	•	1,049	
(12)	(12) Unaietered		403		*1			16		11	1	767	
33	(13) TOTAL	:	\$20,143	\$ 782	211	22 23		\$ 4,547	\$ 896	911	23	\$26,413	
	Allocation Factor		00-3*	Direct		Direct		09-3*	Direct	Ĉ	Ofrect	÷	

The non-dedicated substation investments were allocated on the basis of percentages derived from class non-coincident primary demand. Details are as follows:

## Wreignmen of Alternition Porton

12. March March 1871 Total Bestils
1,103 477 (5) Class B.C. Dennet Printers (c) 5 bengenitalists

The resulting allocation of Substation Plant,

valued at \$26,413,000; was as follows:

## Morating of the least

X. 1,00 2 1.17 200-1.972 FU 5. Mi-firstele \* DISTRIBUTION PLANT Service Beams Q. P. P. P. E: 7.1

E

# (8) Poles (Schedule 3c)

Based upon construction and engineering estimates, the Applicant proposes that 30% of the poles be treated as primary while the balance be split 50% primary and 50% secondary.

Subsequently, the totals were split 63% to customer responsibility and 37% to demand responsibility. The split is based on the concept that 30 and 35 feet poles are the minimum size poles

of the total pole investment, which was accordingly allocated 63% poles at 2, and 35 feet poles at 1, the average weighted cost of 30 and 35 feet poles was \$104.10. This amount required to service all customers. Weighting 30 feet to customer responsibility, and 37% to demand responof poles equals 63% multiplied by the total number sibility.

# AWALYSIS OF POLE INVESTMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 1980

SECONDARY SECONDARY DEMAND CUSTOMES (37%) (63%)		, , ,	,		59,691 \$16,500	
PRIMARY SECUSTOMER DE (53%) (3		\$ \$14,143 \$	16,501		\$30,644	
PRIMARY DEMAND (37%)	A	\$ 8,307	169*6	1	\$17,998	
TOTAL .	\$74.833	22,450	26,192	26,191.	\$74,833	
	Total Net Pole Cost	Primary Only (30%)	50% Joint-Primary	50% Joint-Secondary	TOTAL	
3	Ξ	(2)	3	3	(5)	

The total pole investment of \$74,833,000 is allocated to customer classes by the relevant allocation factors set out below,

# ALLOCATION OF POLE INVESTMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 1980 (\$000)

															Zac lor	7	*	7	*	
												re-			Dam leved	2,549	2.55 5.	2,33	82	
SECONDARY	\$14,804	870	585	8	•	28		•			135	\$16,500	CB-4	1	Boletmi	4.1	N 1	•	នក្ខ	
SECONDARY	\$5,516	118	2,740	937	•	154	v	•	, i		226	169,68			Internetible	•	••		•	
	15											8	00-2		Industrial Industrial I	•	N 1	٠	2.60	
PRIMARY	\$27,476	1,615	1,085	150		. 52	15	•			251	\$30,644	5-62		Industrial Ir 250-3,979 EVA	i i	741 203		F.05	
PRIMARY	\$ 8,596	198	4,503	1,507	394	270	1,274	484	1	412	360	\$17,998	DØ-3	brelonest of Allocation Fectors For the Tout Tear Myrch 31, 1980	Industrial to 25 2 KM	94	25	1.50	1.50	
1	392	2,801	8,910	2,675	394	504	,289	484	á	412	972	833		fort fear	General Jense	• •	2.	•	2.19	
COST	\$56,392	2,	60°	2	- 1		-		a			\$74,833		Preloner For the	General All Elena	1,542	1,526	9.67	8.37	
			2		*			j.							Conoral	3.53	11,003	28.21	25.02	
		-		ectric		249 KVA	Industrial 250-3999 KVA	9.0				-	tor	3	Sensi	27.6	16,450	1,22	1,10	
	U	11 General		General All-Electric	General Large	Industrial to 249 KVA	1al 250-	Industrial Large	ptible	pal	pau		(13) Allocation Factor		Pores tie	280,061	289,061	\$6.92	67.73	
	Domestic	<b>б</b> та11 6	General	General	General	Industr	Industr	Industr	Interruptible	Municipal	Unmetered	TOTAL	Alloca	8	Total	312,169	312,348	100,000	1,003	
	3 (3)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(4)	(8)	(6)	(01)	(11)	(12)	(13)			Sustance Secondary	Statemer Princip	Class N.C. Presed Secondary	Class N.C. Deserd Primary S Archotability	

As a result of the above calculations, Distribution Plant - Poles, valued at \$74,833,000,

was allocated by the Applicant to the customer classifications as follows;

Allocation of the Bose

Lee The Lose Colleg Berth 11, 1989
(brow)

5 ,

# DISTRIBUTION PLANT

- 10 -

# Wire-Overhead (Schedule 3e)

The wire investment of the Applicant amounting to \$41,825,000 was split by the Applicant on construction and engineering estimates on the basis of 30% to primary and the balance, 50% primary and 50% secondary.

The customer demand split was made on the basis of minimum wire size of #1/0 copper and #2/0 aluminum wire required to service each customer. The installed costs of these two types of wire is \$131.38/1000 feet. The total cost of these wires when compared with the total of the wire investment, establishes that 59% of the wire investment is customer related and 41% demand related. The final analysis of wire investment is as follows:

ANALYSIS OF WIRE INVESTMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 1980 (\$000)

SECONDAY	(\$65)	,		8,636	38,636
SECONDARY. DEMAND	(418)			6,002	\$6,002
PRIMARY	5	\$ 7,403	8,637	1	\$16,040
PRIMARY		\$ 5,145	. 6,002	1	\$11,147
TOTAL.	\$41,825	12,548	14,639	14,638	\$41,825
	COST	(1)	227	Secondary	
	(1) TOTAL NET WIRE COST	(2) Primary Only (30%)	(3) 50% Joint - Primary	(4) 50% Joint - Seco	(5) TOTAL

The Applicant then allocated the wire investment to the various customer classifications on the same allocation factors (D $\beta$ -3, C $\beta$ -5, D $\beta$ -2 and C $\beta$ -5) set out above under Distribution (8) Poles.

# FOR THE YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 1980

(8000)

	TOTAL	PRIMARY	PRIMARY CUSTOMER	SECONDARY	SECO, IDARY CUSTOMER
	* *				
(1) Domestic	\$30,869	\$ 5,324	\$14,381	\$ 3,416	\$.7,748
(2) Small General	1,496	123	845	73	455
(3) General Service	5,359	2,789	268	1,697	305
(4) Ganeral All-Electric	1,634	933	79	580	. 45
(5) General Large	244	244	•	•	•
(6) Industrial to 249 KVA	305	167	27	96	15
(7) Industrial 250-3,999 KVA	. 797	789	02	0	
(8) Industrial Large	300	300		*	
(9) Interruptible	•		•	•	10.
(10) Municipal	255	255	•	4	•
(11) Unmetered	999	223	132	140	17
(12) TOTAL	\$41,825	\$11,147	\$16,040	\$ 6,002	\$ 8,636
(13) Allocation Factor		09-3	CB-5	09-2	CØ-4

As a result of these calculations, the Applicant

then allocated Distribution - Wires Overhead plant,

valued at \$41,825,000, as follows:

Miserister of this flow

1,634 Service Sweet

DISTRIBUTION PLANT

(10) Underground (PØ-1)

Underground facilities were allocated by the

Applicant on the totals of pole and wire invest-

ments, as follows:

Paralogents of Albentian Instart For the Tast Install 10, 1990

Total Constil Constil Constil Constil Constil Industrial Industria

- 13 -

The pole and wire investment allocations were as shown above under Distribution (8) Poles and (9) Wire.

Based upon the above approach, the Applicant allocated Distribution - Underground Plant, valued at \$5,944,000, as follows:

Spring Dunes 12. Series | . Cittle

# DISTRIBUTION PLANT

# (11) Line Transformers (DØ-2)

Line transformers, being used in the secondary system, were allocated by the Applicant on secondary class non-coincident demands as follows:

# Determination of Chara then-Colombiant 314 by Folipes lavel

Municipal Interruptible Industrial General General Industrial Industrial General Perand 275 See 11 573 CONTOLL

Industrial Ince Industrial 250-1,999 [// Perelonment of Allocation Feetors For the Took Year Mirch 11, 1980 Industrial to 2,9 KW 1,59 General General Smill General 10 1.22 Total September 817 100.001 A Responsibility

Using the percentages so derived, the Ap-

plicant allocated plant described as Distribution

Line Transformers as follows:

The fact of the fa

# DISTRIBUTION PLANT

# (12) Services (CØ-3)

Services were spread by the Applicant or

weighted customer basis as follows:

For you feat Year Stock 11, 1949

Indestrial Industrial 280,061 75.61 770,379 Total Committee

The Applicant allocated the Distribution Plant - Services, valued at \$19,518,000 on the basis of the above percentages, as follows:

## Zer Jie Jeer Fellor flyreh Jl.

		Inte	
		Per lery	
		finished by	
		Berlin B	4
		Indescrini	٠
		Indestrial 220-1-002 Ets	
THE PARTY WITH THE PARTY TO THE	(000	Industrial Ja 249 175	50
100	*	Part Land	4
		Dreini All-Kleckele	3,750
		Merrice Penns	1,105
		Series 1	647
		Parellie.	19,179
		4	in Transferent

# DISTRIBUTION PLANT

(13) Meters (Schedule 3f)

Meter investment for each class of customer was determined by multiplying the unit cost of installing the type of meter used by each class by the number of customers in the class, as follows:

# ANALYSIS OF METER INVESTMENT

		CUSTOMERS	3	UNIT METER	TOTAL COST	*	METER COST (S000)	
i i			100					
1) Domestic		280,067	*	34.00	\$9,522,074	81.09	81.09 \$ 8.561	
2) Small General	Ö	16,450		34.00		4.76	502	
3) General Service		11,043		111,00	1,225,773	10.44	1,102	
4) General All-Electric		.1,546		145.00	224,170	1.51	202	
5) General Large		m	- 1	657.00	1,971	-02	01	
5) Industrial to 249 KVA		545		145.00	79,025	.67	. 77	
7) Industrial 250-3,999 KVM		149		657.00	97,893	.83	88	
3) Industrial Large		14		,338.00	18,732	.16	17	
9) Interruptible	ż	. 7		,338.00	9,366	.08	00	
10) Municipal		œ	,	520.00	4.160	.04	4	
11) Unmetered		2,561		í	•	i		
12) TOTAL		312,387			\$11,742,464	100.00	\$10,557	

The Distribution Plant - Meters, valued at

\$10,557,000 was allocated by the Applicant on the

above determination as follows:

Industrial Industrial 270-1.992 Era All Elen. Laneral Industrial \$ 143,071 \$ 19,053 Total Second

# DISTRIBUTION PLANT

## Other (PØ-2) (14)

mined as shown under Distribution Plant (6) Land, above substation, pole and wire investment percentages detercustomer classifications on the basis of the following distribution costs were allocated between Other

## Epe Jin Tool Trac Meritian Pactors

\$ 2,032 1.42 1,716 Industrial Industrial 270-1,579 574 Lares \$ 4,286 \$ 4,963 120,121 \$ 64.65 \$1.271 \$1.187 Ocean General Industrial Smil Coneral 3 4,569 \$ 143,071 \$ 59,053 Bernstie Company spratchilly

# This plant valued at \$917,000 was allocated

percentages by the Applicant on the basis of the P#2 follows:

Interiorist Sales Color All-Staticts tarm Perior Bread 157 10 5

# DISTRIBUTION PLANT

## Street Lighting (15)

The Street Lighting Plant, valued at \$9,254,000 was assigned directly to the unmetered class,

## (PØ-3) General and Intangible (11)

was allocated to the customer classification on the basis of percentages of all other plant investment, namely, Production, Transmission and Distribution The general and intangible plant investment Plant investment as follows:

100ustrini Industrini 250-1,078 NS James Industrialia 4 79,818 \$20,735 \$ 6,590 5.17 10.48 \$ 65.90 General Industrial Jares, 10 229 KV4 \$11,598 \$ 7.551 1.56 \$ 98 Connell All Elec-Total Description | Security Coperation | Security Coperation | Description | Descript

used by the Ap-These percentages were then

and Intangible Plant to customer classifications as follows:

plicant in allocating the General

illestion of the med la

7 Inducted .

(EØ-1) Cash - Fuel (13)

allocated to customer classes on percentages deter-The Cash-Fuel item of Working Capital was mined as follows:

## Prelovent of Allocation factors For the fost foat Breat It, 1920

78,101 253,687 3.55 Industrial Industrial 348,865 1,136,609 All Rec. Latte to 20 2 KYS 7.07 326,209 128,264 Conoral Pre-10d 74,658 1,148,048 Seell Persot le 5,679,128 1,941,766 Total Eperage

Working Capital - Cash-Fuel, valued at

\$12,914,000 was allocated by the Applicant

the above percentages as follows:

Interreptible Service Males See Leafe 4 Service Seems Separal L

WORKING CAPITAL

1,413

Cash-Other (00-3) (50) The Working Capital representing Cash-Other

on the basis of percentages of the total operating was allocated between the customer classification

costs determined as follows:

## For the Took Your Here's 21, 1929

| Commert General Industrial Industrial Industrial Internetible | All Direct | Act | Total Constile Search Desire \$ 51,555 \$ 25,473 \$ 1,057 \$ 9,528 \$ 100.00 \$ 49.41 \$ 2.05 \$ 18.48

out Operating Costs

Working Capital--Cash-Other, valued at \$4,853,000

was allocated by the Applicant on the above percentages

as follows:

## (Linestin.of. 11 to . State for the Isse, Still whitch II. 1999

20-1-572 EN Ja 209 Kills . Obnorat Perent !

13 8 Vertine Sauthi

# (21) Inventories - Fuel (EØ-1)

WORKING CAPITAL

Inventories-Fuel were allocated to the customer classes on the basis of percentages derived from MWH Generated and Purchased, as

## Preclaiment of Allocation Factors

Large Land 78,101 1.34 Yant stony 253,687 Seesal Seesal Industrial Industrial Industrial Industrial 348,865 1,138,449 201,426 74,655 1,148,048 328,209 328,205 371,437 656,145 Secral Period \$,679,126 1,941,746 100,00 34,19 Contain Denasic

Fuel valued at \$12,187,000, between the Customer Clas-Inventories The percentages so derived enabled the Applicant to allocate the Working Capital. sification as follows:

# Enc. Transfer of Prince Control of the Control of t

Inc. - Paul

## WORKING CAPITAL

# (22) Inventories - Other (PØ-3)

Inventories - Other were distributed among the customer classifications on percentages based upon the allocations of production, transmission and distribution plant as shown above.

## Parties Test Section (1987) For the Test Section 31, 1999 (Jac)

Total Total Demand Connect Connect Connect Industrial I

The percentages were then used by the Applicant to allocate the Inventories - Other, amounting to \$12,973,000 among the customer classifications, as follows:

ACTIVATION TO THE MENT OF THE STATE OF THE S

Omeral Security Inhesiral Inhesiral Material Mat

# OPERATING EXPENSES

H

The Operating Expenses (Operating Costs) of the Applicant Were processed as follows before being allocated to the various customer classifications,

- (a) Functionalization into Production, Transmission, Distribution, Administration and General and Other Costs;
- (b) Classification into Demand, Energy, Costomer, Other and Direct;
- (c) Allocation to Customer Classifications.

# FUNCTIONALIZATION OF COSTS

The total Operating Costs of the Applicant amounting to \$334,839,000 for the year ending March 31, 1980 were functionalized by the Applicant as follows:

# FURCTIONALIZATION OF COSTS R THE YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 1980 ( \$600)

	PRODUCTION COSTS	TRANSMISSION	DISTRIBUTION	ADMIN, & GEN.	ОТИЕЯ	T01AL
[street]	\$164.658		•	,	•	\$164,658
Syctom Planning & Operations	7.615	1.252	95	112		9,173
Design & Posetruction	247	362		25		634
Distribution		1.365	13,383	•	•	14,748
Customer Services				1,455	•	1,455
Personnel	1,590	448	1.224	2,062		5,324
Financial Planning & Operations	22	S	63	989		1,078
Transfer				4.050	•	4,050
Servetary & General Counsel	1,141	132	237	349	•	1,853
Information Processing		•	•	2,912	٠	2,912
General Administration		27	240	2,366		2,633
Grants In Lieu of Taxes				•	4,002	4.002
Depreciation					32,341	32,341
Public Utility Board Assessment				120		120
Labour Adjustment	9			569	1	969
Contributed Capital					1,068	1,068
Wreck Cove Deferral	1,318	1		1	1	1,318
Sub-Total-Operating	176,591	3,591	15,242	. 15,263	37,411	248,098
Return on Rate Base		•		•	89,756	
Miscellaneous Revenue	٠			,	(3,015)	
			200	100	1000	1
TOTAL	\$176,591	\$3,591	212,242	\$15,263	\$124,152	\$334,839

are kept on a divisional basis, and divisional costs the Applicant notes that the Corporation's accounts Operations Division costs are related to Production General. The Distribution Division incurs expenses In distributing the costs between functions, or may not be related to different functions. Transmission, Distribution and Administration and relating to Transmission as well as Distribution. duction related, whereas the System Planning and parison, the Thermal Division costs are all pro-CLASSIFICATION

The Operating Costs, as functionalized, have been classified into Demand, Energy, Customer, Other and Direct as follows:

			For the Ye	For the Year Ending March 31,	Costa rch 31, 1980				
		-		(\$000)				*	
1	PRODUCTION		Demand	Energy	Customer	Other	Direct	Total	
5665	Fuel Purchased Power Operating and Haintenance Wrock Cove Deferral		26,220	\$102,321	**		\$ 37,669	\$ 139,990	
(5)	(5) TOTAL PRODUCTION	18	28,511	104,825		H	(3,255	176,591	
(9)	DISTURNATION		3,581		•	15	10	3,591	
(2)	Land		632	•	. 638	•	3	1,270	
66			1,030	è	1,649		2 '	2,520	
55			917		7 0	1 1	1	137	
33	Scrvices		•		1,413		i	1,413	
(14)		•			1,570			1,043	
(16)	Commonications Expense		673	•	006	1		900	
(17)			1,823					1,823	
(19)	TOTA		7,540	1	7,619	1	.   18	322	
	ADMINISTRATION AND GENERAL	8		ľ					
2325	Ulling and Muter Reading Customer Survice Credit and Collection Other		11186	ten	1,537	111	1115	1,537	
(24)	TOTAL AMMINISTRATION AND GENERAL		4,998		8,498		1,767	15.263	
1263	Grants in Licu of Taxos  Copreciation  Contributed Captes  TOTAL OF BRATHE	~	44,630	104,825	16,117	1,068	1,381	32,341	
566	Rucuin on Kate Dasg Historilancous Navonus TOTAL	75.00	\$ 445,630	\$ 104, 825	\$16,117	86,725 (3,019 \$119,590	\$ 19.677	89,756 (3,015) \$134,839	

Customer, Other and Direct, functionalized and later classified into the funcwere allocated to the Customer Classifications The Operating Costs of the Applicant, as tions of Demand, Energy, follows:

#5,719 \$1,820 \$ 532 \$ 429 \$1,678 \$4,000 \$ 537 \$1,311 \$ 4,511 \$55,250 \$1,520 \$1,520 \$1,520 \$1,530 \$1,		1100		fenore?		Indus trini	Indust.	Industr	To be	Munie-	Uneoterna	Total	Paston
55,719   61,820   4.534   4.249   41,678   44,000   4.537   41,211   4.451   4.451   4.57,230   1.527   1.52	3	2	12	All Block	Larre.	To 249KVA	250-1994	Large	DIGITAL	101		5	1
1,000   1,00		W . W		677	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	**************************************	\$1,678 223 287 287	\$6.00 552 503 503 503	# 357 49 29 28	# 55 % 2	1,926	24,220 1,241 1,541	Edit Periodole & RC1
2,000   2,1014   2,171		2.45	200	2,970	8 81%	- শ্রন্থ	2 H 2	ह्यद्	2318	25/25	2, Mis	55.53	65
755 162 15 4.2 6.2 24 1 17 32 7,(619  225 32 52 16 16 16 17 17 32 7,(619  226 24	1,30	48.	0.2 0.0	5,912	2,32	675 169	6,283	\$15,81 \$02 \$10,15	2,62	113	144	102, 321 2,574 104, 325	173
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	252092	31.00		32223	2	282.525	250,=8	#"1 7E	1 1 10	5-11/48	#22.4±18	7,619 1,537 1,040 1,1911	Schools 6 67-3 67-3 Celebris 6
	# degradare	Mary Commence of the Commence					25.11 15.25.11 15.85.11	3.35 3.55 3.55 3.55 3.55 3.55 3.55 3.55	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	E-15 35 45 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	\$150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	- MA	N-5 17-5 Ser-dule 7

classifications, the Applicant used various factors year ending March 31, 1980 to the various customer In allocating the Operating Costs for the that will be dealt with individually,

## DEMAND

- Operating and Maintenance (DØ-1) n (DØ-1)

  - and Other (DØ-1) ion (DP-1, re Deferral (DØ-1) on, Purchased Power

The above Operating Costs relating to the Demand functions were allocated by the Applicant on the basis of System Peak and Average Demand.

were disucssed above under Production Plant (1) Steam, The appropriate allocation percentages, DØ-1  $(D\emptyset-1)$ , and the following percentages were derived in the allocation to customer classifications:

allocations to Customer Classifications of the The percentages, so derived, were used in the following Operating Costs,

- Operating and Maintenance \$26,220,000 (i)

  - Transmission & Wreck Cove Def Production F (iii) (iv)
- \$3,581,000 Deferral \$1,318,000 Purchased Power and Other \$973,000

# FOR THE YEAR ENGLISH HANCEL 31, 1980 (SOO)

	Domestic	- 3	Small	General	Seneral All Sleet	General	Industrial To 249KVA	YA.	Indust. 250-3939	Indust.	Inter-	Munico	Unno torred	101
O & M mission	\$ 9,869	45	296	\$5,719	\$1,820	\$ 530	49	37.	\$1,678	\$4.040	\$ 357	\$1,211	\$ 451	\$26,220
Cove Deferral	496		200	287	163	28		200	223	203	13	57	17	

## DEMAND

Distribution (Schedule 6a) (3) The Distribution Operating Costs were allocated classifications as by the Applicant to the customer

follows:

						(CARAS)						
	Desile	Smera!	See L	Second 321	Seneral Larres	Table tries	Inhiniteini 290-1-27212	Inches tries	interruptible.	Senietrel	Unmar Leyes	14.64
Piered .	47	2		73	10	47	6: 49	6	4	*		1 622
Strate Calledon	I. Usta	1		252	**	33	303	109	~	4	45	
D. Wartens	7.0	2		34	-0	2		-		3	71	
7) Undergrand	67	2		me		4				X		
4) Line Trans.	22	14		6		76					23	
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Kal Committee those	á	4	163	7	2	90	sign in	4	•	6	1,43	20,1
ť.	1	-		1				1	-			1
Train!	93.166	\$103		2.730				\$ 24.7	8.2	# 124	-	1,547

77777

The Applicant allocated the Demand Operating Costs in

manner as their Rate Base counterparts.

Substation costs were allocated on the basis of substation, pole and wire investment. Land was

head and underground expenses were assigned in respread according to substation investment.

lation to the pole and wire investments.

Services transformers are secondary demand related. expense was allocated to secondary customers. Meter and meter testing expenses were spread according to the meter investment per class. Communications is related to primary demands and street lighting was again assigned directly to the unmetered class.

# (6) Administration and General (0f-1)

The Administration and General Operating Costs wereallocated by the Applicant on the basis of other Demand Operating Costs, as follows,

Perceptual of Albertian Perform

The Administration and General Operating

Costs, amounting to \$4,998,000 were allocated by follows:

# ALLOCATION OF OPERATION CONTROL PROPERTY 1989 (\$200)

Total United Loring Domostic Sanil General General Industrial Indust. Indust. Inter- Munic-General, All Elect Large To 249874, 250-1972 Large mustible Leal 102 N 77.9 ্থ 87 1,032 27 1,925

## ENERGY

- 8) Production Fuel (EØ-1) 9) Production - Purchased Power (EØ-1)
- (9) Production Purchased Power (EM-1)

  Fuel costs and purchased power were both al-

located by the Applicant on percentages based upon MWH generated and purchased as follows:

137,657 3.35 Parelanmos of Allamilian Factors 7.677,128 1,943,766 100.00 %.19 33348 Granted & Perimond

\$102,321,000, and Product-The Applicant allocated the Production - Fuel ion - Purchased Power Costs amounting to \$2,504,000 to amounting Operating Costs,

- 21 -

FOR THE YEAR ENGINE LARGE 11, 1980 (\$500)

on the basis of the above percentages, as follows:

Total	102,321	
Unes tered	1,412	
Munic-	4,574	
Inter-	3,632	
	20,515	
Indust. 250-3979	6,283	
Industrial To 2/9KVA	675	
General Large	2,313	
	5,914	
General		
Small	1,340	CUSTOMER
Domestic	34,984	COS
. н	- Puch Pover	

# (11) Distribution (Schedule 6a)

The Customer Distribution Operating Expenses

follows: as the Applicant allocated

The allocation of these operating costs was made

in the same manner as their Rate Base counterparts

(Rates - Distribution Plant supra).

## CUSTOMER

(12) Billing and Meter Reading (CØ-3) Customer Service (CØ-3)

The Billing and Meter Reading Costs of \$4,018,000 and Customer Service Costs of \$1,537,000 were allocated by the Applicant on the basis of percentages derived from total weighted customers, as follows:

The resulting division of the costs were

MOTTOT

# ALLOCATION OF OVERATION COSTS OR THE YEAR ENGINE NAMED 31, 199

599 84 - 30 46 2 1 1 69 4,018 229 32 - 12 6 1 - 27 1,537	Speral All	Domestic Smal
		8 23

(14) Credit and Collection (Schedule 6d)
Credit and Collection Costs were allocated

by the Applicant as follows:

## Allocation of Credit & Collections Expense For the Year Ending March 31, 1980

5000)

	*	Bad Debt.	t. Credit &	Total
		9.5		*
3	Domestic	-\$294	. \$436	\$ 730
(2)	Small General	60	15	23
(3)	General	195	28	223
(4)	General All-Electric	20	61	52
(2)	General Large	•		•
(9)	Industrial to 249 KVA	7	•	60
(2)	Industrial 250-3,999 XVA			
(8)	Industrial Large			
(6)	Interruptible	٠		•
(01)	Municipal	٠		
3	Unmetered		**	4
		1	1	1
(15)	TOTAL	\$554	\$486	\$1,040
(13)	(13) ALLOCATION FACTOR	RØ-1	C.B-1	

The Bad Debt Expense of \$554,000 was distributed above using percentages derived on the basis of secondary customer revenue as follows:

Symbological of the Color for for the Color for the Color

The Credit and Collection Expenses of

derived on the basis of total customers as follows: \$486,000 were distributed above using percentages

2.W 

Total Carlamers S Seep-anilality

As a result of the above calculations,

distributed by the Applicant between the various Credit and Collection costs of \$1,040,000 were customer classifications as follows:

# ALLOCATION OF OFENATION CONTES FOR THE YEAR ENGLIS MARCH 31, 1999 (\$000)

Unstreed Total Small General General Industrial Indust. Indust. Inter- Munic-General All Elect Large, To 2428/VA 250-1929 Large, Dupilids, Load CUSTOMER Domestic 730 edit & Collection

# (15) Administration and General (0g-2)

Costs were distributed by the Applicant on percentages Customer-related Administration and General based on Customer Operating Costs as follows:

Park Collin Press, Chicago San Services Press, Carlo Services Park Collins Collins Services S

Foul Persists persist Constant Constant Industrial Industrial Industrial Adequation Statements Sensitive S Using the percentages so derived, the Admin-

istration and General Costs amounting to \$1,903,000

were allocated to customer classifications as follows:

ALLICATION OF OPERATING COSTS -FOR THE YEAR ENGING HARGH 31, 1989 (\$000)

Pactor Ogt. 1,903 Intor-Small General General General Industrial Indust, Indust, General General All Klast Large, To.245KVA, 250-3979 Large, 83 242 11 4 4 Domes the

Depreciation (PØ-3) Grants in Lieu of Taxes (PØ-3)

Transmission and Distribution Plant, with the following allocated by the Applicant on the basis of Production, Depreciation and Grants in Lieu of Taxes were percentages,

allocated Depreciation, amounting to \$32,028,000 and The Applicant used these percentages and

Grants in Lieu of Taxes amounting to \$3,852,000,to

the Customer Classifications as follows:

ALLOCATION OF OFFIRATION COUSTS FOR THE YEAR ENGING MARCH 31, 1989 (\$000)

Munic-121, 1,131 Industrial Indust. Indust. Inter-To 2.9NVA 250-3934 Larca Inputible 314 1,656 3,356 205 38 192 404 25 General General I Shet Large I V,482 2,075 500 60 60 Small Domestic 14,861 1,787,

cproclation rants in Lieu

#### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Requ	test IR-178:
2		
3	With	regard to CA IR-61 Attachment 1,
4		
5	(a)	Please explain the meaning of a CADPAD Load Point.
6		
7	<b>(b)</b>	Please explain the meaning of a CADPAD Primary Service.
8		
9	<b>(c)</b>	Please explain the difference between the solid blue line and the dashed blue lines,
10		both of which appear to refer to 7200/12470 primary distribution.
11		
12	<b>(d)</b>	Please explain the meaning of the asterisk symbols shown along certain of the
13		distribution lines, such as at the intersection of Murray Rd. and Highway 6.
14		
15	<b>(e)</b>	Please explain why only one distribution transformer is shown in this entire area (on
16		Pleasure Cove Rd.).
17		
18	<b>(f)</b>	Please provide a distribution diagram for this area, showing all transformers.
19		
20	Resp	onse IR-178:
21		
22	(a)	A CADPAD Load Point is an estimated location for the load on a feeder section. These
23		would be in place to simulate transformer loading for an area and would generally
24		represent a number of local distribution transformers. We are currently collecting the
25		individual transformer locations as part of a three year GIS data collection project.
26		
27	(b)	A CADPAD Primary Service typically identifies the location a three phase customer who
28		has a dedicated primary service fed from equipment such as a pad mounted transformer

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-178 Page 1 of 2

#### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1		or transformers in a vault. A CADPAD Primary Service can also represent the location
2		of a single phase pad mounted transformer.
3		
4	(c)	The solid blue line represents a three phase distribution line, while a dashed line
5		represents a single phase line. Although none are indicated on this part of the system, a
6		dashed line with dots would represent two phase distribution lines.
7		
8	(d)	These asterisks denote a conductor tap point. Not every tap location has been updated to
9		be identified in this manner.
10		
11	(e)	Only one distribution transformer has been identified on this map as this area has not
12		been collected as part of the GIS Data Collection project referenced in part (a) above.
13		This individual transformer was a more recent addition to the system and was added prior
14		to the start of the GIS Data Collection project.
15		
16	(f)	Such a distribution diagram does not exist at this time.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-178 Page 2 of 2

#### **CONFIDENTIAL** (Attachment Only)

1	Request IR-179:			
2				
3	Pleas	e provide diagrams similar to CA IR-61 Attachment 1, but including all transformers		
4	and (if possible) customer locations, for			
5				
6	(a)	Purcells Cove Rd., Halifax		
7				
8	<b>(b)</b>	Fraser St., Halifax		
9				
10	(c)	Upper Partridge River Road, East Preston		
11				
12	Respo	onse IR-179:		
13				
14	(a)	Please refer to Confidential Attachment 2.		
15				
16	(b)	Please refer to Confidential Attachment 1.		
17				
18	(c)	Please refer to Confidential Attachment 3.		

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-179 Page 1 of 1

# NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Request IR-180:
2	
3	Please explain the difference between the "SUB" and "UG" types in CA IR-70 Attachment
4	1.
5	
5	Response IR-180:
7	
3	"SUB" would represent submarine cable while "UG" would represent regular underground cable
)	buried on land.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-180 Page 1 of 1

#### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Requ	nest IR-181:
2		
3	CA I	R-72 requested "the analysis of weighted service costs, with all supporting documents
4	and a	analysis." The response consisted of a reference to the 1993 COSS, which stated that
5	such	an analysis was conducted.
6		
7	(a)	Please provide the analysis described in SR-01 Attachment 1 Page 9, or state that
8		NSPI has no such analysis for the current 2010 COSS.
9		
10	<b>(b)</b>	Please provide the analysis described in CA IR-45 Attachment 9, Page 6, or state
11		that NSPI has no such analysis for the 1993 COSS.
12		
13	Resp	onse IR-181:
14		
15	(a)	NSPI has not attempted to retrieve and repeat the basis of this principle in this
16		proceeding. Please refer to CA IR-170.
17		
18	(b)	Weighted services costs have been applied in all NSPI cost of service filings since, at
19		least, 1980. Please refer to page 13 (Section 12) of Attachment 1 to CA IR-177 for the
20		illustration on how services were spread on a weighted customer basis.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-181 Page 1 of 1

#### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Request IR-182:		
2			
3	Please explain how "Using historical trends, NSPI is able to take into consideration any		
4	customer classes that share a service drop." (CA IR-73)		
5			
6	(a) Please provide all data and computations regarding the sharing of services between		
7	customers in multi-family housing.		
8			
9	Response IR-182:		
10			
11	The analysis of service costs is based on the number of customer accounts. Therefore, if one		
12	account serves multiple families, they are not accounted for in the weighted service costs.		
13	However, if a multi-family unit has multiple accounts (that is, each unit has its own meter), these		
14	customers would be accounted for in the analysis of service costs.		
15			
16	(a) NSPI does not track services shared by customers in multi-family housing.		

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-182 Page 1 of 1

#### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Requ	nest IR-183:
2		
3	CA I	R-74 requested "the derivation of 'The average unit cost of installing a meter for each
4	class	"The response consisted of a reference to the 1993 COSS, which stated that such an
5	analy	vsis was conducted.
6		
7	(a)	Please provide the meter cost analysis described in SR-01 Attachment 1 Page 9, or
8		state that NSPI has no such analysis for the current 2010 COSS.
9		
10	<b>(b)</b>	Please provide the meter cost analysis described in CA IR-45 Attachment 9, Page 6,
11		or state that NSPI has no such analysis for the 1993 COSS.
12		
13	Respo	onse IR-183:
14		
15	(a)	NSPI has not attempted to retrieve and repeat the basis of this principle in this
16		proceeding. Please refer to CA IR-45.
17		
18	(b)	The average unit costs of installing a meter have been applied consistently in all NSPI
19		filings since at least 1993. Please refer to the following attachments for the foundational
20		background behind current Cost of Service Studies.
21		
22		a. Attachment 1 (regulatory record from the 1989 GRA regarding examination of
23		meter installation cost analysis)
24		b. Attachment 2: Cost of Service Studies Volume 1 prepared by Ernst & Ernst for
25		the years ended March 31st, 1977 and March 31st, 1978 (page 31 of 62, lines 4 to
26		14).
27		c. Attachment 3: Cost of Service Studies Volume 2 prepared by Ernst & Ernst for
28		the years ended March 31, 1977 and March 31, 1978 (Schedule 15, page 73 of
29		89).

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-183 Page 1 of 1

NSPC (RC378I0007) RATE CASE #030

DEC 1988 - NSPC APPLICATION TO REVISE RATES AND REGULATIONS

DATE: 900906

PAGE: 9

DATE EXHIB QUES

WITNESS /

REQ TRANS

VL SL FILED NUM NUM REQUESTED BY 

REQUESTED OF

DATE REF PG DESCRIPTION

06.58 890223

NDP

A.E. DOMINIE

890124

FILE COPIES OF VOLUME 1 AND 2 OF THE COST OF SERVICE STUDIES FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31/77

AND MARCH 31/78.

CLERK A.B. DEMPSEY

COMMISSIONERS:

J.S. DRUÑY, Q.C., CHAIRMAN K.A. ROBERTSON, F.C.A., VICE CHAIRMAN J.L. HARRIS, Q.C. C.J. McMANUS, P. ENG ALLAN GREEN, Q.C. 'L. ROWE, P.ENG. 1. NICKERSON, Q.C.



PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

Board of Commissioners of Public Atilities

1526 DRESDEN ROW

P.O. BOX 3058
HALIFAX SOUTH POSTAL STATION

別alifax, 24. 為. B3J 3G7 Suiting Dian Solveston

TELEPHONE (902) 424-448 FACSIMILE (902) 424-39-9

PLEASE ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO THE BOARD

January 24, 1989

Mr. Maurice MacDonald, Manager, Corporate Relations, 18th Floor, 1930 Barrington Street, P.O. Box 910, Halifax, Nova Scotia B3J 2W5

#### Re: Cost of Service Studies

Dear Mr. MacDonald:

The Board has received a request from Mr. Ian Johnson, Researcher with the Nova Scotla NDP Caucus Office that copies of Volumes 1 and 2 of the Cost of Service Studies for the years ending March 31, 1977 and March 31, 1978 be made available to him.

We would ask that you provide these items to Mr. Johnson as quickly as possible.

Yours very truly,

A.B. Demosev

Clerk

/abd

cc: Mr. Ian Johnson

cc: Mr. Peter G. Gurnham

036,06,58

# nova scotia power corporation

BY COURIER

1989 01 31

Mr. Ian Johnson Researcher Nova Scotia NDP Caucus Office 1657 Barrington St. HALIFAX, N.Š.

Dear Mr. Johnson:

Cost of Service Studies Re:

Further to your request which we received from the Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities, enclosed please find a copy of the Cost of Service Studies for the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and March 31, 1978 Volumes 1 and 2.

We trust the attached is satisfactory.

Yours very truly,

M.F. MacDonald
Manager, Corporation Relations

Encl.

A.B. Dempsey

P.W. Gurnham

File

C.L./Circ. File

Ernst & Ernst

Cost of Service Studies for the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and March 31, 1978

Volume 1

Prepared for
Nova Scotia Power Corporation

December 1978

- In its Order of May 11, 1977, the Nova Scotia Board of
- 2 Commissioners of Public Utilities ordered the Nova Scotia Power
- 3 Corporation to complete a historical cost of service study. Per the
- 4 Order, the attached report presents such a cost analysis for two
- 5 historical time periods. These periods are the fiscal years ending
- 6 March, 31, 1977 and March, 31, 1978.
- 7 It was further ordered that a historical cost of service study be
- 8 completed on a seasonal and time of day basis.
- 9 Because of the complexity of allocation of costs on a seasonal and
- 10 time-of-day basis, we have not been able to address that issue in this
- 11 report.
- This aspect of the study has been viewed as forming part of the
- 13 Peak Load Pricing Study. This study is presently getting under way
- and it is difficult to say, at this time, when the Corporation may be
- able to report on these specific issues.
- The scope of the project detailed in this report was to measure
- 17 the cost effectiveness of the rates ordered by the Board which became
- effective March 2, 1977. In order to measure the cost effectiveness,
- the revenue for the fiscal year 1977 was pro-formed at rates effective

- 1 March 2, 1977. Thus, the results of the rate schedule can be
- 2 measured, over time, at comparable revenue levels.
- 3 The bench mark used for measuring cost effectiveness is return on
- 4 rate base. Thus interest costs are not allocated to the classes of
- 5 service but are recovered in the return provided by each class. From
- 6 the two yearly analyses, each rate schedule can then be compared as to
- 7 its relationship to overall Corporation rate of return. What this
- 8 comparison does is measure each rate schedules rate of return as a
- 9 percent of the overall return.

1 Illustratively, the comparison can be viewed as follows:

2	Return on Rate Base

3		Fiscal 1977	Fiscal 1978
4	Overall Corporation return	20%	10%
5	Rate schedule XYZ	12%	4%

This comparison tells us that in 1977 Rate XYZ was earning 60% of

the overall rate of return in 1977 based upon 1978 rate levels.

8 However, in 1978, the rate was earning 40% of the overall return at

the same rate level. Thus, as cost increased from 1977 to 1978, the

rate did not respond to cost increases and its relationship to overall

ll return declined.

7

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total.

have been set at comparable levels and that costs are on an as incurred basis. Thus, true measurement of a rates response to cost can be measured. In the above example, the return declined by 50% for the overall company whereas the return for rate XYZ declined 66.7%.

Thus the cost response of the rate was less than that of system

In responding to the Board's Order we have prepared three cost

studies for each time period. Study number 1 allocates production and

transmission plant on the basis of coincident peak and distribution

3 plant on the basis of customer non-coincident demand. Study number 2

allocates production and transmission

4

7

9

10

11

12

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14

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17

18

19

5 plant on the basis of coincident peak and average demand and

6 distribution plant on the basis of class non-coincident demand. Study

number 3 allocates production and transmission plant as well as

8 distribution plant on the basis of class non-coincident demand.

Although the Board in its Order specified only the concepts used in study number 1, the other studies were utilized to show the cost patterns under various methods, also, the original cost study presented by NSPC in the 1976-77 rate case was based upon the methodology set forth in study 3. Thus the Board can at this time review the historical results of three standard cost allocation methodologies.

These cost studies are conducted on historical periods. Thus they measure the performance of a set of rates against past costs rather than future costs. Cost of service studies conducted on historical data provide apportioned costs which are useful as approximations or

guidelines as to the reasonableness of rates. This statement is 1 predicated on the assumption that rate relationships should depend 2 entirely on cost relationships. This concept thus excludes all 3 non-cost factors such as political or social considerations, statutory 4 mandate, value of service, past commission practice and orders and 5 vested interest. While it can be argued that all of these factors 6 have a place in rate design, their recognition is beyond the purview 7 of the cost analyst when evaluating rate level on a pure cost 8 9 comparison basis. Thus cost of service or cost apportionment studies 10 are designed to reflect relative differentials in cost.

A cost of service study consists of an allocation to the various classifications of utility customers of all costs relative to the furnishing of electric service by a utility. This includes the 13 appropriate assignment of operating and maintenance expenses, depreciation, grants in lieu of taxes and the resultant determination of earned return on those elements of electric utility rate base in service necessary to provide electric service. All of these costs are allocated to those groups of customers which either cause or use the

11

12

1.4

15

1.5

17

18

- 1 cost as incurred by the utility.
- Where possible costs were assigned directly to classes of service
- 3 based upon details derived from the books and records of the
- 4 Corporation or by special analysis and studies.
- 5 Cost not directly assigned were analyzed by functional
- 6 responsibility and groupings of accounts, such as production,
- 7 transmission and distribution. These costs are then allocated to the
- 8 various classes of service on the basis of the respective demands,
- 9 energy use, number of customers and revenues associated with the
- 10 functional responsibility appropriate for each class of service.

In general, demand components of cost are those items which are 1 incurred in order to attain and maintain the ability to delivery 2 electric energy to customers as called for by them, and are associated 3 with meeting the class peak and the class demand at the time of the 4 system peak. The energy use components of cost are those items which 5 vary with the volume of energy supplied to the various classes of 6 service as provided by the utility. The customer components of cost are those items which vary with the number of customers served and 8 9 revenue related costs are those items which vary with the dollars of 10 revenue received.

11 Costs which vary in accordance with the above description can be described on an example basis using some of the more obvious cost 12 It is well established that large demands for electric energy 13 types. 14 requires the use of production and transmission facilities to meet 15 these demands. Plant investment increases as such units and 16 facilities are enlarged to meet these demands. Consequently, those 17 production and transmission facilities are allocated upon a firm system peak demand responsibility recognizing the cost causation and 18

- utilization of these facilities by the various classes of service.
- 2 The same concept is used in the distribution system where it is
- 3 necesary to recognize customers served on the system.
- An example of energy costs, costs which vary with the volume of
- 5 kWh supplied, would be fuel cost. This cost increases as the quantity
- of fuel required to meet an increased output at the transmission and
- 7 distribution level is increased.
- A readily identifiable example of customer cost is that for
- 9 customer accounting, including meter reading costs. In terms of
- plant, meter cost and service cost are readily identifiable as
- 11 customer costs.
- 12 Conducting a cost of service study of the type presented in this
- analysis is based upon extensive use of Corporation records,
- 14 comparative data of other utilities and a degree of informed judgement
- 15 concerning those areas where hard empirical data is not available.
- Our initial action was to review the entire filing in the NSPC
- 17 1976-1977 rate case, the Boards Order in that case, the 1978 rate
- 18 filing and related decisions. Following and concurrent with this

- 1 review detailed examination was made of the Corporation's books
- 2 covering plant in service, billing determinants, actual metered data,
- 3 and operating costs. Detailed review of this data was also completed
- 4 through discussion with Corporation personnel so as to derive as much
- 5 data as possible on an actual basis.
- 6 Consequently, three studies were done for each of the fiscal years
- 7 1977 and 1978. The studies utilize load data for each year, where
- 8 available, and combination data from the two years where single year
- 9 data was unavailable. Sales volumes and revenue are stated as booked
- with one exception. Revenue for 1977 has been restated at rates
- ordered into effect March 2, 1977. This was done so that the cost
- 12 responsivness of these rates could be measured against total cost
- changes as well as on a class by class comparative basis.
- 14 The cost studies presented here are done on a step by step basis.
- 15 Briefly the steps are as follows:
- Determination of demand, energy and customer allocation
- 17 factors
- Separation of steam and dedicated Mersey River System
- 19 sales

- Classification of Plant and Working Capital.
- 2 Allocation of Rate Base.
- 3 Determination of Revenues.
- Classification of Operating Cost.
- 5 Allocation of Operating Cost.
- Development of Return on Rate Base.
- 7 Comparison of relative class returns.
- Before going into each of the above in detail, let us review the
  results of the studies first. Thus we can proceed with an
  understanding of the answer as we review the detail of how that result
  was determined. The results of the studies immediately follow this
  narrative under the tab "Results". This one page document shows the
  measurement of each rate schedules rate of return as compared to the
  overall earned return of NSPC.
- For each study, total Corporation earned return is represented as

  10 percent. Each class of services earned return is then measured as

  17 its percent of the overall return. For example, if the earned return

of the Corporation is 10%, then a class earning an 8% return would be

shown on the summary schedule at 80% of system average. The same

3 would be true for a class earning 12%. This class would show on the

summary schedule that it was at a level of 120% of system average.

5 Thus we can observe each class of services relationship to the overall

system as well as the inter class relationships.

For purposes of this presentation, return has been defined as that income available after reducing revenue by the following costs:

- Operating and Maintenance expense including fuel costs
- 10 Customer accounting costs
- 11 Customer Relations and Information costs
- 12 Administrative and General costs
- Depreciation costs

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- Grants in Lieu of Taxes costs

Thus the remaining revenues must meet the capital recovery cost including interest expense, principal repayment and contingency costs.

The most important point to be emphasized at this time is that the studies measure the relative cost relationship of each class of service. Argument and debate over what is to be included in return or

capital recovery do not change the relative results of 1 this measurement. This is due to the simple concept that earned 2 3 results are being studied at an earned level. Thus the study does not attempt to measure the propriety of those earnings either in total or 4 for each class of service. The sole measurement is the relative 5 6 returns of each rate schedule over cost changes at a constant rate Thus we are able to evaluate the performance of a rate 7 schedule. schedule relative to the total Corporation and all other rate 8

schedules without clouding the argument with debate over the propriety

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of the revenue level.

Based on the following table, which is a recasting of the Summary
of Results, we can review the rate schedule relationships for the two
years. These relationships represent the final results of the
studies. For both years, total Corporation earned return is expressed
as 100%. Each rate schedules relationship to this is expressed as to
the return ranges based on three different primary allocation
methods:

1	Rate Schedule	1977	1978
2	Total Company	100%	100%
3	Domestic	59%- 65%	48%- 55%
4	General Connected Load	89%-104%	111%-132%
5	General Demand	159%-163%	173%-184%
6	General All-Electric	101%-106%	119%-129%
7	General Large	99%-120%	97%-108%
8	Industrial to 249 KVA	121%-136%	115%-141%
9	Industrial 250 KVA-3999 KVA	100%-105%	95%-102%
10	Industrial Large	151%-196%	150%-199%
11	Municipal	100%-118%	86%-101%
12	Unmetered	79%- 83%	94%-106%
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Analytically these results tell us the response of each rate

schedule to changes in cost. From this we can then measure the

relative need in terms of a requirement to spread future rate

increases. Once a future test years costs have been allocated on a

comparable basis, comparison of those results to those of the

historical periods form the parameters for the distribution of future

1 rate increases.

From the above table we can see that the Domestic rate has not 2 3 responded in a positive direction as compared to system cost 4 increases. The relative return level fell from a high of 65% of average to 55% of average and the low from 59% to 48%. 5 comparison, the Industrial Large rate remained relatively static over 6 7 the period. This is observed by relating the change in relative return of a low range of 151%-150% of average and a high of 196%-199% 8 9 of average.

10 Conversely, the Unmetered rate schedule shows an improvement as 11 compared with the changes in cost. This is seen in the change from 12 79% to 94% of the overall return at the low range to a high of 83% to 13 106% in the high range. Thus the rate responded in a positive 14 direction as compared to Domestics negative response and Industrial Larges static response. A similar comparison can be made for each 15 16 rate schedule and an appropriate observation of the rate schedules 17 performance can be evaluated

I have intentionally omitted the Interruptible rate schedules

results from the table. Depending on the allocation method used, the

- 1 results for this type of rate schedule vary dramatically.
- 2 Interruptible service is substantially different than firm service
- 3 from a conceptual viewpoint and also must be evaluated in terms of the
- 4 utilities current and long term power planning concepts. Thus,
- 5 Interruptible service should be evaluated on its own merits and in
- 6 terms of the value and use of such load on the system.
- 7 Thus we have now reviewed, in general terms, the answers provided
- 8 by the studies. Keeping in mind that we are measuring historical
- 9 results or performance of a rate schedule, we can now review the
- 10 detailed calculations which developed these results.
- 11 Volume II of this report sets forth the base working papers which
- 12 developed the results of the study. We will review the study in the
- order in which it was conducted. Schedule 1 of Volume II is the
- 14 summary of results for 1977 and 1978 which has been previously
- 15 discussed.
- 16 Schedule 2 sets forth the development of each rate schedules
- 17 customer and class non-coincident demand as well as the class
- contribution to the system peak demand. As the Board is well aware,
- 19 NSPC has no recording demand meters on its system. Thus coincident

demands and class non-coincident demands which require time 1 2 determination are based upon mathematical evaluations using NSPC data and data from comparable type loads from various studies conducted in 3 the United States. Thus all time required demand data is based upon 4 calculation rather than actual meter readings. For those classes 5 where indicating demand metering is available, these demands were used 6 as a starting point. Thus there is a basic metered foundation for the 7 demand responsibility of all classes except Domestic, General 8 Connected Load, and Unmetered service. 9

10 These calculations are predicated upon the data submitted in the 11 testimony of W. L. Fraser, H. J. VanderVeen and G. Baker in the 1977 12 rate case and the testimony of W. L. Fraser and G. Baker in the 1978 In all cases, H. J. VanderVeen of Ernst & Ernst has 13 rate case. 14 reviewed the 1977 and 1978 demand calculations with both Mr. Fraser and Mr. Baker. It can best be said that the data presented on 15 Schedule 2 represents the concepts and criteria used by the above 16 17 parties in NSPC's last two rate case proceedings. Substantial tastimony has been given before this Board as to the strengths and 18

weaknesses of this data.

2 For purposes of this report, the data can be said to be the best
3 that is currently available and further debate will only lead us to
4 the conclusion reached in 1977 that load research is definitely
5 needed. To this extent, NSPC has received the funding to conduct such
6 studies and their implementation is currently in progress. In the
7 future, the preparation of cost of service studies will be based upon
8 metered data.

For those rate schedules which have indicating demand meters such as General Service Demand, the following description is representative of the methods used in determining class non-coincident and coincident demands.

From the indicating demand meters, the class non-diversified demands could be determined for the month of December. This data provided a non-diversified class load factor. This load factor was then compared to similar type customers for which load studies have been conducted in the U.S. From this load factor class coincidence factors were determined on a judgemental and experience basis for the month of December. This provided a class diversified non-coincident

1 demand and load factor.

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A system coincidence factor was developed from load studies on 2 comparable type loads as served by other utilities and informed 3 judgement as presented in NSPC's last two rate cases. This coincidence 4 factor then established each class's contribution to system peak. 5 б This methodology was utilized for each class of service which had indicating demand meters. The coincidence factors developed were then checked against scatter diagrams for each class as developed by NSPC. 8 These diagrams show the relationship of each customers demand in the 9 class thus providing the classes maximum demand as compared to the 10 same data for the month of December. Load factor relationships can 11 12 also be observed from this analysis. This cross check was then used as a fine tuning mechanism for the demand metered classes. 13 Unmetered service was based on approximately 4,000 hours of use **14** 

per month. This reflects the average burning hours of street and outdoor lighting as well as other types of load served under this schedule.

General Service-Connected Load was based upon certain connected

comparable customers on other systems. Although the non-diversified
and diversified class load factors seemed unusually high on an annual
basis, they were accepted on the basis that in December many of the

load data available from the Corporation records and analysis of

5 rates seasonal customers are not on line thus providing annual KWH and

6 winter KW, thus high load factors based upon December demands which

would be lower than the summer demand.

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The next step was to calculate each rate schedules contribution to system peak except for Domestic. By subtraction, the Domestic contribution could be determined. Acceptance of the calculations were based upon the following conditions:

- Annual Domestic non-diversified load factor on December's demand should be 30-35% -Class coincidence factor 70-75% -System coincidence factor 80-85%

These conditions were met for 1977. As a check, the calculations for 1978 were based on the 1977 results for all classes except

Domestic. Domestic coincident demand was again determined by subtraction, using load factors and coincident factors from 1977

applied to 1978. The results, for Domestic for 1978, fell within the

2 1977 parameters. At this point, it was felt that sufficient checks

and balances had been employed and the data was accepted for

utilization in the studies. 4

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5 Following the determination of class coincident demands, kWh sales were analyzed so as to determine energy sales at generation. 7 This study involves the determination of loss factors over the various voltage levels of the NSPC system. Schedule 3 sets forth the energy sales by class and the resultant generation requirement. Schedule 2 shows the loss factor used for each class. These factors recognize the various voltage levels at which customers are served based upon common loss factors on electric systems. Determination of the 13 voltage level loss factors is predicated on the data submitted in the Corporation's 1977 rate case.

For purposes of allocating the demand cost portion of the distribution system, it is necessary to develop customer and class non-coincident demands. Customer non-coincident demand is the sum of the maximum demands of all customers in the class. non-coincident demand is the greatest demand the class places on the

1 system.

These demands were developed for each class, in total, on 2 However, since many customers have dedicated plant such 3 Schedule 2. 4 as substations, which are classified as a demand cost, it is necessary to develop these demands on a voltage level basis. It is also 5 required to recognize the difference in primary and secondary voltage 6 level demand costs. A customer served at the primary level should not 7 be allocated any of the secondary costs, thus the use of voltage level 8 demand factors provide a proper recognition of cost causation and 9 10 Schedules 4 and 5 show the determination of each classes utilization. 11 non-coincident demands for 1977 and 1978. Schedule 4 is for customer 12 non-coincident demand and Schedule 5 is for class non-coincident 13 demand. For those customers where there are dedicated substation 14 investment or customer owned facilities, which provide a determination of the service voltage, December demands were determined. 15 These 16 demands were then subtracted from total non-coincident demand to 17 arrive at each classes demand at the lowest common voltage level. Identified demands are then added in by voltage level to provide each 18 19 classes non-coincident demand at the highest common voltage level.

Losses are also added at each voltage level so as to provide the total

demand at each voltage level.

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This process completes that portion of the study necessary to develop the demand and energy allocation factors used to allocate costs to the classes of service. All of the allocation factors used are set forth in Schedule 46 for both 1977 and 1978 for all three studies. In each case, the factors are numbered sequentially. Following the determination of the demand and energy allocation factors, the process of allocating costs to the classes can begin.

The first step in the study is the allocation of rate base. From the Corporation's books and records, plant in service by primary account is determined. Schedules 6 and 26 summarize this data in total for 1977 and 1978 respectively. Schedule numbering for Schedule 6 through 45 are set up on a plus twenty basis. Thus Schedule 6, is for 1977 and Schedule 26 is for 1978. This concept applies throughout the presentation. Thus Schedule 19 would be a 1977 schedule and 39 would be the exact same schedule only for 1978. In review, Schedule 1 is the summary, 2-5 are the demand and energy data for 1977 and 1978, 6-25 are all of the detailed schedules for the 1977 cost allocation,

2 all allocation factors used for both years. Thus for purposes of

explanation, this report will describe 1977 in detail with reference

to the appropriate schedule for 1978. All allocations for each of the

5 three studies done for 1977 are repeated for 1978.

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The purpose of the cost studies is to evaluate the rate schedules as approved in the 1977 rate case. For purposes of this evaluation it was necessary to remove the steam sale at Glace Bay to AECL, the steam and electric sale at Point Tupper to AECL and the sale of electricity dedicated to Bowaters from the Mersey Hydro system. These sales represent rates for dedicated facilities for specialized sales and type of service. Thus, the cost associated with these sales are based upon formulae developed through hearings before this Board and represent fixed cost determination methodologies. Consequently, on Schedule 6, plant in service for each of these sales is deducted from total plant to arrive at plant in service which is applicable to electric sales which are covered by the base rate schedules for 1977. The same process is applied on Schedule 26 to arrive at plant in

- 1 service for 1978. Plant in service is stated at net depreciated value
- 2 for each of the years. As previously stated, net plant was determined
- 3 from direct analysis of the Corporation's books and records showing
- 4 gross plant and accumulated reserve for depreciation.
- 5 The next step in the cost study is to classify plant in service
- 6 in working capital by primary cost causation and utilization.
- 7 Schedule 8, page 1 sets forth the classification of rate base for
- 8 1977. Since 3 studies were prepared using different allocation
- 9 responsibilities for production and transmission plant, Schedule 8
- 10 shows these facilities being classified under all three methods.
- 11 These are all demand classifications and are as follows:
- 12 Peak responsibility
- 13 Peak and average responsibility
- 14 Class non-coincident responsibility
- Thus, production and transmission plant are classified as a
- 16 demand cost and allocated to the classes based upon the class
- 17 responsibility for each of the above demand factors. Directly
- 18 classified production and transmission plant are those facilities

which are dedicated to serving the AECL load at Glace Bay and the dedicated Mersey River System serving Bowaters.

3 Distribution plant is likewise classified between demand, customer, direct and other. There are two demand classifications for 4 5 distribution plant. In the study where production and transmission plant is classified and allocated on the basis of coincident peak, 6 7 distribution costs that are classified as demand related are allocated on the basis of the customer non-coincident demand. In the other two 8 9 studies, distribution demand costs classified as demand related are 10 allocated on the basis of class non-coincident demand.

Distribution substations are classified demand and direct. Where a substation can be identified as serving only one customer, the station costs are analyzed and directly assigned to the class of service which the station served. Page 2 of Schedule 8 summarizes this analysis. Substations were analyzed by the following functions:

- Distribution bulk power
- 17 Distribution dedicated bulk power
- Distribution bulk power customer owned
- Distribution general

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Distribution dedicated general

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- 2 Distribution general customer owned
- Based upon this review, approximately \$1.9 million of direct
  substation costs were determined by class of service. The remaining
  distribution substation costs were then classified as demand related
  costs.
- Page 3 of Schedule 8 summarizes the classification of 7 8 distribution pole investment. Average historical cost for various 9 size poles was determined from the books and records of the 10 Corporation. Using the base system concept, 30 and 35 foot poles were determined to be the minimum size required to provide each customer 11 12 with the pole facilities to take service. Under this concept, this 13 would be the minimum size pole installed just to physically connect 14 all customers to the system. The average weighted cost of 30 and 35 15 foot poles, weighting 30 foot poles at 2 and 35 foot at 1, was Total number of poles multiplied by this cost equated to 63% 16 17 of the total investment in poles. Thus, 63% of the pole investment ٦ 8 was classified as customer cost and the remaining 37% as demand cost.

This separation then recognizes the base component, that is needed to 1 provide service to all customers on the distribution system, and the 2 demand component, that cost component which is over the base or that 3 required to serve the demands for electricity placed on the system. 4 Based upon engineering and construction estimates, 30% of the poles 5 were then functionalized as primary only and the remaining 70% was б functionalized 50% primary - 50% secondary. These costs were then 7 classified 63% customer - 37% demand. Page 3 of Schedule 8 sets forth 8 the results of this analysis for 1977 as does page 3 of Schedule 28 9 for 1978. 10

The same type of base system analysis was also made for distribution wire investment. Minimum size wire was based upon the same concepts used in the pole analysis. Number 1/0 copper and number 2-8 aluminum were deemed to be the minimum wire sizes required to provide the ability for the customers to take service from the distribution system. Based upon sample review of the installed cost of this wire, 59% was deemed to be required for base system purposes.

This was predicated on a weighted cost per foot weighing \$6 wire twice

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transmission costs and customer non-coinident demand for the
allocation of the demand portion of cost incurred in the distribution
system. The schedule shows each allocation in detail and the factor
used in the allocation is noted in the right hand column. Thus by
referring to Schedule 46, each allocation can be determined. As an
example, production plant is allocated on factor D-1. Turning to

Schedule 46, page 1, the D-1 factor can be observed.

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Following production plant, transmission plant is also allocated on the D-1 factor. Each of the distribution accounts are separately Distribution land is basically substation and right-of-way This is allocated on the basis of the customer non-coincident demand. The allocation of distribution substations is shown in total on Schedules 9, 10, and 11. Schedule 12 shows the detailed allocation of the distribution substations. Page 1 of Schedule 12 shows the allocation based upon customer non-coincident demand and is used in conjunction with the coincident peak demand responsibility method. Page 2 of Schedule 12 sets forth the allocation of substations based on the class non-coincident demand responsibility and is used with the coincident peak and average and the class non-coincident allocations

of production and transmission plant. Schedule 32 shows the same data

for 1978. Schedules 13 and 33 are the distribution substation

analysis by customer by rate schedule. This schedule provides the

required base data for the determination of dedicated substation

5 investment and the associated demands and energy requirements of the

customers served by the particular station.

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Distribution pole and wire are shown in total on Schedules 9, 10, and 11 for 1977. The detail of the allocation is shown on Schedule 14 for 1977 and 34 for 1978. As with substations, page 1 of Schedule 14, shows the allocation as based on customer non-coincident demand, page 2 shows the allocation based on class non-coincident demand.

Returning to Schedule 9, underground investment is allocated on the basis of pole and wire investment. Book details as to installed cost of underground distribution facilities by type, underground domestic distribution, commercial, and Industrial, are currently unavailable. Consequently, it was assumed to be installed pro-rata to the overhead system.

Line transformers are allocated based upon each class's demand responsibility at the secondary level based upon either the customer

or class non-coincident demand. This allocation recognizes that line

2 transformers are only applicable to those customers who take secondary

3 service.

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Meters are allocated directly. Schedules 9, 10, and 11 show the allocation in total for 1977. Schedule 15 shows the detail of the allocation for 1977 and Schedule 35 for 1978. Meter cost by type and size of meter was analyzed based upon the books and records of the Corporation. From this study, the unit meter costs were determined for each class of service based upon the most common metering components to the class. Thus small watt hour meters were assigned to domestic while large demand and watt hour meters including current and potential transformers were assigned to the Large Industrial Thus the substantial cost differentials for meters are customers. recognized through this direct assignment of costs. Street lighting costs are directly assigned to the unmetered class of service.

The allocation of working capital follows on the same basis.

That portion of working cpaital related to fuel is allocated on an energy basis. The portion of cash related to the financing of Operating & Maintenance cost is allocated to the classes based upon

- each class's responsibility for the Operating & Maintenance expense
- 2 excluding fuel costs. Materials and supplies held as spare parts are
- allocated to the classes on the basis of allocated production,
- 4 transmission and distribution plant.
- 5 Reviewing the allocation of rate base, the 1977 study is
- 6 presented under three different primary allocation factors. Schedule
- 9 shows the allocation of production and transmission on the basis of
- 8 coincident peak responsibility, Schedule 10, on coincident peak and
- 9 average and Schedule 11 shows it under the class non-coincident demand
- 10 basis. Schedule 29, 30, and 31 show the same data for 1978.
- 11 Following the allocation of rate base, the next step is the analysis
- 12 of revenue.

The analyses to determine the revenues applicable to each class of 1 service are shown in Schedules 16 and 36 for 1977 and 1978 2 3 respectively. The first step is to extract the revenue from steam and 4 joint operations. Then, the revenue collected for each class of 5 service is determined. The classwise revenues for 1978 are actual 6 amounts while the revenue for 1977 has been pro-formed to reflect the 7 rates put into effect on March 2, 1977. This adjustment has been made in order to make the studies for each year comparable. The revenues 8 remaining are miscellaneous revenues to be allocated to each class. 9 10 As stated above, the electric revenues are assigned directly to 11 each class of service. The forfeited discount revenue for 1978 is allocated direct since these records were available in 1978. 12 13 amounts are then used to calculate an allocation factor to be used for 14 the 1977 analysis since the 1977 records did not permit direct 15 classwise identification of forfeited discounts. After a pro forma 16 adjustment to 1977 revenue for the use of March 2, 1977 rates, the 17 allocation factor described above is used to distribute the 1977 18 discounts. The electric and forfeited discount revenues by class are 19 added together. These subtotals form the basis for allocating the

- 1 remaining miscellaneous revenue. For each class, the sum of electric,
- 2 discount and miscellaneous revenue represents that classes total share
- 3 of revenue to be used in conjunction with the cost allocations to
- 4 follow, in order to arrive at classwise rates of return.
- 5 Following the analysis and allocation of revenues, the next step
- 6 in the preparation of a fully allocated cost of service study is to
- 7 classify and allocate expenses in a manner which will best identify
- 8 the classwise cost responsibilities. This analysis is similar to that
- 9 for rate base since most expense components are closely aligned with
- 10 the rate base accounts. A detailed description of the classification
- 11 and allocation philosophies follows.
- 12 First, as with rate base, the operating costs which are not
- 13 directly associated with the Corporation's electric business are
- 14 removed. Schedule 17 details this analysis for 1977 and Schedule 27
- shows the results for 1978. The operating costs to be removed come
- 16 mainly from the production costs. In 1977, a total of \$20,721,000 is
- 17 removed from the production operating costs for the dedicated portion
- is of the Mersey system, AECL portion of Point Tupper #1 and the AECL
- 19 steam portion of Glace Bay. In 1978, the figure is \$23,740,000. In

- 1 1978, an additional \$45,000 is removed from customer accounting since
- 2 this is a directly assignable uncollectible to A.E.C.L. The final
- 3 column of these schedules show the common electric operating costs
- 4 which are to be allocated over the classes of service.
- 5 Schedule 18 details the classification of the operating costs
- 6 according to the cost causation categories to be used in the various
- 7 studies. The common production and transmission expenses are
- 8 classified in accordance with the three studies perforned, coincident
- 9 peak responsibility, coincident peak and average responsibility and
- 10 class non-coincident peak responsibility. The amounts removed from
- 11 the analysis as described above are classified direct while fuel and
- 12 purchased power-fuel are classified as energy related expenses for all
- 13 studies. Under distribution expenses, land, substations, overhead
- lines and underground lines are classified as other. These expenses
- 15 are related to various plant components and are therefore to be
- 16 allocated in accordance with those plant items. Line transformers are
- 17 demand related and are classified as customer non-coincident peak
- 18 related for the coincident peak study and class non-coincident peak
- 19 related for the coincident peak and

- 1 average and class non-coincident peak studies. Meters are classified
- 2 direct since these costs are directly related to meter investment.
- 3 Customer services and contracts and customer premise expense are split
- 4 between direct and customer. A portion of these costs have directly
- 5 identifiable class responsibilities and, therefore, are classified
- 6 direct. The remaining amounts are classified as customer related
- 7 expenses. Communication operating costs are demand related and are
- 8 classified as class non-coincident peak and customer non-coincident
- 9 peak as were line transformers. Street lighting costs are directly
- 10 assignable to the unmetered customers.
- 11 Under customer accounting, all billing, a portion of customer
- 12 service and a portion of credit and collection are classified as
- 13 customer. Those amounts assignable to a particular class are
- 14 classified direct.
- 15 Customer relations and information expenses are customer related.
- 16 Administration and General expenses are classified as other since they
- 17 relate to the levels of the other allocable expenses. Finally
- 18 depreciation and grants in lieu of taxes are plant in service rate
- 19 base related and are also classified as other.

These classifications are used to determine the amounts allocated

2 under the various cost causation philosophies. The classification of

3 1978 operating costs is the same and is detailed in Schedule 38.

4 Allocation of the operating costs is accomplished by using the

5 appropriate allocation factors, direct assignments and other analyses

6 as required by the cost causation and utilization philosophy

7 applicable to each cost category and study. The allocations for 1977

8 are shown in Schedules 19, 20 and 21. The 1978 analyses are shown in

9 Schedules 39, 40 and 41. The results for the coincident peak

10 responsibility study are in Schedules 19 and 39. The coincident peak

11 and average studies are detailed in Schedules 20 and 40 and the class

12 non-coincident peak allocations are in Schedules 21 and 41. A general

discussion of the allocations for each study follows. Again, the

14 analyses for both 1977 and 1978 are parallel.

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As stated earlier, the major difference in the three studies is

16 the method by which demand related items are allocated. In the

coincident peak responsibility study, the basis for demand related

production and transmission is a classwise coincident peak factor.

19 This factor is used to allocate all transmission expenses and

1 non-energy related production costs, i.e. operating and purchased

2 power - other. Fuel and purchased power-fuel are allocated on the

3 basis of each classes responsibility for mWh generated and purchased.

Under distribution operating costs, land is allocated on the

5 basis of substations and pole and wire investment as contained in

6 therate base analyses for the same study. Substation expenses are

7 spread in accordance with the comparable plant category. Overhead and

8 underground lines expense is allocated as the pole and wire

9 investment. Line transformers are allocated as customer

10 non-coincident demand at the secondary level for the coincident peak

11 study. Communications is the same except the primary level demands

12 are used. The other two studies use class non-coincident demand. A

weighted secondary customer factor is used to allocate the services

14 costs. This factor is designed to recognize the higher expenses

15 associated with larger customers. Since meter operating costs are

16 related to the number and size of the meters, these costs were

17 allocated as meter investment from Schedule 15. Customer service and

contracts as well as customer premise expenses are allocated partially

19 direct and partially customer.

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- 1 Investigation by the Corporation showed that 90% of these expenses are
- 2 attributable to domestic service. The remainder is allocated to
- 3 secondary customers. The detailed allocations can be found in
- 4 Schedules 22 and 23 for 1977 and Schedules 42 and 43 for 1978. Street
- 5 lighting costs are assigned directly to the unmetered class.
- 6 The billing expense component of the customer accounting costs is
- 7 allocated on the basis of a weighted customer count. The weights
- 8 reflect the higher expenses associated with generating hand bills and
- 9 the additional detail involved in billing large customers. Customer
- 10 service costs are composed of meter testing, record keeping and other
- 11 customer related activities. The meter testing portion is assigned as
- 12 meter investment and the remainder is allocated using the weighted
- 13 customer count. The details are found in Schedule 24 for 1977 and 44
- 14 for 1978. Finally, the credit and collections component is allocated
- as shown in Schedules 25 and 45 for 1977 and 1978 respectively.
- 16 First, identifiable bad debts are assigned. The remaining bad debt
- 17 expense is then allocated on the basis of revenue and finally the
- 18 collections costs are spread in accordance with the number of
- 19 customers.

Customer relations and information expenses, which are monies 1

spent for conservation and other consulting activities, is assigned to 2

3 the classes on the basis of number of customers. Administrative and

general costs are spread in proporation to the allocation of all other

operating costs excluding fuel costs. Depreciation and grants in lieu 5

of taxes are allocated in proportion to the classwise assignments of 6

7 production, transmission and distribution plant from the related rate

base allocation schedules for each study.

At this point, all operating costs for each class of service 9 10 under each study method are known. These are compared with classwise 11 revenues to determine the return for each class. 12 divided by the associated rate base totals provide the rate of return

13 for each class of service.

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14 The operating cost analyses for the other two studies are 15 The changes occur in demand related components of production similar. and transmission costs. The distribution categories are essentially 16 17 similar except for demand and plant related allocations. For demand, 18

class non-coincident peak factors are used. Plant related allocations

- 1 use the same categories which are derived from the rate base
- 2 allocations.
- 3 Schedule 46 details the allocation factors used throughout the
- 4 six studies of this report. Page 1 contains the demand allocation
- 5 factors used in the demand related allocations of the studies. The
- 6 factors represent the percentage by which a particular class demand
- 7 level bears to the total. A factor is presented for each definition
- 8 of demand used in the studies. Page 2 shows the factors for energy
- 9 related allocations. Page 3 contains the customer related
- 10 allocation factors. Where a weighted customer measure is used, the
- 11 weights are also shown. The demand, energy and customer factors are
- 12 all derived from company records and are exogenous to the study. The
- 13 plant factors, however, are generated from other allocations and
- 14 direct assignments in the studies. These factors are detailed on page
- 15 4. The operating cost factors on page 5 are also generated by using
- 16 previous allocations and direct assignments. Page 6 details the
- 17 revenue factors which are derived from the revenue analysis.
- This completes the overview of the cost studies. Returning to
- 19 Schedule 1, a review of the results of the three studies can be made

- 1 in light of the range of returns. For purpose of evaluation, a
- 2 reasonable range in returns should be in the area of 20%. In other
- 3 words, if the overall company return is stated as 100% then all class
- 4 returns should be in the 80%-120% range.
- 5 This range provides the degree of flexability that is required in
- 6 these times of rate change and rate increases. Due to the complexity
- 7 of rate design and when related to the many other important factors
- 8 which should be incorporated, including past considerations, more
- 9 emphasis on cost and price elasticity, a range of this magnitude is
- 10 required in the transition period. It is also very important to
- 11 recognize in the range that, at this time, NSPC does not have time of
- 12 day metering, thus all demand data is based on research from other
- 13 utilities. Upon completion of its load research project, the range
- 14 can be narrowed to 10-15%. As can be seen from the studies, 5 of the
- 15 11 classes of service do not fall within the range in 1977 and 1978.
- Thus there still remains the need for additional rate review and
- 17 cost analysis. The cost of service studies presented in this report
- 18 are based upon allocation methodologies commonly used before various

- regulatory bodies in North America. The results provide a guideline
  as to the direction in which rate design or revenue to be derived by
- 3 class should move from the average rate increase. These types of
- 4 studies provide guidelines to determine this direction, but in no way
- 5 set forth a definitive measurement for the determination of revenue
- 6 assignment when evaluating increases in rate structures. The
- 7 evaluation of the amount of increase to be assigned to each class of
- 8 service should be based not only upon the direction indicated by the
- 9 cost of service study, but upon many other factors including
- 10 competitive conditions, alternative fuel capability, historical
- 11 acceptance of rate structures in the past and the inclusion of those
- 12 historical considerations of this Board that are incorporated in the
- 13 current rate structure. Value of service, political and economic
- 14 considerations are also part of the real world of rate design and rate
- 15 level. Thus the cost study is a guideline or indicator as to
- 16 appropriate rate level not the dictator of the required revenue.
- As can be seen from Schedule 1, there is still need to adjust
- '8 certain rates in future cases.
- 19 Summarizing the study, the following comments

- 1 briefly describe the results of the study by rate class.
- 2 Domestic as cost increased from 1977 to 1978 the rate did not
- match the cost rise. In fact, in relationship to overall
- 4 return, the decline was approximately 20%.
- 5 General Connected Load as cost increased from 1977 to 1978
- 6 the rate responded quite favorably. The range of return went
- from a level of approximately 96% to the high end of the
- 8 range.
- 9 General the level of return was substantially above the upper
- limits of the range for both 1977 and 1978.
- General All-Electric the rate responded very well to the cost
- increase from 1977 to 1978 as is evident in the return going
- from approximately 105% of average to more than 120% of
- 14 average.
- General Large there was a slight decline in the overall
- average return, however, the rate is well within the defined
- 17 range of reasonableness.
- Industrial to 249 KVA The rate approximately matched the
- 19 cost and provided an overall return above the 20% range.

- Industrial 250-3,999 KVA Overall this class provides a
- 2 return in both years that is equal to the overall return.
- 3 Industrial Large This rate provides a return that is
- 4 substantially above the defined range of reasonableness.
- 5 However, the rate tracked the cost increase guite well as
- 6 the relative level of return remained unchanged.
- 7 Interruptible As previously mentioned, returns on this
- 8 type of service are very volitile and interruptible rates
- 9 are more value-of-service oriented than cost related.
- 10 Unmetered The rate responded to cost in a very positive
- manner and a marked improvement in overall return can be
- 12 seen.
- In conclusion, we would strongly recommend that comparable
- 14 studies be completed on fiscal 1979. This would provide an evaluation
- of the last rate change and provide both the Board and the Corporation
- 16 the ability to assess the distribution of future rate increases. In
- 17 completing this study, substantial work has been done in reviewing and
- 18 evaluating the Corporation's records and data bases. The primary
- 19 conclusion is that this information is adequate, however, additional

- 1 detailed information should be developed for future cost analysis.
- 2 Refinements in record maintenance and detail would facilitate an
- 3 improvement in the overall quality of future cost studies. In our
- 4 opinion, the conclusions and recommendations reached in this report
- 5 fairly and objectively evaluate the performance of the rate schedules
- 6 ordered by the Board in its Order of May 11, 1977.

# GLOSSARY OF TERMINOLOGY

Customer Non-Coincident Demand

1

- 3 sum of the maximum demand, regardless of time, of each
- 4 customer in a class. This demand represents the sum total of
- 5 each customers maximum demand within the class.
- 6 2. Class Non-Coincident Demand
- 7 the maximum demand of the class at a given point in time.
- This is the classes maximum demand and is time related to a
- fixed point representing a class maximum. This demand must be
- 10 equal to or less than the customer non-coincident demand.
- 11 3. Coincident Demand
- the class demand at the time of the system peak. This is
- based on the fixed hour of the system peak. It must be equal
- 14 to or less than the class non-coincident demand.

# 1 4. Average Demand

- 2 the average demand is the annual kWh generated for each class
- 3 divided by the number of hours in the year.
- 4 5. Bulk Power Distribution Substation
- 5 a substation which has an incoming voltage of 69 kv or
- 6 greater and transforms to a lower voltage providing service
- 7 to the distribution system.
- 8 6. Bulk Power Dedicated Substation
- a substation, as in 5 above, dedicated to serving a specific
- 10 customer.
- 11 7. Bulk Power Distribution Substation Customer Owned
- a substation, as in 5 above, owned by the customer where the
- Corporation may have a limited investment in protective or
- 14 other minor equipment
- 15 8. General Distribution Substation
- a substation which has an incoming voltage of less than 69 kv
- and transforms to another primary voltage serving the
- distribution system. Primary voltage is defined as less than

- 1 69 kv but more than 600 v.
- 2 9. General Dedicated Distribution Substation
- a substation, as in 8 above, but dedicated to serving a
- 4 specific customer. In this case, it may transform at 600 v
- 5 or less.
- 6 10. General Distribution Substation Customer Owned
- 7 a substation, as in 8 above, owned by the customer where the
- 8 Corporation may have a limited investment in protective or
- 9 other minor equipment.

#### Cost of Service Study Summaries

### For the Years Ended Narch 31, 1977 and 1978

## Percentage Relationship of Class Return to Average Return

		Total Company Less Steam And Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	General Conn. Load (3)	General (4)	General All Electric (5)	General Large (6)	Industrial To 249 KVA (7)	Industrial 230-3,999 KVA (8)	Industrial Large (9)	Interruptible Service (10)	Municipal	Unmetered (12)
	Year Ended March 31, 1977					٠.							. :
1)	Coincident Peak	100.00	59.0	99.3	161.5	101.4	115.4	125.7	104.5	190.9	4,796.8	105.5	78.8
2)	Coincident Peak and Average	100.00	65.0	80.6	158.9	105.1	99.1	136,4	99.5	150.6	326.2	107.6	79.9
3)	Class Non Coincident Peak	100.00	60.2	104.0	163.4	106.4	119.6	121.1	104.6	195.6	66.1	118.4	83.4
	Year Ended March 31, 1978												
4)	Coincident Peak	100.00	48.0	124.3	175.1	119.0	97.4	127.7	101.6	196.0	2,611.5	85.7	93.6
5?	Coincident Peak and Average	100.00	55.2	111.0	173.0	122.1	86.3	140.8	100.1	149.8	386.1	. 83.5	97.2
6)	Class Non Coincident Peak	100.00	49.6	131.8	183.5	128.7	107.5	114.6	54.9	198.7	7.6	100.6	106.2

## Allocation of Rate Base

## For the Year Ended March 31, 1977

# Coincident Peak Responsibility

		Total Co.				(\$000)								
		Lemm Steam and Joint (1)	Domestic · (2)	General Conn. Load (3)	General (4)	General All Blectric	General Larga (6)	Industrial To 249 KVA (7)	Industrial 250-3,999 KVA (8)		Interruptil Service (10)	ole Municipel (11)	Unmatered (12)	Allocation Pactors (13)
1)	Production Plant	\$173,951	\$ 71,998	\$ 1,235	\$ 38,356	\$ 14,890	\$ 3,148	\$ 1,235	\$ 10,333	<b>\$ 21,553</b>	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 8,226	\$ 2,975	D-1
2)	Transmission Plant	\$ 74,568	\$ 30,864	\$ 529	\$ 16,442	\$ 6,383	\$ 1,350	\$ 529	\$ 4,430	\$ 9,239	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 3,527	\$ 1,275	D-1
3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8) 9) 10) 11) 12)	Distribution Plant Land Substations Poles Wire - O. H. Underground Line Transformers Services Heters Other Street Lighting Total	\$ 2,505 22,941 51,376 27,759 4,246 26,562 14,217 9,200 67 8,000 \$166,873	\$ 1,803 11,951 40,146 21,368 3,300 17,334 10,107 7,066 48 	\$ 52 134 1,322 681 107 197 419 293 1	\$ 341 4,500 5,979 3,407 504 6,062 3,253 1,488 9	\$ 112 1,749 1,765 1,049 152 2,332 405 242 . 3	\$ 21 484 224 134 19 - 2 1	\$ 11 166 165 96 14 207 33 19 - - \$ 711	\$ 72 1,748 735 440 63 - 65 2 - \$ 3,125	\$ 31 954 216 129 19 - - 15 1	\$ 1 19 	\$ 32 940 231 138 20 	573	P-3 Sched. 12 Pg 1 Sched. 14 Pg 1 Sched. 14 Pg 1 P-1 D-3 C-9 Sched. 15 P-3 Direct
14)	General, Intengible & Future USe	\$ 5,945	\$ 3,091	\$ 71	\$ 1,150	\$ 416	\$ 77	\$ 36	\$ 256	ş 460	<u>\$ 1</u>	\$ 188	\$ 199	P-5
15)	Total Plant in Service	\$421,337	\$219,076	\$ 5,041	\$ 61,491	\$ 29,518	\$ 5,460	\$ 2,511	\$ 18,144	\$ 32,617	\$ 27	\$ 13,309	\$ 14,143	
16) 17) 18) 19)	Working Capital Cash-Fuei Cash Mat. & Supp Fuel Mat. & Supp Other Total	\$ 3,042 3,358 3,674 11,054 \$ 21,128	\$ 1,114 1,737 1,345 5,747 \$ 9,943	\$ 30 45 37 133 \$ 245	\$ 609 654 735 2,138 \$ 4,136	\$ 197 219 236 774 \$ 1,428	\$ 69 41 83 144 \$ 337	\$ 13 19 16 66 5 114	\$ 175 137 212 475 \$ 999	\$ 586 252 708 856 \$ 2,402	\$ 74 	\$ 137 102 165 349 \$ 753	\$ 38 152 46 371 \$ 607	E-1 0-1 E-1 P-5
21)	Total Rate Base	\$442,465	\$229,019	\$ 5,286	\$ 65,627	\$ 30,946	\$ 5,797	\$ 2,625	\$ 19,143	\$ 35,015	<u>\$ 191</u>	\$ 14,062	\$ 14,750	

#### Allocation of Rate Base For The Year Ended March 31, 1977

## Coincident Peak and Average Responsibility

	•	Total Company	7											•
		Less Steam		<b>General</b>		<b>General</b>	General	Industrial	Industrial		Interruptible			
		and Joint	Domestic	Conn. Load	General		Large	To 249 KVA	250-3,999 KVA		Service	Municipal	Unmetered	<b>Pactor</b>
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
	Production Plant	•												
1)	Steam	\$131,085	\$ 51,765	\$ 1,062	\$ 27,803	\$ 10,185	\$ 2,609	\$ 813	\$ 7,904	\$ 19,650	\$ 1,219	\$ 6,030	\$ 2,045	D-3
2)	Hydro	19,677	8,144	140	4,339	1,684	356	140	1,169	2,438	-	931	336	D-1
3)	Gas Turbine	23,189	9,598	165	5,113	1,985	420	165	1,377	2,873		1,097	396	D-1
4)	Total	\$173,951	\$ 69,507	\$ 1,367	\$ 37,255	\$ 13,854	\$_3,385	\$ 1,118	\$_10,450	\$ 24,961	\$ 1,219	\$ 8,058	\$ 2,777	
5)	Transmission Plant	\$ 74,568	\$ 29,447	\$ 604	\$ 15,816	\$ 5,794	\$ 1,484	\$ 462	\$ 4,496	\$ 11,178	\$ 694	\$ 3,430	\$ 1,163	D-3
	Distribution Plant													
6)	Land	\$ 2,505	\$ 1,717	<b>\$</b> 54	\$ 385	\$ 132	\$ 23	\$ 12	<b>\$</b> 79	\$ 33	<b>\$</b> 1	<b>\$</b> 36	<b>\$</b> 33	P-4
7)	Substations	22,941	10,526	155	5,203	2,060	532	187	1,905	979	19	1,014	361	Sched. 12 Pg. 2
8)	Poles	51,376	38,866	1,343	6,669	2,091	252	185;	828	231	-	274	637	Sched. 14 Pg. 2
9)	Wire-O.H.	27,759	20,601	695	3,820	1,232	151	108	495	138	•	164	355	Sched. 14 Pg. 2
10)	Underground Line Transformers	4,246 26,562	3,190	110	563	178	22	16	71	20	-	23	53	P-2
11) 12)	Services	14,217	15,565 10,107	231 419	7,164 3,253	2,829 405	-	239 33	-	-		-	534	D-11
13)	Heters	9,200	7,066	293	1,488	403 242	-	19	65	15	-	-	-	c-9
14)	Other	67	46	293	10	4	<b>.</b>	20		1		4		Schedule 15
15)	Street Lighting	8,000	40	-	10	-		20			_	1	#1·	P-4
-	• •					<del></del>						<del></del>	8,000	Direct
16)	Total	\$166,873	\$107,684	\$ 3,301	\$ 28,555	<u>\$ 9,173</u>	\$ 983	\$ 801	\$ 3,444	\$ 1,417	\$ 26	\$ 1,516	\$ 9,973	
17)	Gen., Intan, and Future Plant	\$ 5,945	\$ 2,957	<u>\$ 76</u>	\$ 1,168	<u>\$ 413</u>	<u>\$ 84</u>	\$ 34	\$ 263	\$ 537	\$ 28	<u>\$ 186</u>	<u>\$ 199</u>	P-6
16)	Total Plant In Service	\$421,337	\$209,595	\$ 5,348	\$ 82,794	\$ 29,234	\$ 5,936	\$ 2,415	\$ 18,653	\$ 38,093	\$ 1,967	\$ 13,190	\$ 14,112	
	Working Capital							,						
19)	Cash Fuel	\$ 3,042	\$ 1,114	\$ 30	\$ 609	\$ 197	\$ 69	\$ 13	\$ 175	\$ 586	\$ 74			
20)	Cash-Other	3,358	1,675	47	651	209	45	181	141	303	2017	\$ 137	\$ 38	E-1
23.)	Mat. & SuppFuel	3,674	1,345	37	735	238	83	16	212	708	89	100 165	151	0-2
22)	Mat. & SuppOther	11,054	5,499	140	2,172	767	156	63	490	959	52	346	46 370	E-1 P-6
23)	Total	\$ 21,128	\$ 9,633	\$ 254	\$ 4,167	\$ 1,411	\$ 353	\$ 110	\$ 1,018	\$ 2,596	\$ 233	\$ 748	\$ 605	
24)	Total Rate Base	\$442,465	\$219,228	\$ 5,602	\$ 86,961	\$ 30,645	\$ 6,289	\$ 2,525	\$ 19,671	\$ 40,689	\$ 2,200	\$ 13,938	\$ 14,717	

### Allocation of Rate Base

# For The Year Ending March 31, 1977

# Class Non-Coincident Responsibility

		otal Company Lass Steam And Joint (1)	Domestic	General Conn. Load (3)	General	General All Electric (5)	General Large (6)	Industrial To 249 KVA (7)		Industrial Large (9)	Industrial Service (10)	Municipal (11)	Unmetered (12)	Factor (13)
1)	Production Plant	\$173,951	\$ 73,807	\$ 1,096	\$ 36,025	\$ 13,429	\$ 3,009	\$ 1,218	\$ 10,072	\$ 21,309	\$ 3,949	\$ 7,497	\$ 2,540	D-17
2)	Transmission Plant	<b>\$ 74,568</b>	\$ 31,639	\$ 470	\$ 15,443	<b>\$ 5,</b> 757	\$ 1,290	\$ 522	\$ 4,317	\$ 9,134	\$ 1,693	\$ 3,214	\$ 1,089	D-17
3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8) 9) 10) 11) 12)	Poles Mire - O.H. Underground Line Transformers Services Heters Other Street Lighting	\$ 2,505 22,941 51,376 27,759 4,246 26,562 14,217 9,200 67 8,000 \$166,873	\$ 1,717 10,526 38,866 20,601 3,190 15,565 10,107 7,066 46 	\$ 54 155 1,343 695 110 231 419 293 1	\$ 385 5,203 6,669 3,820 563 7,164 3,253 1,488 10	\$ 132 2,060 2,091 1,232 178 2,829 405 242 4	\$ 23 532 252 251 151 22 	\$ 12 187 185 108 16 239 33 19 2	\$ 79 1,905 828 495 71 - 65 1	\$ 33 979 231 138 20 	\$ 1 19 - - - - 6 - - 5	\$ 36 1,014 274 164 23 	\$ 33 361 637 355 53 534 - - 8,000 \$ 9,973	P-4 Sched 12 Pg 2 Sched 14 Pg 2 Sched 14 Pg 2 P-2 D-11 C-9 Sched 15 P-4 Direct
	General Intangible & Future Use Total Plant In Service	\$ 5,945 \$421,337	\$ 3,050 \$216,180	\$ 70 \$ 4,937	\$ 1,146 \$ 81,169	\$ 406 \$ 28,765	\$ 76 \$ 5,358	\$ 36 \$ 2,577	\$ 255 \$ 18,088	\$ 456 \$ 32,316	\$ 81 \$ 5,749	\$ 175 \$ 12,402	\$ 194 \$ 13,796	P-7
16) 17) 18) 19)	•	\$ 3,042 3,358 3,674 11,054 \$ 21,128	\$ 1,114 1,735 1,345 5,672 \$ 9,866	\$ 30 43 37 129 \$ 239	\$ 609 642 735 2,130 \$ 4,116	\$ 197 212 238 755 \$ 1,402	\$ 69 40 83 140 \$ 332	\$ 13 19 16 67 \$ .115	\$ 175 139 212 474 \$ 999	\$ 586 239 708 848 \$ 2,381	\$ 74 45 89 152 \$ 360	\$ 137 96 165 325 \$ 723	\$ 38 149 46 362 \$ 595	E-1 0-3 B-1 P-7
21)	Total Rate Base	\$442,465	\$226,046	\$ 5,176	\$ 85,285	\$ 30,167	\$ 5,690	\$ 2,692	\$ 19,087	\$ 34,697	\$ 6,109	\$ 13,125	\$ 14,391	

#### Allocation of Operating Costs

#### For the Year Ended March 31, 1977

# Coincident Peak Responsiblity

		Total Company Less Steam and Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	General Conn. Load (3)	General (4)	General All Electric (5)	General Large (6)	Industrial To 249 KVA (7)	Industrial : 250-3,999 KVA (8)		Interruptibl Service (10)	Municipal (11)	Unmetered (12)	Factor (13)
1) 2) 3) 4)	Production Cost Fuel Operating Purchased Power - Fuel Purchased Fower - Other	\$ 59,329 19,035 1,807 3,421	\$ 21,726 7,879 662 1,416	\$ 593 135 18 24	\$ 11,872 4,197 362 	\$ 3,838 1,629 117 	\$ 1,347 345 41 62	\$ 261 135 8 24	\$ 3,417 1,131 104 203	\$ 11,427 2,358 348 424	\$ 1,442 44	\$ 2,664 900 81 162	\$ 742 326 22 59	8-1 0-1 8-1 0-1
S)	Total Production	\$_83,592	\$ <u>31,683</u>	\$ <u>770</u>	\$ <u>17,185</u>	\$ <u>5,877</u>	\$ <u>1,795</u>	\$ <u>428</u>	\$ <u>4,855</u>	\$ <u>14,557</u>	\$ <u>1,486</u>	\$ <u>3,807</u>	\$ <u>1,149</u>	
6)	Transmission Operating Cost	\$ 2,051 V	\$ 849	\$ 15	\$ 452	\$ 175	\$ 37	\$ 15	\$ 122	\$ 254	<b>.</b>	\$ 97	\$ 35	D-1
7) 8) 9) 10) 11) 12) 13) 14) 15) 16) 17)	Distribution Operating Cost Land Substations Overhead Lines U. G. Lines Line Transformers Services Heters Customer Service & Contracts Customer Premise Communications Street Light Total Distribution	\$ 1,135 1,872 2,403 133 812 1,249 767 926 806 502 1,325 \$ 11,930	\$ 817 975 1,868 103 530 888 589 833 725 286	\$ 24 11 61 3 6 37 24 34 29 3	\$ 154 367 285 16 185 286 124 52 46 100	\$ 51 143 86 5 71 35 20 6 6 6 39	\$ 9 40 11 1            -	\$ 5 13 8 - 7 2 2 1 1 - 4 - 5 43	\$ 33 143 36 2 - - 5 - 30  \$ 249	\$ 14 78 10 1 - - 1 - - 9 - - \$ 113	\$	\$ 15 77 11 1 - - 1 - - 9 - - \$	\$ 13 24 27 1 13 - - 7 1,325 \$ 1,410	P-3 P-8 P-1 P-1 D-5 C-9 Schedule 15 Schedule 22 Schedule 23 D-7 Direct
19) 20) 21) 22)	Eletomer Accounting Billing Customer Service Credit & Collection Total Customer Accounting	\$ 3,178 1,026 868 \$ 5,072√	\$ 2,213 737 562 \$ 3,512	\$ 87 30 20 \$ 137	\$ 713 210 218 \$ 1,141	\$ 89 28 58 175	• <u> </u>	\$ 7 3 7 \$ 12	\$ 10 4 	\$ 1 1 	\$ 1 - - \$ 1	\$ 1 	\$ 56 13 3 \$ 72	C-10 Schedule 24 Schedule 25
23)	Customer Relations & Information	<u>on</u> \$ 546√	\$ 485	\$ 20	\$ 31	\$ 4	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 1	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 5	C-1
24)	Administrative & General	\$ 3,805	\$ 1,968	\$ 51	\$ 742	\$ 249	<b>\$</b> 46	\$ 21	\$ 155	\$ 285	\$ 1	\$ 115	\$ 172	0-1
25)	Depreciation	\$ 18,079	\$ 9,399	\$ 217	\$ 3,497	\$ 1,266	\$ 235	\$ 109	\$ 777	\$ 1,399	\$ 2	\$ 571	\$ 607	P~5
26)	Grants in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 2,954	\$ <u>1,536</u>	\$35	\$ 571	\$ <u>207</u>	\$ 39	\$ <u>18</u>	<u> 127</u>	\$229	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>93</u>	\$99	₽~5
27)	Total Cost	\$ <u>128,029</u>	\$ 57,046	\$ <u>1,477</u>	\$ <u>25,240</u>	\$ <u>8,414</u>	\$ <u>2,222</u>	\$ 652	\$ <u>6,300</u>	\$ <u>16,839</u>	\$ <u>1,492</u>	\$ <u>4,798</u>	\$_3,549	
28)	Total Revenue	\$205,087	\$ 80,560	\$ 2,391	\$ 49,332	\$ 13,880	\$ 3,387	\$ <u>1,227</u>	\$ 9,784	\$ 28,483	\$ 3,088	\$_7,382	\$_5,573	Schedule 16
29)	Return	\$ 77,058	\$ 23,514	\$ <u>914</u>	\$ 24,092	\$ <u>5,466</u>	\$_1,165	\$ <u>575</u>	\$_3,484	\$ 11,644	\$ 1,596	\$ 2,584	\$ 2,024	
30)	Rate of Return	17.42 4.54	19.27	<b>17.29</b> 7.17	<b>28.14</b> 13.80	17.66	20.10  8.84 115.39	21.90 2.76 125.72	18.20 13.59 104.48	33.25 5.01	835,60 659.16	18.38	13.72 3.06	
31)	Percentage of Average	100.00	(30) <b>58.96</b> (6.61)	99.25 157.93	161.54 305,2	101.38	115.39 414.99	125.72 192.95	104.487 299.34	190.87 110.35	4,796.79 14,518.9	105.51	78.76 67.40	

### Allocation of Operating Cost

## For the Year Ended March 31, 1977

## Coincident Peak and Average

		Total Company Less Steam and Joint (1)	Pomestic (2)	General Conn. Load (3)	General (4)	General All Electric (5)	General Large (6)	Industrial To 249 KVA (7)			Interruptibl Service (10)	le Municipal (11)	Unmetered (12)	Factor (13)
11 2) 3) 4)	Production Cost Fuel Operating Purchased Power - Fuel Purchased Power ~ Other	\$ 59,329 19,035 1,807 3,421	\$ 21,726 7,517 662 1,351	\$ 593 154 18 28	\$ 11,872 4,037 362 726	\$ 3,838 1,479 117 	\$ 1,347 379 41 68	\$ 261 118 8 21	\$ 3,417 1,148 104 206	\$ 11,427 2,853 348 513	\$ 2,442 177 44 32	\$ 2,664 876 81 	\$ 742 297 22 53	E-1 D-3 E-1 D-3
5)	Total Production	\$ <u>83,592</u>	\$_31,256	\$ <u>793</u>	\$ 16,997	\$_5,700	\$ <u>1,835</u>	\$408	\$_4,875	\$ 15,141	\$ <u>1,695</u>	\$_3,778	\$_1,114	
6)	Transmission Operating Cost	\$ 2,051	\$ 810	<b>\$</b> 17	<b>\$</b> 435	\$ 159	\$ 62	\$ 13	\$ 124	\$ 307	\$ 19	\$ 94	\$ 32	D-3
7) 8) 9) 10) 11) 12) 13) 14) 15) 16) 17)	Distribution Operating Cost Land Substations Overhead Lines U. G. Lines Line Transformers Services Meters Customer Serv. & Cont. Customer Premise Communications Street Lights Total Distribution	\$ 1,135 1,872 2,403 133 812 1,249 767 926 006 502 1,325 \$ 11,930	\$ 778 859 1,807 99 476 887 589 833 725 252	\$ 24 13 62 3 7 37 24 34 29 4  \$ 237	\$ 175 425 318 18 219 286 124 52 46 123	\$ 60 168 - 101 6 87 36 20 6 6 47 	\$ 11 43 12 1 - - - 10 - - \$	\$ 5 15 9 2 7 3 2 1 - 4	\$ 36 155 40 1 - - 5 - - 33 - - \$ 270	\$ 15 80 11  1 1  9  \$ 116	\$	\$ 16 83 13 1 - - 1 - - 11 - - - 11 - - - 11 - - -	\$ 15 29 30 2 16 	P-4 pag P-2 P-2 D-11 C-9 Schedule 15 Schedule 22 Schedule 23 D-13 Direct
19) 20) 21) 22)	Customer Accounting Billing Customer Service Credit & Collection Total Customer Accounting	\$ 3,178 1,026 868 \$ 5,072	\$ 2,213 737 562 \$ 3,512	\$ 87 30 20 \$ 137	\$ 713 210 218 \$ 1,141	\$ 89 28 58 \$ 175	\$ \$	\$ 7 3 7 \$17	\$ 10 4  \$14	\$ 1 1 	\$ 1  \$1	\$ 1 - - \$1	\$ 56 13 3 \$72	C-10 Scheduls 24 Schedule 25
23)	Customer Relations & Informati	on \$ 546	\$ 485	\$ 20	\$ 31	\$ 4	\$ -	\$ 1	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -	\$ -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 5	C-1
24)	Administrative & General	\$ 3,805	\$ 1,898	<b>\$</b> 54	\$ 738	\$ 237	\$ 51	\$ 20	\$ 160	\$ 343	\$ 21	\$ 113	\$ 170	0-2
25)	Depreciation	\$ 18,079	\$ 8,992	\$ 230	\$ 3,552	\$ 1,255	\$ 255	\$ 103	\$ 801	\$ 1,634	\$ 85	\$ 566	\$ 606	P-6
26)	Grants in Lieu of Taxes	\$ <u>2,954</u>	£_1,469	\$38	\$580	\$205	\$42	\$17	\$ <u>131</u>	\$ <u>267</u>	\$ <u>14</u>	\$92	\$99	<b>3~6</b>
27)	Total Cost	\$128,029	\$ <u>55,727</u>	\$ <u>1,526</u>	\$_25,260	\$ <u>8,272</u>	\$_2,301	\$ 627	\$ <u>6,375</u>	\$ <u>17,810</u>	\$ <u>1,838</u>	\$ 4,769	\$ 3,524"	
28)	Total Revenue	\$205,087	\$ <u>80,560</u>	\$ 2,391	\$ <u>49,332</u>	\$ <u>13,880</u>	\$ 3,387	\$ <u>1,227</u>	\$ <u>9,784</u>	\$ 28,483	\$_3,068	\$ 7,382	\$ <u>5,573</u>	Schedule 14
29)	Return	\$ <u>77,058</u>	\$ <u>24,833</u>	\$ <u>865</u>	\$ <u>24,072</u>	\$_5,608	1,086	\$ <u>600</u>	\$_3,409	\$ <u>10,673</u>	1,250	\$_2,613	\$ 2,049	
30)	Rate of Return	17.42	11.33	15.44	27.68	18.30	17.27	23.76	17.33	26.23	56.82	18.75	13.92	
31)	Percantage of Average	100.00	65.04	88.63	158.90	105.05	99,14	136.40	99.48	150.57	326.18	107.64	79.91	

### Allocation of Operating Costs

### For the Year Ended March 31, 1977

## Class Non-Coincident Peak Responsibility

		Total Company Less Steam and Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	General Conn. Load (3)	General (4)	General All Electric (5)	General Large (6)	Industrial To 249 KVA (7)			Interruptible Service Municipal (10) (11)	Unmatered (12)	Factor (13)
1) 2) 3) 4)	Production Cost Fuel Operating Purchased Power - Fuel Purchased Power - Other	\$ 59,329 19,035 1,807 3,421	\$ 21,726 8,094 662 1,455	\$ 593 120 18 21	\$ 11,872 3,946 362 709	\$ 3,838 1,509 117 271	\$ 1,347 329 41 59	\$ 261 137 8 25	\$ 3,417 1,119 104 	\$ 11,427 2,235 348 402	\$ 1,442 \$ 2,664 432 836 44 81 78 150	\$ 742 278 22 50	E-1 D-17 E-1 D-17
5) 6)	Total Production Transmission Operating Cost	\$ <u>83,592</u> \$ 2,051	\$ 31,937	\$ <u>752</u> .	\$ 16,889 \$ 425	* 5,735 * 163	\$ <u>1,776</u>	\$ 431 \$ 15	\$ 4,841 \$ 121	\$ <u>14,412</u> \$ 241	\$_1,996  \$_3,731 \$ 46  \$ 90	\$ <u>1,092</u> ' \$ 30	D-17
7) 8) 9) 10) 11) 12) 13) 14) 15) 16) 17)	Distribution Operating Cost Land Substations Overhead Lines U. G. Lines Line Transformers Services Heters Customer Service & Contracts Customer Premise Communications Street Lights Total Distribution	\$ 1,135 1,872 2,403 133 812 1,249 767	\$ 778 859 1,806 100 476 888 589 833 725 252	\$ 24 13 62 3 7 37 24 34 29 4	\$ 175 425 319 18 219 286 124 52 46 123	\$ 60 168 101 5 87 35 20 6 6 47	\$ 11 43 12 1 - - 1 10 - - 10	\$ 5 15 9 -7 3 2 -4 -4 -8_45	\$ 36 155 40 2 - - 5 - 33	\$ 15 80 11 1 	\$ - \$ 16 2 83 - 13 - 1  1 1 1 1 11 11 11 11	\$ 15 29 30 2 16 - - - 9 1,325 \$ 1,426	P-4 P-9 P-2 P-2 D-11 C-9 Schedule 15 Schedule 22 Schedule 23 D-13 Direct
19) 20) 21) 22)	Customer Accounting Billing Customer Service Credit & Collection Total Customer Accounting	\$ 3,178 1,026 868 \$ 5,072	\$ 2,213 737 562 \$ 3,512	\$ 87 30 20 \$ 137	\$ 713 210 218 \$ 1,141	\$ 89 28 58 \$ 175	; :	\$ 7 3 7 \$17	\$ 10 4 	\$ 1 1 	\$ 1 \$ 1 	\$ 56 13 3 \$	C-10 Schedule 24 Schedule 25
23)	Customer Relations & Informati	<u>on</u> \$ 546	\$ 485	\$ 20	\$ 31	\$ 4	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 1	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ - \$ -	\$ 5	C-1
24)	Administrative & General	\$ 3,805	\$ 1,966	\$ 49	\$ 727	\$ 240	\$ 45	\$ 22	\$ 156	\$ 271	\$ 51 \$ 109	\$ 169	0-3
25)	Depreciation	\$ 18,079	\$ 9,276	\$ 211	\$ 3,484	\$ 1,235	\$ 230	\$ 110	\$ 776	\$ 1,387	\$ 248 \$ 531	\$ 591	<b>₽-7</b>
26)	Grants in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 2,954	\$ <u>1,516</u>	\$34	\$569	\$202	\$37	\$ 18	\$ <u>127</u>	\$ 227	\$40	\$ 97	P-7
27)	Total Cost	\$128,029	\$ 56,870	\$ <u>1,453</u>	\$ 25,053	\$_8,289	\$_2,201	\$659	\$ <u>6,306</u>	\$ 16,657	\$ 2,385 \$ 4,674	\$_3,482	
28)	Total Revenue	\$205,087	\$ 80,560	\$_2,391	\$ 49,332	\$ 13,880	\$ 3,387	\$ 1,227	\$ 9,784	\$ 28,483	\$ 3,088 \$ 7,382	\$ 5,573	Schodule 15
29)	Return	\$ <u>77.058</u>	\$ <u>23,690</u>	\$938	\$ 24,279	\$ <u>5,591</u>	<b>\$_1,186</b>	\$568	\$_3,478	\$ 11,826	<b>5</b> 703 <b>5</b> 2,708	\$_2,091	
3 <b>0</b> )	Rate of Return Percentage of Return	17.42 4.54 100.00	10.48 (22) 60.16 (4.85)	18.12 7.79 104.02 171.59	28.47 14.14 163.43 311.45	18.53 1.15 106.37 25.33	20.84 11.56 119.63 430.84	21.10 8.28 121.13 182.38	18.22 13.60 104.59 299.56	34.08 5.58 195.64 122.91	11.51 20.63 5.99 2.04 66.07 118.43 131.44 177.09	14.53 3.61 83.41 79.52	

#### Allocation of Rate Base

### For the Year Ended March 31, 1978

# Coincident Peak Responsibility

		Total Compan Less Steam and Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	General Conn. Load (3)	General (4)	General All Electric (5)	General Larga (6)	Industrial to 249 KVA (7)	Industrial 250 to 3,999 KVA (8)	Industrial Large (9)	Interruptible Service (10)	Municipal	Unmetered (12)	Factors (13)
l)	Production Plant	\$311,415	\$131,105	\$ 2,273	\$ 70,909	\$ 24,913	\$ 6,166	\$ 3,239	\$ 20,055	\$ 32,699	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 14,232	\$ 5,824	D-2
2)	Transmission Plant	\$ 85,815	\$ 36,128	\$ 626	\$ 19,540	<b>\$ 6,8</b> 65	\$ 1,699	\$ 892	\$ 5,527	\$ 9,011	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 3,922	\$ 1,605	D-2
3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8) 9) 10) 11) 12)	Distribution Plant Land Substations Poles Mire-C.H. Underground Line Transformers Services Meters Other Street Lighting Total Distribution Plant	\$ 2,508 23,184 58,390 31,507 4,849 29,154 15,870 9,556 278 8,253	\$ 1,822 12,000 45,757 24,316 3,780 19,000 11,333 7,379 202	\$ 50 141 1,376 709 113 225 424 275 6	\$ 342 4,607 6,679 3,915 582 6,743 3,685 1,568 38	\$ 100 1,620 1,833 1,076 157 2,332 382 213 11	\$ 21 507 268 160 23 - - 2 2 2 2 - - 983	\$ 1.5 247 274 160 23 350 46 26 2	\$ 72 1,826 887 531 77 	\$ 30 951 257 154 22 - - 15 3 - *1,432	\$	\$ 27 871 228 136 19 - - 3 3 -	\$ 29 316 631 350 53 496 - - 3 8,253 \$ 10,131	F-12 Sched 32 Pg. 1 Sched 34 Pg. 1 Sched 34 Pg. 2 P-10 D-6 C-11 Schedule 35 P-12 Direct
14)	General Plant, Intangible, and Future Use	\$_6,142	\$_3,097	\$ 66	\$ 1,257	5 <u>418</u> .	\$ <u>. 93</u> .	\$ <u>56</u> .	\$307	\$456	\$ <u>. 1</u>	\$206	\$ 185	P-14
15) 16) 17) 18) 19)	Morting Capital Cash Fuel Cash Mat. Supp Fuel Mat. Supp Other Total Working Capital Total Rate Base	\$ 8,528 4,361 7,266 11,266 \$ 31,421 \$618,342	\$ 3,102 1,838 2,643 5,601 \$ 13,264 \$309,271	\$ 83 47 71 121 \$ 322 \$ 6,506	\$ 1,756 883 1,496 2,305 \$ 6,440 \$126,505	\$ 544 271 464 766 \$ 2,045	\$ 199 85 169 171 \$ 624 \$ 9,563	\$ 51 29 44 103 \$ 227 \$ 5,557	\$ 519 237 142 563 \$ 1,761 \$ 31,119	\$ 1,538 608 1,310 837 \$ 4,293 \$ 47,691	\$ 229 73 195 1 \$ 498	\$ 395 173 336 378 \$ 1,282 \$ 20,929	\$ 112 117 96 340 \$ 665	E-2 C-4 E-2 P-14

#### Allocation Of Rate Base

# For The Year Ended March 31, 1978

# Coincident Peak And Average Responsibility

(\$000)

		Total Company Less Steam And Joint (1)	Pomestic (2)	General Conn. Load (3)	General (4)	General All Electric (5)	General Large (6)	Industrial To 249 KVA (7)	Industrial 250-3,999 KVA (8)		Interruptible Service (10)	le Municipel (11)	Unmetered (12)	Factors (13)
1) 2) 3) 4)	Production Plant Steam Hydro Gas Turbine Total Transmission Plant	\$126,727 162,797 21,891 \$311,415	\$ 50,526 68,538 9,216 \$128,280 \$ 34,214	\$ 1,052 1,188 160 \$ 2,400 \$ 712	\$ 27,778 37,069 4,985 \$ 69,832	\$ 9,314 13,024 1,751 \$ 24,089	\$ 2,674 3,223 433 \$ 6,330 \$ 1,811	\$ 1,128 1,693 228 \$ 3,049	\$ 6,022 10,484 1,410 \$ 19,916	\$ 17,007 17,094 2,299 \$ 36,400 \$ 11,516	\$ 1,293 - \$ 1,293 \$ 875	\$ 5,829 7,440 1,000 \$ 14,259 \$ 3,948	\$ 2,104 3,044 409 \$ 5,557	D-4 D-2 D-2
6) 7) 9) 10) 11) 12) 13) 14) 15)	Distribution Plant Land Substations Poles Wire - O.H. Underground Line Transformers Services Naters Other Street Lighting Total	\$ 2,508 23,184 58,390 31,507 4,849 29,154 15,870 9,556 278 8,253	\$ 1,737 10,603 44,282 23,434 3,653 17,073 11,333 7,379 192	\$ 51 164 1,401 725 115 262 424 275 6	\$ 385 5,311 7,660 4,362 649 7,968 3,685 1,568 43	\$ 118 1,903 2,149 1,265 184 2,831 382 213 13	\$ 23 559 302 180 26 	\$ 17 277 308 180 26 402 46 26 2 2 5 1,284	\$ 82 2,054 1,038 620 89 - - 68 9	\$ 31 977 274 164 24 - 15 3	\$ 1 18 - - - 7	\$ 30, 934 269 161 23 - - 3 3	\$ 1,425 \$ 33 384 707 396 60 618 - 4 8,253 \$ 10,455	D-4  D-13 Sched 32 Pg 2 Sched 34 Pg 2 Sched 34 Pg 2 P-11 D-12 C-11 Sched 35 P-13 Direct
15) 15) 19) 20) 21) 22)	Gen. Plant, Intangible & Future Use  Working Capital Cash Fuel Cesh Mat. & Supp Fuel Mat. & Supp Other  Total	\$ 6,142 \$ 8,528 4,361 7,266 11,266 \$ 31,421 \$618,342 31,421 586,721	\$ 2,984 \$ 3,102 1,805 2,643 5,474 \$ 13,024 \$298,188	\$ 69. \$ 83 49 71 126 \$ 329 \$ 6,933	\$ 1,272 \$ 1,756 881 1,496 2,333 \$ 6,466 \$128,032	\$ 9,038 \$ 417 \$ 544 267 464 765 \$ 2,040 \$ 41,911	\$ 98 \$ 199 86 169 179 \$ 633 \$ 9,967	\$ 54 \$ 54 \$ 51 28 44 99 \$ 222 \$ 5,373	\$ 310 \$ 518 237 442 569 \$ 1,766 \$ 31,384	\$ 1,488 \$ 523 \$ 1,538 636 1,310 959 \$ 4,443 \$ 54,370	\$ 229 8 229 83 195 43 \$ 550 \$ 2,767	\$ 1,423 \$ 208 \$ 395 174 336 381 \$ 1,286 \$ 21,134	\$ 10,455 \$ 184 \$ 113 115 96 338 \$ 662 \$ 18,283	P-15 B-2 O-5 E-2 P-15

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#### Allocation of Rate Base

### For the Year Ended March 31, 1978

# Class Non-Coincident Responsibility

(\$00G)

		fotal Company Less Steam and Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	General Conn. Load (3)	General (4)	General All Electric (5)	General Large (6)		Industrial 250-3,999 KVA (9)		Interruptible Service (10)	Municipal (11)	Unmetered (12)	Factor (13)
1)	Production Plant	\$311,415	\$133,192	\$ 2,055	\$ 65,833	\$ 22,702	\$ 5,761	\$ 3,363	\$ 20,398	\$ 32,356	\$ 7,848	\$ 13,080	\$ 4,827	D-18
2)	Transmission Plant	\$ 95,815	\$ 36,703	<b>\$</b> 566	\$ 18,141	\$ 6,256	\$ 1,588	\$ 927	\$ 5,621	\$ 8,916	\$ 2,163	\$ 3,604	\$ 1,330	D-18
3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8) 9) 10) 21) 12)	Distribution Plant Land Substations Poles Wire - O.H. Underground Line Transformers Services Meters Other Street Lighting	\$ 2,508 23,184 58,390 31,507 4,849 29,154 15,670 9,556 278 8,253 \$183,549	\$ 1,737 10,603 44,282 23,434 3,653 17,073 11,333 7,379 192	\$ 51 164 1,401 725 114 262 424 275 6	\$ 385 5,311 7,660 4,382 649 7,968 3,685 1,568 43	\$ 118 1,903 2,149 1,265 184 2,831 382 213 13	\$ 23 559 302 180 26 	\$ 17 277 308 180 26 402 46 26 3	\$ 82 2,054 1,038 620 89 	\$ 31 977 274 164 24 - 15 3	\$ 1 18 - - - 7 - - 7 - - - 5	\$ 30 934 269 161 24 - - 3 3 - - \$\frac{1}{2},424	\$ 33 384 707 396 60 618  4 8,253	P-13 Sched 32 Pg 2 Sched 34 Pg 2 Sched 34 Pg 2 P-11 D-12 C-11 Schedule 35 P-13 Direct
14)	Gen. Plant, Intan, & Future Us.		\$ 3,062	5 64	\$ 1,223	<b>402</b>	\$ 89	\$ 59	\$ 317	\$ 452	\$ 106	\$ 192	\$ 176	P-16
15) 16) 17) 18)	Korking Capital Cash Fuel Cash Mat. & Supp Fuel Mat. & Supp Other Total	\$ 8,528 4,361 7,266 11,256 \$ 31,421	\$ 3,102 1,832 2,643 5,617 \$ 13,194	\$ 83 47 71 117 \$ 318	\$ 1,756 874 1,496 2,243 \$ 6,369	\$ 544 267 464 738 \$ 2,013	\$ 199 84 169 164 \$ 616	\$ 51 30 44 108	\$ 519 239 442 581 \$ 1,781	\$ 1,538 607 1,310 829 \$ 4,284	\$ 229 97 195 195 \$ 716	\$ 395 170 336 352 \$ 1,253	\$ 112 114 96 322 \$644	E-2 O-6 E-2 P-16
20)	Total Rate Base	\$ <u>618,342</u>	\$305,837	\$ <u>6,425</u>	\$123,217	\$_40,431	\$ <u>9,148</u>	\$_5,967	\$ 32,077	\$ 47,496	\$ 10,859	\$ 19,553	\$ 17,432	

# Allocation of Operating Costs

## For the Year Ended March 31, 1978

## Coincident Peak Responsibility

		Total Company	Y											
		Less Steam		General		General	General				Interruptibl			
		and Joint	Domestic	Conn. Load		All Blectric	Large	To 249 KVA			Service	Municipal	Unmetered	Factors
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
	Production Costs													
1)	Fue1	\$ 76,436	\$ 27,807	\$ 741	\$ 15,746	\$ 4,877	\$ 1,781	\$ 459	\$ 4,547	\$ 13,781	\$ 2,049	\$ 3,539	\$ 1,009	E-3
2)	Operating	20,558	8,655	150	4,681	1,645	407	214	1,324	2,159	-	939	384	D-2
3)	Purchased Power - fuel	1,064	387	10	219	68	25	. 6	65	192	29	49	14	E-2
4)	Perchased Power - Other	3,393	1,429	25	773	271	67	35	219	356		<u>· 155</u>	63	D-2
5)	Total Production	\$101,451	\$ 38,278	<u>\$ 926</u>	\$ 21,419	\$_6,861	\$ 2,280	\$ 714	\$ 6,255	\$ 16,488	\$ 2,078	\$ 4,682	\$ <u>1,470</u>	
6)	Transmission Operating Costs	\$ 2,708	\$ 1,140	\$ 20	\$ 616	\$ 217	\$ 54	\$ 20	\$ 174	\$ 284	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 124	\$ 51	D-2
	Distribution Operating Costs													,
7)	Land	\$ 1,067	<b>\$</b> 775	\$ 21	\$ 145	<b>8 4</b> 3	\$ 9	•	\$ 31	\$ 13	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 12	\$ 12	P-12 ·
e)	Substations	1,896	987	12	377	132	42		149	78	2	71	26	P-17
9)	Overhead Lines	2,804	2,186	65	337	91	13	13	44	13	-	11	31	P-10
10)	U. G. Lines	204	159	5	24	7	1.	_	3	1	-	1	2	P-10
11)	Line Transformers	€66	565	. 7	200	69	-	10	-	-	-	-	15	D-6
12)	Services	1,284	917	34	298	31	-	4	-	-	~	-	_	C-11
13)	Meters	900	695	26	148	20	-	. 2	6	2	1	-	-	Schedule 35
14)	Customer Service & Contract		940	35	62	6	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	Schedule 42
15)	Customer Premise	733	660	25	43	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	Schedule 43
16)	Communications	507	287	3	108	36	10	6	32	9	-	8	8	D-8
17)	Street Lights	1,618			<del></del>	·	<del></del>				<del></del>		1,618	Direct
18)	Total Distribution	\$ <u>12,923</u>	\$ 8,171	\$233	\$ 1,742	\$439	\$75	\$ <u>64</u>	\$ 265	\$116	\$3	\$ <u>103</u>	\$_1,712	
	Customer Accounting													
19)	Billing	\$ 3,258	\$ 2,262	\$ 87	\$ .755	\$ 79	\$ -	\$ 9	\$ 11	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 52	C-12
20)	Customer Service	1,095	784	30	233	26	-	3	5	1	-	_	13	Schedule 44
21)	Credit & Collection	1,427	777	27	213	54		5		347			4	Schedule 45
			4 2 222	\$ 144	\$ 1.201			\$ 17	\$ 16	\$ 349		,		20160074
2 <b>2</b> }	Total Customer Accounting	\$ 5,780	\$_3,823		\$_1,201		<u>`</u>			349	·——-	*	\$69	
23)	Customer Relations & Info.	\$ 755	\$ 674	\$ 25	\$ 44	\$ 5	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ _	\$ -	\$ <b>-</b>	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 6	C-3
24)	Admin. & General	\$ 4,552	\$ 1,918	\$ 50	\$ 921	\$ 263	\$ 89	\$ 30	\$ 247	\$ 635	\$ 76	\$ 181	\$ 122	0~4
25)	Depreciation	\$ 19,692	\$ 9,931	\$ 211	\$ 4,029	¥ 1,339	\$ 299	\$ 179	\$ 984	\$ 1,463	\$ 2	\$ 660	\$ 595	P-14
26)	Grants in Liou of Taxes.	\$_3,623	\$_1,827	\$39	\$741	\$ 246	\$ 55	\$33	\$ 181	\$ 269	\$	\$ <u>122</u>	\$110	P-14
27)	Total Cost	\$ <u>151,484</u>	\$ 65,762	\$ <u>1,648</u>	\$ 30,713	\$_9,549	\$ 2,852	\$ <u>1,066</u>	\$_8,122	\$ 19,604	\$ <u>2,160</u>	\$ <u>5,873</u>	\$_4,135	
28)	Total Revenue	\$204,376	\$ 78,440	\$_2.350	\$ 49,645	\$ 13,816	\$_3,649	\$ 1,673	\$ 10,827	\$ <u>27,631</u>	\$ <u>3,330</u>	\$_7,408	\$_5,607	Schedule 36
29)	Return	\$_52,892	\$ .12,678	\$702	\$ 18,932	\$ 4,267	\$ 797	\$ 607	\$ 2,705	\$ <u>8,027</u>	\$ 1,170	\$_1,535	\$_1,472	
30)	Rate of Return	8.55	4.10	10.63	14.97	10.17	8.33	10.92	8.69	16.76	223.28	7.33	8.00	
31)	Percentage of Average	100.00	47.95	124.33	175.09	118.95	97.43	127.22	101.64	196.03	2611 <b>.46</b>	85.73	93.57	
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#### Allocation of Operating Costs

### For the Year Ended March 31, 1978

## Coincident Peak & Average Responsibility

		Total Company Less Steam & Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	General Conn. Load (3)	General (4)	General All Electric (5)	General Large (6)		Industrial 250-3,999 XV/ (8)	Industria Large (9)	l Interruptible (10)	Hunicipal	Unmetered (12)	Pactor (13)
1) 2) 3) 4)	Production Costs Fuel Operating Purchased Power - Fuel Purchased Power - Other	\$ 76,436 20,558 1,064 3,393	\$ 27,807 8,196 387 1,353	\$ 741 171 10 28	\$ 15,746 4,506 219 744	\$ 4,877 1,511 68 249	\$ 1,781 434 25 72	\$ 459 183 6 30	\$ 4,647 1,301 65 215	\$ 13,781 2,759 192 455	\$ 2,049 210 29 35	\$ 3,539 946 49 156	\$ 1,009 341 14 56	E-2 D-4 E-2 D-4
5)	Total Production	\$101,451	<u>\$ 37,743</u>	\$ 950	\$ 21,215	\$ 6,705	\$ 2,312	\$ 678	\$ 6,228	\$ 17,187	\$ 2,323	\$ 4,690	\$ 1,420	
6)	Transmission Operating Costs	\$ 2,708	\$ 1,080	. \$ 22	\$ 594	\$ 199	\$ 57	\$ 24	\$ 171	\$ 363	\$ 28	\$ 125	\$ 45	D-4
7) 8) 9) 10) 11) 12) 13) 14) 15) 16) 17)	Land Substations Overhead Lines U. G. Lines Line Transformers Services Meters Cust. Serv. & Contracts Customer Premise Communications Street Lighting Total Distribution	\$ 1,067 1,896 2,801 204 866 1,284 900 1,041 733 507 1,613 \$ 12,923	\$ 739 867 2,112 154 508 917 695 940 660 252	\$ 22 13 66 5 8 34 26 35 25 4 - \$	\$ 164 434 375 27 236 298 148 62 43 125 	\$ 50 156 107 8 84 31 20 6 4 43 - \$ 509	\$ 10 46 15 1 - - - 11 \$ \$	\$ 7 23 15 1 12 4 2 1 1 6	\$ 35 168 52 4 - - 6 - 37 - 5 302	\$ 13 80 14 1 	\$ -2	\$ 13 76 13 1 	\$ 14 31 35 2 18 - - 9 1,618 \$ 1,727	P-13 P-18 P-11 P-11 D-12 C-11 Schedule 35 Schedule 42 Schedule 43 D-14
19) 20) 21) 22) 23)	Customer Accounting Billing Customer Service Credit & Collection Total Customer Accounting Customer Relations & Information	\$ 3,253 1,095 1,427 \$ 5,780 \$ 755	\$ 2,262 784 777 \$ 3,823 \$ 674	\$ 87 30 27 \$ 144 \$ 25	\$ 755 233 213 \$ 1,201 \$ 44	\$ 79 26 54 \$ 159 \$ 5	\$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 9 3 5 \$ 17 \$ 1	\$ 11 5 \$ 16 \$ -	\$ 1 1 347 \$ 349 \$ -	\$ 1 - - \$ 1 \$ -	\$ 1 - - \$ 1 \$ -	\$ 52 13 4 \$ 69 \$ 6	C-12 Schedule 44 Schedule 45
24)	Admin. & General	\$ 4,552	\$ 1,884	\$ . 51	\$ 920	\$ 279	\$ 90	\$ 29	\$ 247	\$ 664	\$ 86	\$ 182	\$ 120	<b>0-</b> 5
25)	Depreciation	\$ 19,692	\$ 9,568	\$ 221	\$ 4,078	\$ 1,337	\$ 313	\$ 173	\$ 994	\$ 1,676	\$ 75	\$ 686	\$ 591	P-13
26)	Grants In Lieu of Taxos	\$ 3,623	\$ 1,760	\$ 41	\$ 750	\$ 246	\$ 58	\$ 32	\$ 183	\$ 308	\$ 14	\$ 122	\$ 109	P-15
27) 28) 29) 30)	Total Cost Total Revenue Return Rate of Return	\$151,484 \$204,376 \$ 52,892 8.55	\$ 64,376 \$ 78,440 \$ 14,064 4.72	\$ 1,692 \$ 2,350 \$ 658 9.49	\$ 30,714 \$ 49,645 \$ 18,931 14.79	\$ 9,439 \$ 13,816 \$ 4,377 10.44	\$ 2,913 \$ 3,649 \$ 736 7.38	\$ 1,026 \$ 1,673 \$ 647 12.04	\$ 8,141 \$ 10,827 \$ 2,686 8.36	\$ 20,667 \$ 27,631 \$ 6,964 12.81	\$ 2,530 \$ 3,330 \$ 800 28.91	\$ 5,899 \$ 7,408 \$ 1,509 7.14	\$ 4,087 \$ 5,607 \$ 1,520 6.31	échedula 36
31)	Percentage of Average	100.00	55.20	110.99	172.98	122.11	86.32	140.82	100-12	149.82	338.13	83.51	97.19	

# Allocation of Operating Costs

### For the Year Ended March 31, 1978

# Class Non-coincident Peak Responsibility

		Total Company																			•		
		Less Stone		General-			General		General .		Industrial				Industrial Interruptabl								
		and Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	Conn. I			All Ble			rge	To 249		250-3	,999 KVA		•		vice		icipal 11)		etered L2)	Factor (13)
		(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5	))	(1	6)	(	7}		(8)	(9)		(1	.0)	•	11)	(,	12)	(13)
	Production Costs				•																		
1)	Fuel	\$ 76,436	\$ 27,807	\$ 7	41 \$	15,746	\$ 4,	877	\$ 1	,781	\$	459		4,647	\$ 13,7	61	\$ 2	,049	\$	3,539	\$ 1	L,009	E-2
2)	Operating	20,558	8,793	1	36	4,346	l,	499		380		222		1,346	2,1	36		518		863		319	D-18
3)	Purchased Power-Fuel	1,064	387		10	219		68		25		6		65	1	92		29		49		14	<b>2</b> -2
4)	Purchased Power-Other	3,393	1,451		22 _	717		247		63		37		222	3	<u>53</u>		86		142		53	D-18
5)	Total Production	\$101,451	\$ 38,438	\$5	09 \$	21,028	\$ 6,	691	<u>\$ 2</u>	,249	٤	734	<u>\$</u>	6,280	\$ 16,4	<u>62</u>	\$ <u>2</u>	,682	<u>\$</u>	4,593	\$	1,395	
6)	Transmission Operating Costs	\$ 2,708	\$ 1,158		18 \$	573	\$	198	\$	50	•	29		177	\$ 2	<b>6</b> 1	<b>\$</b>	68	\$	114		42	D-18
	Distribution Operating Costs																						
7)	Land	\$ 1,067	\$ 739	\$	22 \$	164	\$	50	\$	10	\$	7		35	\$	13	\$	-		13	\$	14	P-13
8)	Substations	1,896	867		13	434		156		46		23		168		80		2		76		31	P-18
9)	Overhead Lines	2,904	3,112		<b>6</b> 6	375		107		15		15		52		14		-		13		35	P-11
10)	U. Ground Lines	204	154		5	27		8		1		1		4		1		-		1		2	P-11
11)	Line Transformers	866	508		8	236		84		-		12		-		-		-		-		18	D-12
12)	Services	1,284	917		34	298		31		-		4		-		-		-		-		-	C-11
13)	Maters	900	695		26	148		20		-		2 -		6		2		1		-		-	Schedule 35
14)	Cust. Serv & Contracts	1,044	940		35	62		6		-		1		-		-		-		-		-	Schedule 42
15)	Customer Premise	733	660		25	43		4		-		1		-		-		-		-		-	Schedule 43
16)	Communications	507	252		4	125		43		11		6		37		10		-		10		9	D-14
17)	St. Lighting	1,618		<del></del>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		<del></del>		<del></del>			~	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<del>_</del>		1,618	Direct
18)	Total Distribution	<u>\$ 12,923</u>	\$ 7,844	<u>\$2</u>	36 <b>\$</b>	1,912	\$	509	\$	83	\$	72	\$	302	<u>\$1</u>	20	<u>\$</u>	3	\$	113	<u>\$</u>	1,727	
	Customer Accounting																						
19)	Billing	\$ 3,258	\$ 2,262	\$	87 \$	755	\$	79	\$	-	\$	9	\$	11	\$		\$	1	\$	1	\$	52	C-12
20)	Customer Service	1,095	784		30	233		26		-		3		5		1		-				13	Schedule 44
21)	Credit & Collection	1,427	777		<u> 27</u>	213		54		<u> </u>		5		=	3	47				<del></del>		4	Schedule 45
22)	Total Customer Acc.	\$ 5,780	\$ 3,823	<u>\$ 1</u>	44 5	1,201	\$	159	\$		\$	17	\$	16	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>\$</u>	1	\$	1	\$	69	
23)	Customer Relations & Information	<b>\$ 75</b> 5	\$ 674	\$	25 \$	44	\$	5	\$	-	ş	1	\$	-	\$	-	\$	***	\$	-	\$	6	C-2
24)	Admin. & General	\$ 4,552	\$ 1,912	\$	49 \$	912	\$ :	279	\$	88	\$	31	\$	249	\$ 6	34	\$	101	\$	178	\$	119	0-6
25)	Depreciation	\$ 19,692	\$ 9,818	\$ <b>2</b>	05 \$	3,921	\$ 1,	290	\$	286	\$	189	\$	1,016	\$ 1,4	49	\$	341	\$	614	· \$	563	P-16
26)	Grants in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 3,623	\$ 1,806		38 \$	721		237	\$	52	\$	35	\$	187	\$ 2	67	\$	63	\$	113	\$	104	P-16
27)	Total Cost	\$151,464	\$ 65,473	\$ 1,6		30,312	\$ 9,			,808	\$ 1			8,227	\$ 19,5			, 259		<u>5,726</u>		1,025	
28)	Total Revenue	\$204.376	\$ 78,440	<u>3ء2نے</u> و		49,645	\$ 13.		\$ 3		سع		_	L <u>0,82</u> 7	\$ 27,6	_	\$ 3	,330		7,408		5,607	Schedule 35
29)	Return	<u>\$ 52.892</u>	<u>\$ 12.967</u>			19.333	<u> </u>			841	-	575	\$	2,600	\$ 8,0	=	<u>\$</u>	<u>71</u>	<u>\$</u>	1,682	\$	1,582	
30)	Rate of Return	8.55	4.24	11.		15.69		.00		9.19	_	9.80		8,11	16.			.65		8.60		9.08	
31)	Percentage of Average	100.00	49.59	131.	81	183.51	128	. 65	107	7.48	114	1.62		94.85	198.	71		7.60	1	.00.58	10	06.20	
																							ហ្គ

## Ernst & Ernst

Cost of Service Studies for the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and March 31, 1978

Volume 2

Prepared for
Nova Scotia Power Corporation

December 1978

Unotered (12)		9.6/	79.9	<b>83.4</b>	20 9:	12 (	GR <i>A</i>	A CA IR-183 Attachment 3 Page 3 of 89  SCHEDULE 1
Maricipal (11)	,	105.5	107.6	118.4	85.7	. 83.5	100.6	
Industrial Interruptible Larye Sarvice (9) (10)		4,796.8	326.2	66.1	2,611.5	388,1	7.6	
Industrial Larys (9)		190.9	150.6	195.6	 196.0	149.8	198.7	
Industrial 250-3,999 KVA (B)		104.5	3.5	104.6	101.6	100.1	94.9	
Industrial To 249 KVA (7)		125,7	136.4	121.1	7.721	140.8	114.6	
Ganoral Large (6)		115.4	99.1	119.6	97.4	86.3	107.5	
General All Electric (5)	:	101.4	105.1	106.4	119.0	122.1	128.7	
Guneral (4)		161.5	158.9	163.4	175.1	173.0	183.5	
General Com. Load (3)		59.3	69.6	104.0	124.3	977	131.6	

Cost of Service Study Summaries

For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978 Percentage Relationship of Class Beturn to Awarage Return

		3	Ì	ì			•					
	Year Ended March 31, 1977					:						
7	1) Coincident Peak	100.00	59.0	59.3	161.5	101.4	115.4	125,7	104.5	190.9	4,796.8	_
2	2) Coincident Peak and Amerage	100.00	65.0	69.6	158.9	105.1	99.1	136.4	3.5	150.6	326.2	-
9	3) Class Non Coincident Peak	100.00	60.3	104.0	163.4	106.4	319.6	121.1	104.6	195.6	66.1	_
	Year Ended March 31, 1978									-		
7	4) Coincident Peak	100.00	48.0	124.3	175.1	119.0	97.4	1.721	101.6	196.0	2,611.5	
ŝ	5) Coincident Neak and Average	100.00	55.2	977	173.0	122.1	86.3	140.8	100.1	149.8	388.1	•
9	6) Class Non Coincident Peak	100.00	49.6	131.6	183.5	128.7	107.5	114.6	94.9	198.7	7.6	

SCHEDULE 2

	·		ios KW Demand							8 59,303	•				47,042			9.252 1,057,000				5 76,986			1 62,206		30 650			3 . 17,767	i	1,024,000
	• ٧		AN DEMAND LOSSO.	'	,	6,009			16,416 9.	5.012 7.8	117,184 4.8				44,887 4.8	•	.	967,922 9.	×	367,568 10.3						•	7.066		42,325 4.3	-		941,780
			(10)		825 37			. 925		.875					. 925			811		.825									.925		·.	2
		7	Demand (9)	·	449,294	6,677	219,361	83,820	16,761	62.871	137,863	25,536	41,979	23,498	48,526~	12,44	.	1,141,234		445,537	220 548	76,007	19,780	11,268	66,380	919,511	47.184	22.200	45,757	16,108	.	1,113,391
		Diversified Class Load	Factor (8)	 :	45.01	83.12	50.37	42.79	67.94	52.02	81.57	55.56			54.04		,			44.62	9.5	46.23	58.81	26.74	46.28	82.07	49.86	75.55		•	•	
1077 and 1078		Class	Factor .	;	. 722 .	.950	.950	.975	.925	925	875	006.	1.000	· 975 ·	-> 375.	T-000	•			.722	000	975	.925	.925	.925	5/8,	276	925	576.	1.000	•	
Load Analysis	Non	Diversified Class .KW Demand	December (6)		622,276	7,028	230,906	85,969	20,282	67.969	157,558	28,373	41,979	24,100	49,770	15,421 V	•	1,359,876	X	617,087	737 155	77.956	21,384	12,182	71,762	130,193	30,921	24.000	46,930	16,108	•	1,330,155
3	THE TOURS CONT.	Non Diversified Class L.F.	at Dec 191	i	32,50	78.97	47.86 1	41.72	62.85	48.11	71.88	20.00	54, 39	70.56	52.68	4.73	• .			32.20	13.38	45.08	19.09	. 92'22	47.69	80.01	56.00	77.86	56.96	.44.80		
		MAH Generated &	Purchased		1.962.940	53,869	1,072,609	346,591	121,710	308,325	1.032.453	130,242	209,600	156,111	240.729	66,985	1,739	5,727,698		1,920,889	01,449	337.065	123,193	31,907	321,103	951, 746	208,600	170,730	244,223	69,738	2,256	5,661,589
		_	Tomo:	<u> </u>	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.3	0.6	9.6	. 4	. 8	8.4	<b>4.</b> 8	8.4	9.01		8.638	•	10.3	7.5	5.6	8.5	9.5	7.1	. ·			4.3	10.3	; ;	6.131
,		Hada	Sales	3	1.771.621	48,618	968,059	314,226	111,661	21,399	985.165	124,277	200,000	148,961	229, 703	60,456	1,659	5,272,257	•	1,741,588	45,643	307.822	113,542	29,407	299,816	912,508	200,000	163.691	234,154	63,226	2,163	5,235,882
		Custoners	Served	3	257.891	10,710	16,627	2,069	m ;	196	5 =	9	-	-	80	2,623		290, 244		264, 465	9,655	1.792		218	126	<b>.</b>	- م	• -	8	2,380	7	296,085
				CLASS		Gen. Serv. Count. Load	Gen. Serv. Demand	Gen. Serv. All Electric	Cen. Serv. Large	Industrial to 249 KVA	Industrial Council of	Interruptible	Bowaters Mersey	A.E.C.L. Pt. Tupper	Municipal	Unsetered	K.B.B.P.C.	Total	1978	at ic	Gen. Serv. Connt. Load	Gen. Serv. All Electric	Serv.	Industrial to 249 KVA	Industrial 250-3,999 KVA	Industrial Large	Interruptible	A.R.C.L. Pt. Tymer	Auntoipei	Unsetered	f. B. E. P. C.	Total
			,	اد	-110	3 B	_	_	_		: 6	• • •	_	_		_	₹ ?	15)	-			_	•	21) I			24)		•	_	æ 62	30

SCHEDULE 3

# Analysis Of MWH Sold And Generated For The Years Ended March 31, 1977 And 1978

		Year Ended MWH Sales (1)	March 31, 1977 MWH Generation (2)	Year Ended I MWH Sales (3)	March 31, 1978 MWH Generation (4)
1)	Domestic	1,771,621	1,962,940	1,741,588	1,920,889
2)	Gen. Conn Load	48,618	53,869	46,645	51,449
3.)	General	968,059	1,072,609	985,884	1,087,430
4)	General All Electric	314,226	346,591	307,822	337,065
5)	General Large	111,661	121,710	113,542	123,193
6)	Industrial To 249 KVA	21,399	23,325	29,407	31,907
7)	Industrial 250 - 3,999 KVA	286,452	308 <b>,</b> 795	299,816	321,103
8)	Industrial Large	985,165	1,032,453	912,508	951,746
9)	Interruptible	124,277	130,242	135,436	141,260
10)	Municipal	229,703	240,729	234,154	244,223
11)	Unmetered	60,456	66,985	63,226	69,738
12)	Sub-Total	4,921,637	5,360,248	4,870,028	5,280,003
13)	AECL Pt. Tupper	148,961	156,111	163,691	170,730
14)	Bowaters Mersey	200,000	209,600	200,000	208,600
15)	N.B.E.P.C.	1,659	1,739	2,163	2,256
16)	Total	5,272,257	5,727,698	5,235,882	5,661,589

# SCHEDULE 4

NOVA SCOTTA POWER CORPORATION

Determination Of Custoner Non-Coincident KM By Voltage Level

Pobla Company   Pobla Compan															
Total Company   Canacal Canaca Canacal Canaca	Unnetered	15,421	15,822	15,622	16,391	16,391	16,719	16,719	16, 108	16,527	16,527	17,039	17,039	17,380	17,380
Total Company   Total Compan	Municipal			20,970	21,724	50,524	51,534	51,534	1 1	1	18,130	18,692	47,492	48,442	48,442
Total Company         Ceneral         Annotation         Ceneral         Annota	Interruptible		1	' '	1	28,373	28,941	28,941	1 1		' '	'	30,921	31,539	31,539
Total Company Leas Steam And Joint Demestic Conn. Load General All Electric Large TO 249 KWA [1] [1] [2] [4] [5] [6] [7] [6] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7	Industrial Large		1	19,637	20,344	3,014	153,719	153,719		1	20,459	21,093	130,827	133,444	133,444
Total Company Loss Steam And Joint Domestic Conn. Load General All Electric Large To 2  34,792 622,76 7,028 217,632 63,747 - 61,192 639,445 639,445 7,211 223,290 65,924 - 61,192 7,211 223,290 65,924 - 7,101 223,290 65,924 - 7,219 21,925 61,110 21,1012 7,101 21,1012 7,	Industrial 250-3,999 KVA			66,113	68,493	71,353	72,780	72,780	.' '		70,005	72,175	75,035	76,536	76,536
Total Company Lass Steam And Joint (2) (3) (4) (5)  (1) (2) (2) (3) (4) (5)  (2) (3) (4) (5)  (3) (4) (5)  (4) (5)  (5) (6)  (1) (2) (3) (3) (4) (5)  (4) (5)  (5) (6) (6) (6) (7)  (6) (7) (10) (10)  (7) (10) (10) (10)  (8) (10) (10) (10)  (1,121,639 (10) (10) (10)  (1,121,639 (10) (10) (10)  (1,121,639 (10) (10) (10)  (1,121,639 (10) (10) (10)  (1,121,639 (10) (10) (10)  (1,121,639 (10) (10) (10)  (1,121,639 (10) (10) (10)  (1,121,639 (10) (10) (10)  (1,121,639 (10) (10) (10)  (1,121,639 (10) (10) (10)  (1,121,639 (10) (10) (10)  (1,121,639 (10) (10) (10)  (1,121,639 (10) (10) (10)  (1,121,639 (10) (10) (10)  (1,121,639 (10) (10) (10)  (1,121,630 (10) (10) (10)	Industrial To 249 KVA	7,453	7,647	8,439	8,743	8,743	8,918	8,918	11,390	11,686	12,478	12,865	12,865	13,122	13,122
Total Company Lass Steam And Joint Demestic Conn. Load General (1) (2) (3) (4) (1) (2) (2) (3) (4)  953,557 622,276 7,028 217,632  24,792 16,179 183 5,658  978,349 638,455 7,211 235,660  1,152,016 661,439 7,471 245,060  1,379,456 674,668 7,620 249,982  1,379,456 674,668 7,620 249,982  24,607 16,087 7,236 218,882  24,607 16,087 7,236 218,882  24,607 16,044 633,131 7,424 237,847  1,117,310 633,131 7,424 237,847  1,324,261 655,813 7,654 245,220  1,324,261 665,813 7,807 256,124	General Large	'		20,282	21,012	21,012	21,432	21,432		1	21,384	22,047	22,047	22,488	22,488
Total Company Lass Steam And Joint Domestic Conn. Load (1) (2) (3) 953,557 622,276 7,028 24,792 1,121,639 639,455 1,121,639 639,455 1,121,639 639,455 1,121,639 639,455 1,121,639 639,455 1,121,639 1,379,458 674,668 7,620 1,379,458 674,668 7,620 1,379,458 674,668 7,620 1,379,458 674,668 7,620 1,317,310 633,131 7,424 1,117,310 633,131 7,424 1,324,261 655,758 1,554 1,350,746 665,813 7,807	Genoral All Electric	63,747 2,177	85,924	3,173	91,319	91,319	93,145	93,145	15,734	77,703	79,925	82,403	1,648	84,051	84,051
Total Company Leas Steam And Joint (2) (1) (2) 953,557 24,792 16,179 978,349 1,121,639 1,357,410 1,379,458 1,374,261 1,151,946 652,758 1,350,746 665,613	_	217,632	223,290	236,564	245,080	245,080	249,982	249,982	216,882	224,573	237,847	245,220	245,220	250,124	250,124
Total Company Leas Steam And Joint (1) 953,557 24,792 24,792 978,349 1,121,639 40,377 1,152,410 27,048 1,379,458 1,379,458 1,379,458 1,379,458 1,379,458 1,379,458 1,379,458 1,379,458 1,379,458 1,379,458 1,379,458 1,379,458 1,379,458 1,379,746 1,350,746	General Conn. Load	7,028	7,211	7,211	7,471	7,471	7,620	7,620	7,236	7,424	7,424	7,654	7,654	7,807	7,807
<u> </u>		622,276	638,455	22,384	661,439	13,229	674,668	674,668	617,087	633,131	19,627	652,758	13,055	665,813	665,813
Non Coin. KW Secondary Losses 2.6% Sub-Total Non Coin. KW Primary Losses 3.6% Sub-Total Non Coin. KW Primary Losses 2.0% Sub-Total Total at Trans, Lovel Year Ended March 31, 197 Non Coin. KW Primary Losses 2.6% Sub-Total Non Coin. KW Primary Losses 3.1% Sub-Total Non Coin. KW DBPB Losses 3.0% Bub-Total Total At Trans. Lavel	Total Company Less Steam And Joint	953,557	978,349	1,121,639	1,162,016	1,352,410	1,379,458	1,379,458	٦ ١	971,044	1,117,310	1,151,946	1,324,261	1,350,746	1,350,746
		Year Ended March 31, 1977 Non Coin. NW Secondary Losses 2.6%	Sub-Total	Non Coin, KW Primary Losses 3.6%	Sub-Total	Mon Coin, KW DBPG Losses 2.0%	Sub-Total	Total at Trans, Level	Year Ended March 31, 1971 Hon Coin, NV Secondary Losser 2.6%	Sub-Total	Mon Coin. KW Primary Losses 3.1%	Sub-Total	Mon Coin, KW DBP8 Losses 2.0%	Sub-Total	Total At Trans. Level

HOVA SCOTTA POWER CORPORATION

termination Of Class Non-Coincident NW By Volume Lavel

1978	I
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1977	
31,	
March	
Ended	
Years	
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		Total Company Less Steam And Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	General Comm. Load (3)	General (4)	General All Electric (5)	General Lerge (6)	Industrial To 249 KVA 2 (7)	Industrial : 250-3,999 KVA (8)	Industrial Large (9)	Interruptible Service (10)	Municipal (11)	Unmetered (12)
28	Year Ended Narch 31, 1977 Non Coin NW Secondary Losses 2.64	166,691	11,682	6,677	5,375	81,654 V 2,123		6,894		• "	' '		15,421
3	Sub-Total	786,625	460,976	6,851	212,126	83,777	'	7,073					15,822
÷ 55	Non Coin, KW Primary Losses 3.64	919,678	460,976 V	6,851	224,736V 8,090	3,094	18,761 ~ 675	7,806 2	2,202	17,1837		20,446	15,822
6	Sub-fotal	952,787	477,571	7,098	232,626	89,037	19,436	8,087	63,356	17,802		21,182	16, 392
£ 8	Mon Coin. My DBPG Losses 2.04	1,123,115	9,551	7,098	132,826	89,037	19,436	8,067	66,002	131,868	25,536	49, 262	16,392
6	Sub-Total	1,145,576	467,122	7,240	237,482	90,818	19,825	8,249	67,322	134,505	26,046	50,247	16,720
99	Non Coin. EN Trans. Losses 2.69	1,145,576	487,122	7,240	537,482	2,361	19,825	8,249	67,322	3,497	26,046	50,247	16,720
12)	Sub-Total	1,175,358	499,787	7,428	243,656	93,179	20,340	8,463	69,072	138,002	26,723	51,553	17,155
£Į.	Total At Generation	1,175,358	499,787	7,428	243,656	93,179	20,340	8,463	69,072	138,002	26,723	51,553	17,155
15 15	Year Ended March 31, 1978 Won Coln. KM Secondary Losses 2.6%	78 760,833 19,782	445,537	6,874	207,938	73,841		10,535	'	' '	' "		16,108
16)	Sub-fotal	780,615	457,121	7,053	213,344	75,761	1	10,809	1	1		•	16,527
13	Non Coin, MW Primary Losses 3,1%	918,952	14,171	7,053	7,005	77,927	19,780	11,542	67,469	17,902		17,677	16,527
19)	Sub-Total	947,441	471,292	7,272	232,959	80,343	20,393	11,900	69,561	18,457	'	18,225	17,039
2 <u>2</u>	Non Coin, KW DBPS Losses 2.04	1,102,012	471,292	1,272	4,659	1,607	20,393	11,900	72,207	2,289	27,828	46,305	17,039
23)	Sub-fotal	1,124,052	480,718	7,417	237,618	61,950	20,801	12,138	73,651	116,763	28,365	47,231	17,390
23	Non Coin, M Trans. Losses 2.60	1,124,052	12,499	7,417	237,618	81,950	20,801	12,138	73,651	3,036	738	47,231	17,380
ŝ	Bub-fotal	1,153,279	493,217	7,610	243,796	84,081	21,342	12,454	75,566	119,799	29,123	48,459	17,832
36)	Total At Generation	1,153,279	493,217	7,610	243,796	84,081	21,342	12,454	75,566	119,799	29,123	48,459	17,832

SCHEDULE 26

## Analysis Of Plant In Service Glace Bay Steam Sales,

#### Point Tupper Steam Sales And Electric And Bowater Mersey Electric Sales

#### For The Year Ended March 31, 1978

(\$000)

		Total	Glace	Point	Mersey	
		Company	Bay	Tupper	System	Total
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	Production Plant					
1)	Steam Other	\$ 91,481	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	\$	\$ 91,481
2)	Mersey System	4,264	-	<b>-</b> .	4,215	49
3)	Other Hydro	162,748	-	-	<b>-</b> .	162,748
4)	Gas Turbine	21,891	-	-	-	21,891
5)	Pt. Tupper	13,741	-	8,328	~	5,413
6)	Glace Bay	23,979	13,599	-	-	10,380
7)	Water Street	19,453				19,453
8)	Total	\$337,557	\$ 13,599	\$ 8,328	\$ 4,215	\$311,415
	Transmission Plant					
9)	Substations	\$ 32,103	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,103
10)	All Other	53,712	•	•	· _	53,712
11)	Total	\$ 85,815	\$ <u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 85,815
	Distribution Plant					
12)	Land	\$ 2,508	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,508
13)	Substations	23,350	-	166	-	23,184
14)	Poles	58,390	•	-	-	58,390
15)	Wire - O.H.	31,507	-	-	-	31,507
16)	Underground	4,849	-	-	-	4,849
17)	Line Transformers	29,154	-	-	-	29,154
18)	Servic <b>es</b>	15,870	-	- '	-	<b>15,87</b> 0
19)	Meters	9,55 <del>6</del>	-	-	-	9,556
20)	Other	278	-	-	-	278
21)	Street Lighting	8,253		-		8,253
22)	Total	\$183,715	<b>\$</b>	\$ 166	ş <u>-</u>	\$183,549
,		7207.120	<del></del>	<u> </u>	<del></del>	1203/313
23)	General Plant	\$ 5,999	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -	\$ 5,999
24)	Intangible Plant	\$ 47	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -	\$ 47
25)	Future Use	\$ 96	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 96
	CNIP					
26)	Production	\$ 49,299	s -	<b>s</b> -	s -	\$ 49,299
27)	Transmission	9,818	· -	•	•	9,818
28)	Distribution	6,069	_	_	_	6,069
29)	General	5,552	_	_	_	5,552
20,						3,332
30)	Total	\$ 70,738	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 70,738
31)	Total Plant	\$683,967	\$ 13,599	\$ 8,494	\$ 4,215	\$657,659

SCHEDULE 27

# Analysis of Working Capital for Glace Bay Steam, Point Tupper Steam & Electric and Bowaters Mersey Electric Sales

For the Year Ending March 31, 1978

	ror the re	(\$000)	ACCIT SI, I.	270		
		Total	Glace	Point	Mersey	
		Company	Bay	Tupper	System	Total
	<b>V</b>	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
		,,	<b>.</b> -,	ν-,	<b>,</b> -,	,,,,
	Cash					
1)	Fuel	\$11,592	\$ 655	\$ 1,957	\$ ~	\$ 8,980
2)	Purchased Power	208	-	-	-	208
3)	Labour	3,525	229	127	65	3,104
4)	Other	3,318	<u> 179</u>	309	67	2,763
5)	Sub-Total	\$18,643	\$ 1,063	\$ 2,393	<b>\$</b> 132	\$15,055
	Deduct					
6)	Consumer Deposits	\$( 991)	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ <b>-</b>	\$( 991)
7)	Fed. Coal Subvention	( 660)	-	-	-	( 660)
8)	Change Prov. For Nov. 1 Losses	( 500)	_	-	-	( 500)
9)	C. & R. Bowaters Mersey	( 650)	~	<del>-</del> ,	( <b>6</b> 50).	( -)
10)	Refundable Cap. Cont.	( 15)	-	-	_	( 15)
,					<del></del>	
11)	Total Deduct	\$ (2,816)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ ( 650)	\$ (2,166)
,				<del></del>		
12)	Net Cash Work. Cap.	\$15,827	\$ 1,063	\$ 2,393	\$( 518) ·	\$12,889
,		·	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	
	Mat. & Supp. Inventories					
13)	Fuel	\$ 7,933	<b>\$ 454</b>	\$ 213	\$ <del>-</del>	\$ 7,266
14)	Line Stores	8,445	-	-	-	8,445
15)	Thermal	3,773	309	831	-	2,633
16)	Mobile Serv.	75	-	-	-	75
17)	Trans. & Subst.	113	<b>_</b>			113
18)	Total Mat. & Supp.	\$20,339	\$ 763	\$ 1,044	\$ -	\$18,532
19)	Total Work. Cap.	\$36,166	\$ 1,826	\$ 3,437	<u>\$( 518</u> )	\$31,421

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Classification of Plant In Service For the Year Ended March 31, 1978 (\$000)

Analysis Of Distribution Substation Costs

	٠		For The Ye	For The Year Ended March 31, 1978	1, 1978			
		Distrubition Bulk Power	Dist. Ded. Bulk Power	Dist. Cost Owned Bulk	Distribution General	Dist. Ded. General	Dist. Cust. Owned Gen.	Total Cost
		. 83	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7)
ੜ	Total Dist. Substations - 1977	\$21,020,700	\$ 1,181,618	\$ 32,319	\$ 6,698,201	\$ 1,320,136	\$ 33,344	\$30,286,318
6	1978 Net Additions	196,423		1		1	1	196,423
8	Total 1978	\$21,217,123	\$ 1,181,618	\$ 32,319	\$ 6,698,201	\$ 1,320,136	\$ 33,344	\$30,482,741
4	Total Net Dist. Subst 1977	\$15,922,562	\$ 895,041	\$ 24,481	\$ 5,073,690	\$ 999,964	\$ 25,257	\$22,940,995
2	Depreciation @ 3.5%	498,443	( 41,357)	( 857)	(612,771)	(34,999)	( 884)	242,767
(9	Total Net Dist. Subst 1978	\$16,421,005	\$ 853,684	\$ 23,624	\$ 4,896,111	\$ 964,965	\$ 24,373	\$23,183,762
٤	Municipal		\$ 301,706			\$ 223,382		
8	Interruptible			\$ 10,303		\$ 7,581		
6	Industrial To 249 KVA		\$ 2,167			\$ 6,433		
10)	Industrial 250 - 3,999 KVA		\$ 117,804	161 \$		\$ 346,670	\$ 24,373	
11)	Industrial Large		\$ 432,007	\$ 12,524		\$ 116,385		
12)	General	٠.				\$ 69,002		
13)	General All Electric					\$ 95,313		
14)	General Large					\$ 100,199		

SCHEDULE 28 PAGE 3 OF 4

## Analysis of Pole Investment

## For the Year Ended March 31, 1978

(\$000)

		Total Cost (1)	Primary Demand (2)	Primary Customer (3)	Secondary Demand (4)	Secondary Customer (5)
1)	Total Net Pole Cost 1978	\$ <u>58,390</u>				
2)	Primary Only (30%)	\$17,517	\$ 6,481	\$11,036	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -
3)	50% Joint Primary	20,437	7,562	12,875	-	~
4)	50% Joint Secondary	20,436			7,562	12,874
5)	<u>Total</u>	\$58,390	\$14,043	\$23,911	\$ 7,562	\$12,874

Demand Cost 37%

Customer Cost 63%

SCHEDULE 28 PAGE 4 OF 4

#### Analysis of Wire Investment

## For the Year Ended March 31, 1978

(\$000)

		Total Cost (1)	Primary Demand (2)	Primary Customer (3)	Secondary Demand (4)	Secondary Customer (5)
1)	Total Net Cost 1978	\$31,507				
2)	Primary Only	\$ 9,452	\$ 3,875	\$ 5,577	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -
3)	50% Joint Primary	11,028	4,521	6,507	-	-
4)	50% Joint Secondary	11,027			4,521	6,506
5)	<u>Total</u>	\$31,507	\$ 8,396	\$12,084	\$ 4,521	\$ 6,506

Demand Cost 41%

Customer Cost 59%

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Allocation of Rate Base For the Year Ended March 31, 1978 Coincident Peak Responsibility (\$000) HOVA SCOTIA POMER CORPORATION

		Total Company Less Steam and Joint (1)	f Domestic (2)	General Conn. Load (3)	General (4)	General All Electric (5)	General Large (6)	Industrial to 249 KVA (7)	Industrial 250 to 3,999 KVA (8)	Industrial I Large (9)	Industrial Interruptible Large Service (9) (10)	Municipal (11)	Unmetered (12)	Factors .
7	Production Plant	\$311,415	\$131,108	\$ 2,273	\$ 70,909	\$ 24,913	\$ 6,166	\$ 3,239	\$ 20,055	\$ 32,699	. ,	\$ 14,232	\$ 5,824	P-2
~	Transmission Plant	\$ 85,815	\$ 36,128	\$ 626	\$ 19,540	\$ 6,865	\$ 1,699	\$ 892	\$ 5,527	110,6 \$	•	\$ 3,922	\$ 1,605	7
3)	Distribution Plant	\$ 2,508	\$ 1,822	95 \$*	\$ 342	•	<b>*</b>	\$ 15	\$ 72	30	•	\$ 27	\$ 29	P-12
€ છ	Substations . Poles	23,184 58,390	12,080	141	4,607 6,879	1,620	268 268	247	1,826 837	951 257	<b>81</b> '	871 228	316 631	Sched 32 Pg.
9 6	Wire-0.8.	31,507	24,316	, 109	3,915	1,076	160	160	531	154		136	350	Sched 34 Pg.
· @ :	Line Transformers	29, 154	19,008	225	6,743	2,332	<b>'</b>	350	: '	'	•	; '	. <b>§</b>	9-0
6 5	Services	15,870	7,379	424	3,685	382	۱ ۸	46	1 5	. 5			1 1	C-11 Echadule 16
13	Other	278	202	9	36	1	*	7	<b>.</b>	f	. 1	1 m	m	P-12
<b>21</b>	Street Lighting	8,253			'	1	-	1	'	1	1	1	8,253	Direct
133	Total Distribution Plant	\$183,549	\$125,677	\$ 3,319	\$ 28,359	\$ 7,724	\$ 983	\$ 1,143	\$ 3,469	\$ 1,432	\$ 25	\$ 1,287	\$ 10,131	
<b>?</b>	General Plant, Intendible, and Future Uce	\$ 6,142	\$ 3,097	3	1,257	\$ 418	. 93	38	307	456	7	206	\$ 185	P-14
169	Morking Capitel Cash Fuel Cash Mat. Supp Fuel Nat. Supp Other	\$ 8,528 4,361 7,266 11,266	\$ 3,102 1,838 2,643 5,681	\$ 83 47 71	\$ 1,756 883 1,496 2,305	\$ 544 271 464 766	\$ 199 . 85 169 171	\$ 51 29 44 103	\$ 519 237 242 563	\$ 1,538 608 1,310 837	\$ 229 73 195	\$ 395 173 336 378	\$ 112 117 96 340	4044
13	Total Working Capital	\$ 31,421	\$ 13,264	\$ 322	\$ 6,440	\$ 2,045	\$ 624	\$ 227	\$ 1,761	4 4,293	\$ 498	\$ 1,282	\$ 665	
ĝ	Total Rate Base	\$618,342	\$309,271	909'9	\$126,505	\$ 41,965	\$ 9,565	\$ 5,557	\$ 31,119	47,691	\$ 524	\$ 20,929	\$ 18,410	

2012	GRA	CA	IR-183	<b>Attachment 3</b>	3	Рабе	15	οf	89
2012	UILA	$c_{\Lambda}$	111-103	Attachincht	, ,	Lagu	10	υı	$\mathbf{o}_{j}$

SCHEDULE 30

HOWA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

Allocation Of Rate Base

For The Year Ended March 31, 1978

Coincident Peak And Average Responsibility (\$000)

		Total Company Less Steam	>-	General		General	General	Industrial	Industrial	Industrial	Industrial Interruptible	•		
Domestia C	Domestic (2)		Conn. Los (3)	4	General (4)	All Electric (5)	Large (6)	To 249 EVA (7)	250-3,999 KVA (8)		Service (10)	Municipal (11)	Unmetered (12)	Factors (13)
Production Plant \$126,727 \$ 50,526 \$ 1,052 Steam 162,797 \$ 68,538 1,188 Hydro 21,891 9,216 160	\$ 50,526 \$ 68,538	<b>+</b>	\$ 1,05 1,18	0 0 01	\$ 27,778 37,069 4,985	\$ 9,314 13,024 1,751	\$ 2,674 3,223 433	\$ 1,128 1,693 228	\$ 8,022 10,484 1,410	\$ 17,007 17,094 2,299	\$ 1,293	\$ 5,829 7,440 1,000	\$ 2,104 3,044 409	111
Total \$128,280 \$ 2,400	\$128,280	·	\$ 2.4	얾	\$ 69,832	\$ 24,089	\$ 6,330	\$ 3,049	\$ 19,916	\$ 36,400	\$ 1,293	\$ 14,269	\$ 5,557	
Transmission Plant \$ 85,815 \$ 34,214 \$ 7	\$ 34,214 \$	•		712	\$ 18,811	\$ 6,307	\$ 1,811	\$ 764	\$ 5,432	\$ 11,516	\$ 875	\$ 3,948	\$ 1,425	ĭ
\$ 1,737 \$	2,508 \$ 1,737 \$	•	•	15	\$ 385	\$ 118	\$ 23	17	83	\$ 31		30	33	P-13
23,184 10,603	10,603		Ä •	164	5,311	1,903	559	277	2,054	977	18	934	384	Sched 32 Pg 2
Mire - O.H. 31,507 23,434 725	23,434	-	7,7	725	4,382	1,265	180	180	620	164		191	396	Sched 34 Pg 2
4,849 3,653	3,653		7	115	649	184	36	56	68	7	•	23	9	1
nsformers 29,154 17,073	17,073		~	262	7,968	2,831	1	405	•	•	• .	•	618	<b>₽</b> 12
Services 11,333 424	11,333		3 5	Z 1	3,685	382	1 ^	<b>4</b> 6	· g		۱ ۲	. ~	• 1	11 - 20 11 - 11 - 12 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13 -
192	192		•	ی و	4	11		~	6	m	• •	m	•	)1: ;;;
E Lighting 8,253	8,253	-		11		1	'	1	1	1	1	1	6,253	
Total \$119,686 \$ 3,423	\$119,686		\$ 3,4	ଯା	\$ 31,651	860'6 \$	\$ 1,095	\$ 1,284	\$ 3,960	\$ 1,488	\$ 26	\$ 1,423	\$ 10,455	SRA
Gen. Flant, Intangible & Puture Use \$ 6,142 \$ 2,984 \$	\$ 2,984 \$	•		69	\$ 1,272	<b>\$</b> 417	<b>%</b>	*	\$ 310	\$ 523	<b>5</b> 3	\$ 208	<b>\$</b> 184	CA
Working Capital     \$ 8,529     \$ 3,102     \$ 6,28       Cash Fuel     4,361     1,905       Mat. & Supp Fuel     7,265     2,643       Mat. & Bupp Other     11,266     5,474	\$ 3,102 \$ 1,805 2,643 5,474	3,102 <b>\$</b> 1,805 2,643 5,474	•	83 171 126	\$ 1,756 881 1,496 2,333	\$ 544 267 464 765	\$ 199 86 169 179	\$ 51 28 44 44	\$ 518 237 442 569	\$ 1,538 636 1,310	\$ 229 83 195	\$ 395 174 336 381	\$ 113 115 96 338	A IR-183 A 길등급급
Total \$ 13,024 \$3	\$ 13,024 \$	5	\$	329	\$ 6,466	\$ 2,040	\$ 633	\$ 222	\$ 1,766	\$ 4,443	\$ 550	\$ 1,286	\$ 662	ша
23) Total Rate Bacs \$6.933	\$298,188		9	5	\$128,032	\$ 41,911	\$ 9,967	\$ 5,373	\$ 31,384	\$ 54,370	\$ 2,767	\$ 21,134	\$ 18,263	chn

SCHEDULE 31

MOVA SCOTTA POWER CORPORATION

Allocation of Rate Base

For the Year Ended March 31, 1978

Class Won-Coincident Responsibility

(\$000)

		Tocar combany				•									
		and Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	Conn. Load (3)	General (4)	All Blectric (5)	Large (6)	To 249 KVA (7)	1 1MGUSTETAL 1 250-3,999 KVA (8)	Large (9)	Service (10)	Municipal (11)	Unmetered (12)	ed Factor (13)	
ਜ	Production Plant	\$311,415	\$133,192	\$ 2,055	\$ 65,833	\$ 22,702	\$ 5,761	\$ 3,363	\$ 20,398	\$ 32,356	\$ 7,846	\$ 13,080	\$ 4,827	7 D-18	
~	Transmission Plant	\$ 85,815	\$ 36,703	995	\$ 18,141	\$ 6,256	\$ 1,588	\$ 927	\$ 5,621	\$ 8,916	\$ 2,163	\$ 3,604	\$ 1,330	D-18	
	Distribution Plant					-						;	•		
e	Land	\$ 2,508	\$ 1,737	<b>\$</b>	\$ 385	\$ 118	\$ 23	<b>*</b> 17	\$ 82	31	- *	e ••	<b>1</b> *1		
₹	Substations	23,184	10,603	164	5,311	1,903	559	277	2,054	717	18	934	Ř		~
S	Poles	58,390	44,282	1,401	7,660	2,149	302	308	1,038	274	•	569	۲	7 Sched 34 Pg 2	~
9	Wire - 0.H.	31,507	23,434	725	4,382	1,265	180	180	620	164	•	191	396	7	~
5	Underground	4,849	3,653	114	649	184	76	26	68	7.	•	7,	8		
8	Line Transformers	29,154	17,073	262	7,968	2,831	•	402	•	•	1	•	618	8 P-12	
6	Services	15,870	11,333	424	3,685	385	•	9	•	•	•	1		- 0-11	
9	Meters	9,556	7,379	275	1,568	213	~	56	99	51	7	e		- Schedule 35	
a	Other	278	192	φ	€	13	7	•	•	•	١	e		- F.	
£	Street Lighting	8,253	'	1	1	1	1	1	1	'	1	'	8,253		
. 6	Total	\$183.549	\$119.686	\$ 3.422	\$ 31.651	\$ 9,058	\$ 1.094	\$ 1.285	\$ 3,960	\$ 1.469	\$ 26	\$ 1.724	\$ 30.455		
ì															
3	Gen. Plant, Intan. 6 Future Use \$ 6,142	me \$ 6,142	\$ 3,062	<b>7</b> 9	\$ 1,223	\$ 402	& *	\$	\$ 317	\$ 452	\$ 106	\$ 192	\$ 176	9 9 1	201
	Working Capital		,			,		,		,		,			2 (
9	Cash Fuel	<b>8</b> 8,528	\$ 3,102 1,632	<b>\$</b>	\$ 1,756	\$ 544	199	15 es	\$ 519	\$ 1,538 507	\$ 229	395	\$ 112	7-2	GI
9 5	Mat. & Supp. + Puel	7.266	2.643	<b>;</b>	1.496	464	169	7	442	1.310	195	336	96	6 2	₹A
18	Mat. & Supp Other	11,266	5,617	117	2,243	738	164	108	281	829	195	352	325	91-1	$\mathbf{C}$
<b>6</b> 1	Total	\$ 31,421	\$ 13,194	\$ 318	\$ 6,369	\$ 2,013	\$ 616	\$ 233	\$ 1,781	\$ 4,284	\$ 716	\$ 1,253	\$ 644		A IR
30	Total Rate Base	\$618,342	\$305,837	\$ 6,425	\$123,217	\$ 40,431	\$ 9,148	\$ 5,367	\$ 32,077	\$ 47,436	\$ 10,859	\$ 19,553	\$ 17,432		R-183

012	CDA	$\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{A}}$	ID 102	Attachment 2	Daga 1'	7 of 90
V12	GNA	CA	IK-103	Attachment 3	rage 1	/ 01 09

SCHEDULE 32 PAGE 1 OF 2

NOVA SCOTIA POMER CORPORATION

Allocation of Distribution Substation Costs

For the Year Ended March 31, 1978

Coincident Peak Responsibilty

		Total Company Lase Steam and Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	General Com. Load (3)	General (4)	General All Electric (4) (5)	General Large (6)	Industrial To 249 KVA	Industrial Industrial To 249 KVA 250-3,999 KVA (7)	Industrial Large (9)	Industrial Interruptible Large Service ( (9) (10)	Municipal (11)	Unme to rad (12)	Factor (13)
3	1) Distribution Bulk Power	\$16,421,005	\$16,421,005 \$ 9,305,784 \$ 109,379	\$ 109,379	\$3,496,032	\$1,174,102	\$ 313,641	\$ 183,915	13,496,032 \$1,174,102 \$ 313,641 \$ 183,915 \$1,029,597 \$ 300,504	300,504	1	\$ 266,020 \$ 243,031	\$ 243,031	Ī
2	Dist. Bulk Power Dedicated	853,684	•	•	•	•	•	2,167	117, 804	432,007	•	301,706	8	- Sched 28 Pg 2
8	Dist. Cust. Owned Bulk Power	23,624	•	•	•	•	•		767	12,524	10,303	•		- Sched 28 Pg 2
3	i) Distribution General	4,896,111	2,774,626	32,314	1,042,382	350,072	93,516	54,836	306,986	69,599	•	716,97	72,463 D-8	Ţ
6	Distribution Dedicated General	964,965	•	•	69,002	95,313	100,199	6,433	346,670	116,385	7,581	223,382	8	Schad 28 Pg 2
2	5) Dist. Cust. Omed Gen.	24,373	1	1		•	1		24,373	1	1	'	8	_ Sched 28 Pg 2
5	7) Total Allocated Cost	\$23,183,762	\$12,080,410 \$ 140,693	\$ 140,693	\$4,607,416	\$1,619,487	\$ 507,356	\$ 247,351	\$1,826,227	951,019	\$ 17,884	8 870,425	\$ 315,494	,

Note: Allocations done on Customer Non-Coincident for this study.

SCHEDULE 32 PAGE 2 OF 2

NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATIO

llocation Of Distribution Substation Costs

For The Year Ended March 31, 1978

ak & Average And Class Non-Coincident Peak Responsibility

					20	12 (	JIVA
Factor (13)	P-14	Sched 28 Pg 2	Sched 28 Pg 2	P.14	Sched 28 Pg 2	Sched 28 Pg 2	
Unmetered (12)	315,283 \$ 295,578	•	•	88,130			\$ 383,708
terruptible Service Municipal (10) (11)	\$ 315,283	301,706	•	94,005	223,382		\$ 934,376
Interruptible Service M (10)	, s	•	10,303	•	7,581		\$ 976,599 \$ 17,884
Industrial Large (9)	\$ 320,209	432,007	12,524	95,474	116,385		\$ 976,599
Industrial 50-3,999 KVA (8)	\$1,205,302	117,804	797	359,375	346,670	24,373	\$2,054,321
Industrial Industrial Industrial To 249 KVA 250-3,999 KVA Iarge (7) (8) (9)	\$ 206,905	2,167	•	61,691	6,433	-	\$ 277,196
General Large (6)	\$ 353,052	•	•	105,266	100,199	1	\$ 558,517
.General All Electric (5)	\$1,392,501	•	•	415,190	95,313		\$1,903,004
General . General All Electri (4) (5)	\$4,037,925	•	1	37,700 1,203,954	69,002		\$ 164,142 \$5,310,881
General Conn. Load (3)	\$ 126,442		•	37,700	•		\$ 164,142
Domestic (2)	\$16,421,005 \$ 8,167,808 \$ 126,442 \$4,037,925 \$1,392,501 \$ 353,052 \$ 206,905 \$1,205,302 \$ 320,209 \$	•	•	2,435,326	٠	1	\$10,603,134
Total Company Less Steam And Joint (1)	\$16,421,005	853,684	23,624	4,896,111	964,965	24,373	\$23,163,762
<b>F</b>	1) Distr. Bulk Power	2) Dist. Bulk Power Dedicated	3) Dist. Cust. Owned Bulk Power	4) Distr. General	5) Dist. Dedicated General	Dist. Customer Owned General	") Total Allocated Cost
	Dietr	Dist.	Dist.	Distr	blet.	Dist.	Total
	a	8	8	7	3	9	1

Note: Allocations done on Class Non-Coincident for these studies.

SCHEDULE 13 & 33 PAGE 1 OF 9

CORPORATION
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Analysis of Dedicated Facilities
For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978
Rate Schedule - General Service

	l Annual	MMH (13)						2 2,787										÷	т		2 209			
1978	Annua	KW (12)	154	78(	99	33(	98	1,152	29	120	100		1,680									٠		
	١.	MMH (11)	79	250	311	81	230	171	213	57	42		722	258	e	25	1,106	59	966	•	21			
	Dec	KW (10)	148	720	648	264	260	1,152	558	120	104		1,620	756	114	200	2,240	134	2,000	٦	100			
		Voltage (9)	23/.6	23/.6	23/4.1	23/.2	23/.6	23	23	23	23 KV	23 KV	23 KV				•							
	Annual	MWH (8)										11,010	7,806								-	15,647	97,743	
1977	Annual	ž.()					•			•		2,340	1,404									3,862	12,463	
19	١.	<b>М</b> МН (6)			٠			•				930	573	-			٠.					1,212	4,915	
	Dec.	XX (5)		-				•			٠	2,052	1,404									3,210	10,064	
		Cost (4)	\$25,202	13,170	6,607	7,361	4,002							24,253	10,805							\$94,460		
		Code (3)	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	윱	8	00	8	8	800	DBPD	0 0 0			
		. Customer (2)	Police Station	Bank of Montreal	N. S. Hospital	Holiday Inn	D.O.T. Marine Service	Naval Arm	Bedford Magazine			CFB Shearwater		Royal Bank	Stevens Lumber	Minas Basin Mill	Greenwood	Greenwood Shopping	Cornwallis Base	Bowater Mill	I.M. Matheson	Total DD	Total COD	rotal DBP
		Subst.	37 H		49 H		н 69 (										) 58 V						_	_
	•		ਜ	7	3	4	Ś	9	~	œ	6	ဗ္ဗ	4	7	m	4	15)	ø	5	Ø	3	20)	75	22

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NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

Analysis of Dedicated Facilities
For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978
Rate Schedule - General - All Electric

1977

Annual KW (12)	451 1,080 552 368	
Dec. MWH (11)	182 316 162 74	
Dec. KW (10)	438 1,040 528 216	
Voltage (9)	23/.6 23/.6 23/.6 23/.6	
Annual MWH (8)		
Annual KW (7)		
MWH (6)		
(5)	·	
Cost (4)	DD \$ 25,202 DD 21,345 DO 30,567 DD 53,279	
Code (3)	8888	
Customer (2)	38 H Citadel Inn 29 H Law Courts 36 H Young Street 74 S Keltic Lodge	40.00
Subst. (1)	1) 38 H 2) 29 H 3) 36 H 4) 74 S	
	H U W 4	v

Annual MWH (13) 2,284 4,543 2,384 1,245

10,456

734

2,222

Analysis of Dedicated Pacilities

For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978 Rate Schedule - General Large

					19	111				3.0	1070	
Subst.	Customer (2)	Code (3)	Code Cost (3) (4)	Dec, KW (5)	Dec. MWH (6)	Annual KW (7)	Annual MWH (8)	Voltage (9)	Dec.	Dec. MWH (11)	Annual KW	Annual MWH
1) 11 H Dock Yard 2) 28 H Scotia Square 3) 24,27,30	sk Yard otia Square	9 00	Cust. \$137,079	5,054 10,476	1,752 5,618	5,054 11,016 <sup>3</sup>	22,346 56,027	23 KV 23/.6				(57)
31,32 H Dalhousie	housie	8	COD Cust.	4,752	2,576	4,752	30,144	23, KV	•			
1	Total DD		\$137,079	10,476	5,618	11,016	56,027					
5) T	Total COD			908.6	4.328	908.0	52 480		•			

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CORPORATION
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Analysis of Dedicated Facilities
For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978

Rate Schedule - Industrial to 249KVA

	Annual MMH	(13)		847
Ć		(12)		612
0.00	Dec.	(11)		<b>ι</b> Ω .
	Dec.	603		603
	Voltage	69/,6 24/.6		
	Annual MWH	291	291	847
7	Annual KW (7)	205	505	612
1977	Dec. MMH (6)	98	30	VI
	Dec. XW (5)	189	189	603
- -	Cost (4)	\$3,000	\$8,801	\$3,000
	Code	lver DBPD	٠	
	Customer (2)	44 C Bd. of Ed. Little River DBPD 24 N C. E. Harrisons Mill DD	Total .DD	Total DBP
	Subst.	24 C		

SCHEDULE 13 & 3 PAGE 5 OF 9

OVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

Analysis of Dedicated Facilities

For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978 Rate Schedule - Industrial 250-3,999 KVA

	a.	n: ~	. :	61	52	52	98	31	95	46	16	96	14		18	41		29	28	40	11	40	23	32	92	54	17	83	დ	. 86	28	16	66	66
	Annu	Mer. (13)		20,00	m	œ	e	C, 4	4,1	2,146	7,1	7,3	2		1,3	13			2,9	2,1	2,5	8,6	4,0	8,2	4,0	3,3	4,5	1,0	2,6	5,5	2,8		3,2	7
	Annual	KW (12)	ì	1,642	320	336	512	960	970	1,480	1,840	2,640	306		1,158	583		912	1,680	800	936	1,280	1,392	1,920	2,560	1,020	1,020	1,100	1,200	096	504	192	912	304
1978	Dec.	MWH (1.1)	ì	634	56	62	32	271	344	112	752	776	43		118	115		43	64	154	214	708	271	652	332	363	361	79	172	294	509	17	286	16
	Dec.	WX (10)		1,562	280	320	512	969	653	696	1,280	2,560	297		1,044	551		864	1,040	720	840	1,200	1,368	1,760	2,080	720	1,020	096	760	880	456	152	752	136
		Voltage		23 KV	25/2.3	9./69	25/.6	9./69	24/4.16	23/2.3	A9/4.16	23	23/2.4	69	24	23	24/.6	23	23	23	23/.6	. 53	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23/.6	23/.6	23/.6	23/.6
	Annual	MWH (3)		8,046	569				4,207			8,988	286	1,432	985	239	750	5,376	2,440	1,660	2,173	7,439	3,966	7,296	4,272	2,682	4,413	651	2,560	3,770	2,890	691	3,073	256
1977	Annual	χ. Σ		1,584	252				698			2,376	270	916	745	. 919	97	902	1,116	648	763	972	1,253	1,728	2,304	702	846	846	006	821	508	324	619	288
16	Dec.	MWH (6)		746	30				344			1,064	49	143	113	95	54	38	188	146	191	574	379	636	284	252	399	66	222	307	192	20	300	17
	Dec.	KW (5)		1,584	252				684			2,304	261	749	713	551	. 67	691	1,044	576	691	846	1,123	1,584	1,584	594	792	792	828	742	497	108	547	216
		Cost		2,000	5,402	17,473	17,472	6,228	176,265	36,016	30,6607	•	. 40046	1,091	1		10,805	•	•	,	14,254	,		,							16,547	14,287	10,237	22,313
		Code	ì .	200	8	DBPD	8	DBPD	20	8	DBPD	8	8	1 COBP	8	80	8	8	<b>Q</b>	8	a	හි	COO	800	8	8	CO	00 00	8	8	ద	윮	8	8
		Customer (2)	<b>)</b>	Canso Seafoods	Evans Coal	Georgia Pacific 6B	Georgia Pacific	Dept. of Environment	C.O.T.C (Tellstake)	National Gypsum	Pockwock Pumps	Halifax Shipyard	River Herbert Coal	Enheat - Rolling Mill #4 COBP	Maritime Steel	Thorborn Mine	Christy Crops	Fundy Gypsum - Hansport	Fundy Gypsum - W.	Fundy Gypsum - Man.	United Elastics	DND Newport Corner	L.E. Shaw - Lantz	Dresser Minerals	National HB In Bd.	National HB Pin C.	Dover Mills	National Gypsum	Dart. Marine Ships	Moosehead	City of Dartmouth	Hermie Electronics	Maritime Paper	Phillips Cables
		Subst.	<u>.</u>	18 C	ပ 9	13 C	45 C	43 C	<b>3</b> 06	114 H	102 н	13 !!	N 99	18 N	29 X	63 N	23 N	39 V	37 V	38 V	71 V	23 V	33-84 V	32-33 V	18 н	19 H	76 н	46 H	H 99	61 н	55 H	Н 29	74 H	71 H
				_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	=	-	-	-	~	-	=	=	=	~	<b>a</b>	Ξ	_	:	-	_	=	=	=	~

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PAGE	6	OF	9		

NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978 Analysis of Dedicated Facilities

Rate Schedule-Industrial 250-3,999 KVA

: -						1977	77					ç	
					Dec.	Dec.	Annual	Annual		Dec.	Dec.	Annual	Achual
	Subst.	t. Justomer (2)	Code (3)	Cost	KW (5)	MWH (6)	W(7)	мин (8)	Voltage (9)	XX (10)	(11)	KW (12)	MWH (13)
32)	75 E	Sivaco Maritime	200	18.409	360	27.	,	3					
, č.	70 H	Lity of DartLake Major			1.022	143	432	1,656	23/.6	600	184	640	1,904
34)	80 #	Municipal Spraying-OP		6,936	1.188	375	1,037	477'6	23/2.4	576	404	1,184	4,921
32)	31 H	Municipal Spraying-Asphalt DD	It DD	7.000				2,008	23/.6	1,560	372	1,560	2,310
36)	82 H	Municipal Straying-Crusher DD	r 50	14,799		CNE BILL	3		23/.6				
37)	59 S	Kaizer Celestile Mine		139,356 4	45	. 15	999	1,445	69/12.5				
80		Kalzer	COBP	CLOSED DOWN	DOWN - NOV 76				9./69				
g 9	34 61 v	Dev. Co. P.C. Greenwood Base Airport	888	31,844	1,685	554	1,814	7,185	23	1,512	511	2,016	5,825
41	63 S	National Sea Prod.	g	44,499	648	204	774	2.732	23/.6				
45)	21 S	Devco shops	8	1,500	562	1,884	648	1,261	23	1,104	342	1,176	4,864
43)		1977 Portion	rtion		25,960	10,475	29,634	103,281				•	
44)		1978 Portion	rtion		3,391	1,229	4,615	14,253					
, 45)			Total		29,351	11,704	34,279	117,534					
<b>.</b> 46		Tc 11 DD	s	474,268	9,480	3,227	11,534	37,675					
6		Total DBP	ဟ	186,758	2,111	1,100	3,488	13,244					
48)		Total COD	v.	33,344	17,011	7,234	19,041	65,183	-				
(64		Total COBP	· v	1,091	749	143	916	1,432					
			13	131,791	29,351	11,704	34,279	117,534					

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22.00	7 0			

Analysis of Dedicated Facilities For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978

Rate Schedule - Industrial Large

Annual	134	(13)	17,123	37,770	61,020	24,636	72,366	46,401	37,332	227,485	56,557	79,408	148,016	27,396	37,770	604,089	•	156,319	37,332	835,510
Annual	KW	(12)	3,872	7,488	14,166	7,020	15,818	6,738	8,856	38,062	9,180	10,602	18,662	6,642	7,488	99,122	•	31,640	8,856	147,106
Dec.	MARK	(11)	1,311	3,109	5,501	2,058	2,814	3,692	2,688	15,641	4,767	6,217	12,943	1,872	3,109	47,363	t	9,453	2,688	62,433
Dec.	ž	(10)	3,380	6,192	11,281	6,372	4,500	6,468	5,400	29,688	7,920	10,125	17,958	6,642	6,192	85,272	1	19,062	5,400	115,926
	Voltage	(6)	9./69	22/6.6	138/23	6.9/69	69	138/12.5	69	138/13.8	1.38	138/12.5	69/13.8	69	•					
Annual	MA	(8)	17,702	23,744	71,740	20,652	134,988	43,597	41,232	257,426	51,586	76,645	149,554	25,794	23,744	637,316	1	212,368	41,232	914,660
Annual	KW	(7)	3,607	7,488	17,642	969'9	20,430	6,513	7,776	46,051	8,983	10,107	20,067	13,860	7,488	110,683		43,273	7,776	169,220
Dec.	H	(6)	1,431	2,976	6,211	1,836	13,398	3,435	3,480	18,980	4,922	6,125	11,914	2,097	2,976	49,932	ı	20,417	3,480	76,805
Dec.	ΚW	(5)	3,607	33 6,912	12,710	122 6,696	20,430	6,054	7,560	40,352	8,511	9,891	30517,412	4,698	6,912	96,722	, <b>'</b> ,	33,639	7,560	144,833
	Cost	(4)	٧,	159,222 78	a		~	-	r,	'	1			•	\$159,222	\$597,958	. 1	\$ 17,132	·	\$774,312
	3 700 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 30	(3)	CARC	ដ	DBPD	DBPD	COBP	$08p^{\circ}$	8		∞BP	DBP()	DBPb	COBP						
	•	(2)	29 W Dominion Textile	S Devoo #26	S Sysco	S Lingan Mine	S A.E.C.L. G.B.	W Michelin BW	W Masonite Canada	C Nova Scotia Forest Ind	C .qulf Oil - Pt. Tupper	N Michelin Granton	N Canso Chem.	N Canada Cement	Total DD	Total DBP	Total COD	Total COBP	Total COT	
	gas	ij.	1) 12:32	2) 26 §	3) 84,0 5	4) 60 8	5) 19 5	6) 74 %	7) 85 %	8) 47 (	6. 946			12) 11 1	139	14)	15)	16)	17)	
	Dec. Dec. Annual Annual Dec. Dec. Annual	Dec. Annual Annual Dec. Dec. Annual Cost KW WHI Voltage XW MAH KW	Dec. Dec. Annual Annual Dec. Dec. Annual October Dec. Annual William Code Cost KW WWH Voltage KW MWH WILL KW MWH KW (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12)	Dec. Dec. Annual Annual Dec. Dec. Annual Calcoller Dec. Dec. Annual Calcoller Dec. Dec. Annual Calcoller Code Cost KW WWH Voltage KW MWH KW MWH Voltage KW MWH KW MWH KW MWH Voltage KW MWH KW	Dec. Dec. Annual Annual Dec. Dec. Annual Code Cost KW MWH Voltage KW MMH KW MWH (3) (10) (11) (12)  DBRD \$113,176  3,607  1,431  3,607  17,702  69/.6  3,380  1,311  3,872  DD 159,222 7833 6,912  2,976  7,488  23,744  22/6.6  6,192  3,109  7,488	Code Cost KW high KW MWH Voltage KW MMH KW MWH (3) (10) (11) (12) (2) (3) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (12) (13) 176 (12) 2,976 7,488 23,744 22/6.6 6,192 3,109 7,488 DBPD 20,004 12,710 6,211 17,642 71,740 138/23 11,281 5,501 14,166	Subst. Cale Cost KW MMH Voltage KW MMH (2) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (12) (13) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (12) (13) (26.5 Devoo #26 DBPD 20,000 VOLTAGE DBPD 20,000 V	Subst. Cale Cost KW KW KW MWH Voltage KW MWH (2) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (11) (12) (11) (12) (11) (12) (11) (12) (11) (12) (11) (12) (11) (12) (11) (12) (12	Subst. Cast Cost KW	Subst. Cast Cost KW iffl Voltage KW MMH Voltage KW MMH Voltage KW MMH Voltage KW MMH KW MMH Voltage KW MMH KW MMH Voltage KW MMH KW MWH KW MMH KW KW MWH KW MMH KW KW MWH KW KW KW MWH KW	Subst. Cast Cost KW	Subst. Cast Cost No. Dec. Annual No. Subst. Cast No.	Subst. Cale Cost KW Hill Annual Annual Annual Annual Bec. Annual Albert (2) (3) (4) (4) (6) (7) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (11) (12) (12) (13) (12) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13	Subst. Cast Cost NW HANNIA Annual Annual Dec. Annual (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (6) (7) (9) (10) (11) (12) (12) (13) (2) (3) (4) (6) (6) (6) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	Subst. Cast Cost No. Maintal Annual Subst. Cast Cost No. Maintal Maintal No. (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (6) (7) (1) (1) (12) (12) (12) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13	Subst. Cast Cost NW iffile Annual (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (6) (7) (9) (12) (12) (13) (13) (14) (5) (6) (7) (9) (17) (9) (17) (12) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17	Subst.   Cast Cost   Dec.   Dec.   Annual Annual   Annual Annual   Dec.   Dec.   Annual Annual   Dec.   Dec.   Annual Annual   Dec.   Dec.   Annual Annual   Dec.   Dec.   Dec.   Annual   Dec.   De	Subst. Caste Cost No. 1960. Annual Dec. Dec. Dec. Annual Dec. Dec. Annual Dec. Dec. Annual Dec. Dec. Annual Dec. Dec. Annual Dec. Dec. Dec. Annual Dec. Dec. Dec. Annual Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec.	Subst. Cast Cost No. Dec. Annual Annual Annual Dec. Dec. Annual Dec. (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (6) (7) (9) (10) (11) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12	Subst.   Call Cost   Dec.   Dec.   Dec.   Dec.   Annual (2)   (2)   (3)   (4)   (5)   (6)   (7)   (8)   (9)   (12)   (12)   (12)   (12)   (12)   (13)   (1

NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

	Voltage	23 KZ		
	Annual MWH	16,134	16,134	
17	Annual KW (7)			
1977	Dec. MWH (6)	739	739	35.0
	Dec. KW <sup>.</sup> (5)			
	Cost (4)	\$10,372. 14,096	\$10,372	\$14,096
	Code (3)	COBP		
	Customer (2)	Minas Basin Scott Paper	Total DD	Total COBP
	Subst.	1) 6,9,47,48 V 2) 53 N	3)	₹

Annual MWH (13)

Annual KW (12)

Dec.

Dec.

SCHEDULE 13 & 33 PAGE 9 OF 9

NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

Analysis of Dedicated Facilities For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978

Rate Schedule - Municipal

						1977	7				1978	•	
					Dec.	Dec.	Annual	Annual		Dec.	Dec.	Annual	Annual
٠,	ubst.	Customer	Code	Cost	ΚW	HMM	K	HMM	Voltage	ΚW	HWM	ΚW	MMH
	€.	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(7)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
٠.	52 V	Town of Berwick	DBPb	\$52,593 ~ 2,419 /	2,419	1,099	2,549	13,272	69/4.1				
_	77 V	Conway (Digby C.P.B.)	OBP)	83,310 V	17,755 1/	7,200	17,755	70,999	69/12.4				
-	33 V	Kentville	8	,	6,624	3,456	7,704	43,688	23 KV				
	M 9/	Mahome Bay	DBPb	84,172	1,2757	592	1,275	5,741	69/4.1				
89	1,82 W	81,82 W Lunenburg	DBPD	197,528 147,990	3 7,351V	3,391	8,168	36,998	69/12.4				
6	7,8 C	6,7,8 C Antigonish	G	305,601	8,911	4,422	9,130	43,879	23/4.1				
_		Total DP	.,	\$305,601	116,8	4,422	9,130	43,879					
_		Total COD		. I	6,624	3,456	7,704	43,688					٠
_		Total DBP	J.	\$417,603	28,800	12,282	29,747	127,010			,		

956355

SCHEDULE 34 PAGE 1 OF 2

#### Allocation Of Pole & Wire Investment

#### For The Year Ended March 31, 1978

#### Coincident Peak Responsibility

		(\$00	0)			
		Total	Primary	Primary	Secondary	Secondary
		Cost	Demand	Customers	Demand	Customers
			D-8	C-6	D-6	C-4
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
		<b>,</b> _,		• • •	, ,	
	Poles					
1)	Domestic	\$45,757	\$ 7 <b>,</b> 958	\$21,362	\$ 4,930	\$11,507
2)	Gen. Conn. Load	1,376	93	796	58	429
3)	General	6,879	2,990	1,392	1,749	748
4)	General All Elec.	1,833	1,004	146	605	<b>7</b> 8
5)	General Large	268	268	-	-	-
6)	Industrial To 249 KVA	274	157	17	91	9.
7)	Industrial 250-3,999 KVA	887	880	7	-	-
8)	Industrial Large	257	257	-	-	-
9)	Interruptible	-	-	-	-	-
10)	Municipal	228	228	-	-	-
11)	Unmetered	631	208	191	129	103
(د تر	Total Company	\$58,390	\$14,043	\$23,911	\$ 7,562	\$12,874
,					<del></del>	
`.		-				
	Wire					
13)	Domestic	\$24,316	\$ 4,758	\$10,796	\$ 2,947	\$ 5,815
14)	Gen. Conn. Load	709	55	402	35	217
15)	General	3,915	1,788	703	1,046	378
16)	General All Elec.	1,076	600	74	362	40
17)	General Large	160	160	-	<b>-</b> ,	-
18)	Industrial To 249 KVA	160	94	8	54	4
19)	Industrial 250-3,999 KVA	531	527	4	-	-
20)	Industrial Large	154	154	-	-	-
21)	Interruptible	-	-	-	-	-
22)	Municipal	136	136	-	-	-
23)	Unmetered	350	124	97	77	52
24)	Total Company	\$31,507	\$ 8,396	\$12,084	\$ 4,521	\$ 6,506

## Allocation of Pole and Wire Investment

## For the Year Ended March 31, 1978

## Coincident Peak & Average & Non-Coincident Peak

(\$000)

		Total Cost (1)	Primary Demand D-14 (2)	Primary Customers C-6 (3)	Secondary Demand D-12 (4)	Secondary Customer C-4 (5)
	Pole	•				
1)	Domestic	\$ 44,282	\$ 6,985	\$ 21,362	\$ 4,428	\$ 11,507
2)	Gen. Conn. Load	1,401	108	796	68	429
3)	General	7,660	3,453	1,392	2,067	748
4)	General All Elec.	2,149	1,191	146	734	78
5)	General Large	302	302			_
6)	Industrial to 249 KVA	308	177	17	105	9
7)	Industrial 250-3,999 KVA	1,038	1,031	7	_	_
8)	Industrial Large	274	274	_	_	_
9)	Interruptible	_	-	_		_
10)	Municipal	269	269	-	-	_
11)	Unmetered	707	253	191	160	103
12)	Total Company	\$ 58,390	\$ 14,043	\$ 23,911	\$ 7,562	\$ 12,874
	Wire					
13)	Domestic	\$ 23,434	\$ 4,176	\$ 10,796	\$ 2,647	\$ 5,815
14)	Gen. Conn. Load	725	65	402	41	217
15)	General	4,382	2,065	703	1,236	378
16)	General All Elec.	1,265	712	74	439	40
17)	General Large	180	180	_	_	_
18)	Industrial to 249 KVA	180	106	8	62	4
19)	Industrial 250-3999 KVA	620	616	4	-	_
20)	Industrial Large	164	164	-	_	_
21)	Interruptible	-	_	-	-	_
22)	Municipal	161	161	-	-	_
23)	Unmetered	396	151	97	96	52
			<del></del>		<del></del>	
24)	Total Company	\$ 31,507	\$ 8,396	\$ 12,084	\$ 4,521	\$ 6,506

#### SCHEDULE 35

## Analysis of Meters Investment

## For the Year Ended March 31, 1978

		Customers (1)	Unit Meter Cost (2)	Total Cost (3)	Percent (4)	Allocated Meter Cost (5)
1)	Domestic	264,465	\$ 34.00	\$ 8,991,810	77.22	\$ 7,378,898
2)	General Conn. Load	9,855	34.00	335,070	2.88	275,204
3)	General	17,215	111.00	1,910,865	16.41	1,568,088
4)	General All Electric	1,792	145.00	259,840	2.23	213,092
5)	General Large	3	657.00	1,971	.02	1,911
6)	Industrial to 249 KVA	218	145.00	31,610	.27	25,800
7)	Industrial 250-3,999 KVA	126	657.00	82 <b>,</b> 782	.71	67,845
8)	Industrial Large	14	1,338.00	18,732	.16	15,289
9)	Interruptible	6	1,338.00	8,028	.07	6,689
10)	Municipal	8	520.00	4,160	.03	2,867
11)	Unmetered	2,380	<b>-</b> .			
12)	Total	296,082		\$11,644,868	100.00	\$ 9,555,683

SCHEDULE 36

#### Revenue Analysis

## For the Year Ended March 31, 1978

(\$000)

		•	Di	scounts		Percent of	•		
		Total		Direct	Sub-Total	Total		Other	Total
		(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	(6)
1)	Domestic	\$ 75,885	\$	799	\$ 76,684	38.38	\$	1,756	\$ 78,440
2)	Gen. Conn. Load	2,227		20	2,297	1.15		53	2,350
3)	General	48,390		144	48,534	24.29		1,111	49,645
4)	Gen. All Electric	13,473		34	13,507	6.76		309	13,816
5)	Gen. Large	3,567		_	3,567	1.79		82	3,649
6)	Ind. to 249 KVA	1,634		2	1,636	.82		37	1,673
7)	Ind. to 250 - 3,999 KVA	10,589	(	4)	10,585	5.30		242	10,827
8)	Ind. Large	26,783		229	27,012	13.52		619	27,631
9)	Interruptible	3,250		5	3,255	1.63		75	3,330
10)	Municipal	7,184		58	7,242	3.62		166	7,408
11)	Unmetered	5,479	_	3	5,482	2.74	-	125	5,607
12)	Total	\$ <u>198,511</u>	\$_	1,290	\$ <u>199,801</u>	100.00	\$ <u>_</u>	4,575	\$ <u>204,376</u>
13)	Glace Bay Steam	\$ 6,508							
14)	Tupper-Joint	17,952							
15)	Mersey	1,790							
16)	Total	\$ 26,250							
17)	Discounts	\$ 1,290							
18)	Point Tupper	\$ 45							
19)	Grants	\$ 3,000							
20)	Other	\$ 1,575							
21)	Total	\$ <u>4,575</u>							
22)	Merchandise & Jobbing	\$ <u>1,157</u>							
23)	Total	\$231,828							

SCHEDULE 37

## Analysis of Operating Costs For Glace Bay

#### and Point Tupper Steam Sale and Mersey System

	For	The Year Ended	March 31, 19	978		•
		Total	Glace	Point	Mersey	
		Company	Bay	Tupper	System	Total
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	Production Fuel					
1)	Hersey System	\$ 14	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13	\$ 1
2)	Other Hydro	42	-	. ~	-	42
3)	Gas Turbines	607	_	-	-	607
4)	Pt. Tuppar Unit 1	15,497	-	12,320	-	3,177
5)	Glace Bay	12,985	5,310	-	-	7,675
6)	Water Street	9,031	-	-	-	9,031
7)	Other Steam	55,903				55,903
8)	Total Fuel	\$ 94,079	\$ 5,310	\$ 12,320	<u>\$ 13</u>	\$ 76,436
	Production Opr. Cost	\$ 751	\$ -	s -	\$ 697	\$ 54
9)	Mersey	\$ 751 2,156	<b>,</b> -	• -	\$ 697	2,156
10)	Other Hydro	2,136 538	-	_	_	538
11)	Gas Turbines	4,234	_	3,058	_	1,176
12)	Pt. Tupper Unit 1	4,479	2 242	3,036	_	2,137
13)	Glace Bay		2,342	_	_	4,434
14)	Water Street	4,434	-	-	-	•
15)	Other Steam	10,063	<del>-</del>			10,063
16)	Total Opr. Cost	\$ 26,655	\$ 2,342	\$ 3,058	\$ 697	\$ 20,558
	Purchased Power					
17)	Purchased Power - Fuel	\$ 1,064	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 1,064
18)	Purchased Power - Other	3,393	<del></del>			3,393
19)	Total	\$ 4,457	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,457
20)	Transmission Expense	\$ 2,708	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 2,708
	Distribution Expense					
21)	Land	\$ 1,067	\$	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ -	\$ 1,067
22)	Substations	1,896	-	-	-	1,896
23)	Overhead Lines	2,804	-	-	-	2,804
24)	Ų. G. Lines	204		-	-	204
25)	Line Transformers	866	_	-	4	866
26)	Services	1,284	-	-	-	1,284
27)	Meters	900	-	-	~	900
28)	Cust. Serv. & Contracts	1,044	-	-	-	1,044
29)	Cust. (Premise	733	-	-	-	733
30)	Communications	507	-	-	-	507
31)	Street Light	1,618	:			1,618
32)	Total Distribution	\$ 12,923	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 12,923
	Customer Accounting					
33)	Billing	\$ 3,258	\$ -	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ -	\$ 3,258
34)	Customer Service	1,095	-	-	-	1,095
35)	Credit & Collection	1,472		45		1,427
36)	Total Cust. Acot.	\$ 5,825	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 45</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 5,780
3 <b>7)</b>	Customer Relations & Information	tion \$ 755	\$ -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -	\$ 755
38)	Administration & General	\$ 5,748	\$ 353	\$ 501	\$ 342	\$ 4,552
39)	Depreciation Expense	\$ 21,085	<b>\$</b> 553	\$ 472	\$ 368	\$ 19,692
40)	Grants In Lieu of Taxes	\$ 3,623	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 3,623
41)	Total Cost	\$177,858	\$ 8,558	\$ 16,396	\$ 1,420	\$151,484

Classification of Operating Expense For the Year Ended March 31, 1978

					(000\$)							
		Total	Coincident Peak	Peak and	Class M.C.	Customer N.C. Peak	Energy	Customer	Beven	Direct	As Other	
		3	(3)	(3)	€	(5)	(9)	ε	(8)	6)	(10)	
	Production Expenses											
គ	Fuel	\$ 94,079	,	•	•	•	<b>\$ 76,436</b>	•	•	\$ 17,643	1 \$\$	
8	Steam Operations	23,210	17,810	17,810	17,810	,	1	•	•	5,400	•	
e	Hydro Operating	2,907	2,210	2,210	2,210	•	•	•	•	697	1	
₹	Gas Turbine Operating	238	538	538	538	•	•	•	•	,	•	
S	Purchase Power - Fuel	1,064	•	•	•	•	1,064	1	•	•	1	
9	Purchase Power - Other	3,393	3,393	3,393	3,393	'	'	1	'	'	'	
5	Total	\$125,191	\$ 23,951	\$ 23,951	\$ 23,951	•	\$ 77,500	-	1	\$ 23,740	,   	
8	Transmission Expenses	\$ 2,708	\$ 2,708	\$ 2,708	\$ 2,708	•	•	•			4	
	Distribution Expenses											
6	Land	\$ 1,067	•	•	•	1	•	•	•	1	\$ 1,067	
9	Substations	1,895	•	•	•	!	•	•	•	1	1,895	
3	Overhead Lines	2,804		•	1	•	•	•	,	•	2,804	
12	U.G. Lines	204	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	204	
ដ	Line Transformers	966	•	•	998	998	•	•	•	•	1	
?	Services	1,284	•	•	•	•		1,284	,	1	1	
12)	Meters	0 <b>06</b>	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	900	•	
16)	Cust, Serv. & Contract	1,045	•	•	•	•	•	105	•	940		
17	Cust. Premise	733	•	•	•	•	•	נג	•	99	•	
18	Communications	507	•	•	507	507	•	•	•	•	•	
19)	Street Lights	1,618	-	'	'	'	1	'	'	1,618	1	
8	Total	\$ 12,923	•	<u>'</u>	\$ 1,373	\$ 1,373	-	\$ 1,462	<u>'</u>	\$ 4,118	\$ 5,970	
	Customer Accounting			-	٠							
21)	Billing	8 3.258	•	4	•	•	•	\$ 3,258	4	ı vı	4	
22	Customer Service	1,095	•	•		•	•	789	•	306	•	
23)	Credit & Collections	1,472	•		'	'	1	539	1	933	1	
24)	Totas	\$ 5,825				1	•	\$ 4,586		\$ 1,239	<u>'</u>	
35)	Customer Relations & Information	\$ 755	1		•	•	•	\$ 755	I 55		•	
<b>56</b> )	Administrative and General	\$ 5,748		·	1		,	1	1	\$ 1,196	\$ 4.552	
27)	Depreciation	\$ 21,085	•	•	•	1		1	•	\$ 1,393	\$ 19,692	
28)	Grants in Lieu of Taxes	\$ -3,623	*	*	•	•	•		1		\$ 3,623	
23)	Total Cost	\$177,858	\$ 26,659	\$ 26,659	\$ 28,032	\$ 1,373	\$ 77,500	\$ 6,803	'	\$ 31.686	5 31.817	
ĝ	Total Revenue	\$201.997	•		'					101		
i										\$201,997		

MOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION
Allocation of Operating Costs
For the Year Ended March 31, 1978

Coincident Peak Responsibility

P-12 P-17 P-10 P-10 D-6 C-11 Schedule 35 Schedule 42 Bchedule 43 D-8 C-12 Schedule 44 Schedule 45. Schedule 36 7 222 7 1,470 8.00 \$ 1,712 4,135 5,607 4,682 103 7,408 1,535 5,873 Industrial Industrial Interruptible 250-3,999 KVA Large Service 223.28 2,049 1,170 \$ 2,078 2,160 3,330 16.76 \$ 13,781 2,159 16,488 \$ 116 19,604 27,63] \$ 6,255 8.69 \$ 265 174 8,122 10,827 Industrial To 249 KVA 1,066 1,673 714 . 33 10.92 S General Large 2,852 3,649 \$ 2,280 General All Electric 13,816 10.17 6,861 9,549 \$ 15,746 4,681 30,713 49,645 18,932 \$ 1,742 \$ 21,419 Coun. Load \$ 2,350 10.63 General 926 \$ 233 1,648 Domestic (2) 3,823 387 38,278 8,171 \$ 2,262 784 1,827 12,678 \$ 78,440 1,140 674 1,918 16,6 65,762 Total Company Less Steam and Joint \$ 2,708 19,692 8.55 100.00 \$ 1,067 1,896 2,804 204 1,284 1,284 1,044 507 1,618 12,923 \$ 3,258 1,095 5,780 3,623 304,376 \$2,892 76,436 20,558 1,064 3,393 101,451 1,427 755 4,552 151,484 Metars Customer Service & Contracts Customer Premise Transmission Operating Costs Distribution Operating Costs Total Customer Accounting Customer Relations & Info. Operating Purchased Power - Fuel Purchased Power - Other Grants in Lieu of Taxes Customer Service Credit & Collection Percentage of Average Total Distribution Customer Accounting Billing Ine Transformers Total Production Substations Overhead Lines Communications Admin. & General Production Costs Street Lights Rate of Return G. Lines Total Revenue Depreciation Services Total Cost 28) 2222 8 9 2828 33 24) 25) 26) 27 6 

Coincident Peak & Average Responsibility (\$000) For the Year Ended March 31, 1978 Allocation of Operating Costs NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,		Total Company Less Steam & Joint	y Domestic	General Com. Load	n. General	General	Ü		Industrial	Industrial Industrial In	ndustria. Large	l Interruptib	Municipal		line terred	i de de
\$\frac{1,056}{1,056} = \frac{1}{2} \frac		3	3	ŝ	(4)	(5)			3	(8)	(6)	(10)	Ē		(12)	(13)
1,000	lon Costs						•		,							
1,1061   1,132   1,1	ing	20,558	8.196		7	1,511	٨	134	183		•	7		v	1,009	7 7
1,199	sed Power - Puel	1.064	387	្ត	219	89		25	9	65	192	2	4		7.	
1,100   1,100   1, 100   1,	sed Power - Other	3,393	1,353	28	-1	249		2	30	215	455	35	156		26	Z
\$ 1,000	1 Production	\$101,451	\$ 37,743		\$ 21,215		*				\$ 17,187			v	1.420	
\$ 1,007 \$ 10.0 \$ 1						ı				1		1	!	1		
1,005   5   10	sion Operating Cost	•		<b>*</b>			•								45	4
1,100   2,101   2,111   1,11	tion Operating Cost	•			;		•	:	•							
1,1050   2,105   2,1					\$ 164	9	*	2 :	- ;		13 13	۱ ·			7	P-13
1,004   9,14   9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9,	tions	1,896	867	13	40.0	156		<b>9</b>	23	168	8;	~	76		۲ :	P-18
1,244   1,544   1,545   1,14	ad Lines	7,807	7,112	8 4	5/5	à ª		<b>1</b> -	đ -	7.	<b>:</b> -	•	£1.	_	S (	P-11
1,244   1,244   1,244   2,14	Lines	866	105	n æ	3,5	4		٠,	121	• •	• 1	• •	- 1		٠, ٩	1 2
tracte   1,044   966   35   146   36   37   38   38   39   39   39   39   39   39	ranstormers	1.284	219	34	298	5 =		•	1 4	•			' '		۱ ۹	7 7
1,061   960   35   62   62   62   62   62   62   62   6	ž.	006	695	26	148	20.20		,			•	-	' '		, ,	
1,1610   2,17,913   2,17,914   2,17,914   3,17,915	Cory 6 Contracts	1.043	940	2	62	•		,		· •	• •	٠,	•		۱ ۱	
1,670   1,67	mor Dramics	733	999	25	43	•		,	۰ -	•	•	•	•			
1,613   1,61	infoations	507	252	4	125	43		11		37	90	•			σ	
\$ 3,259 \ \$ 2,262 \ \$ 1,921 \ \$ 1,922 \ \$ 1,92	t Lighting	1,613	1	•		1		,   •	•	1	'	1	1		1,618	Direct
\$ 3,355 \$ 2,262 \$ 8 8 \$ 755 \$ 79 \$ \$ - \$ 9 \$ 11 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 5	al Distribution	\$ 12,923 V					s	83	72			\$	1	l 00	727	
## 51,250 \$ 2,262 \$ 6 87 \$ 755 \$ 779 \$ 7 - 5 9 \$ 711 \$ 11 \$ 11 \$ 1 1 \$ 1 1 \$ 1 1 \$ 1 1 \$ 1 1 1 \$ 1	1			l				1			1		1			
1,005   774   774   775   77	ing		~			\$ 79	*	,	6	ti \$	\$	\$ 1	\$ 1	*		C-12
1,427         777         2,120         5,120         2,120         3,120         6,120         6,120         6,120         6,120         6,120         6,120         6,120         6,120         6,120         6,120         6,120         6,120         6,120         6,120         6,120         6,120         6,120         6,120         7,120         6,120         7	mer Service	1,095	784	8	233	56			m ,	'n	٦!		•		13	Schedule 44
\$ 57890         \$ 3,823         \$ 144         \$ 1,201         \$ 159         \$ -         \$ 17         \$ 16         \$ 349         \$ 1         \$ 1,864         \$ 1,864         \$ 1,201	t & Collection	1,427	111	27	213	24		'I	1		347	'	'	1	7	Schedule (15
\$ 4,552         \$ 1,684         \$ 25         \$ 44         \$ 5         \$ 4         \$ 5         \$ 7         \$ 64         \$ 64         \$ 182         \$ 120 </td <td>al Customer Account</td> <td>σ</td> <td>t</td> <td>\$ 144</td> <td>ı</td> <td>\$ 159</td> <td>8</td> <td>۰۰٬ ۱</td> <td>17</td> <td>\$ 16</td> <td>\$ 349</td> <td>\$</td> <td>\$</td> <td>S</td> <td></td> <td></td>	al Customer Account	σ	t	\$ 144	ı	\$ 159	8	۰۰٬ ۱	17	\$ 16	\$ 349	\$	\$	S		
\$ 4,552         \$ 1,884         \$ 5         \$ 4,552         \$ 1,884         \$ 5         \$ 29         \$ 29         \$ 247         \$ 664         \$ 66         \$ 120 <t< td=""><td>er Relations &amp; Inform</td><td>ø</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>\$</td><td><b>"</b></td><td>,</td><td>-</td><td>ı</td><td>ı sə</td><td>1 ss</td><td>, s</td><td>٠</td><td>9</td><td>GI Ç</td></t<>	er Relations & Inform	ø				\$	<b>"</b>	,	-	ı	ı sə	1 ss	, s	٠	9	GI Ç
\$ 19,692       \$ 9,568       \$ 21       \$ 4,078       \$ 1,137       \$ 313       \$ 1,676       \$ 75       \$ 66       \$ 591         \$ 3,623       \$ 1,760       \$ 41       \$ 750       \$ 246       \$ 58       \$ 32       \$ 1,676       \$ 1,676       \$ 1,676       \$ 1,676       \$ 1,676       \$ 1,676       \$ 1,676       \$ 1,676       \$ 1,676       \$ 1,676       \$ 1,676       \$ 1,676       \$ 1,676       \$ 1,676       \$ 1,676       \$ 1,676       \$ 2,690       \$ 1,687       \$ 1,687       \$ 1,687       \$ 2,691       \$ 1,087       \$ 1,687       \$ 2,691       \$ 1,687       \$ 1,687       \$ 2,691       \$ 2,691       \$ 2,691       \$ 2,692       <	5 General					\$ 279	\$	06	53	\$ 247	\$ 664		\$ 182	<b>د</b> ه		RA T
\$ 3,623         \$ 1,760         \$ 41         \$ 750         \$ 246         \$ 50         \$ 102         \$ 103         \$ 106         \$ 102         <	lation	\$ 19,692		\$ 221		\$ 1,337	s	313 (	173	\$ 994	\$ 1,676	\$ 75	\$ 666	\$		C.
\$204,376 \$ 1,632 \$ 30,714 \$ 9,439 \$ 2,5913 \$ 1,026 \$ 8,141 \$ 20,667 \$ 2,530 \$ 5,899 \$ 8,4,087 \$ 2204,376 \$ 3,7404 \$ 2,2350 \$ 2,49645 \$ 13,916 \$ 3,549 \$ 1,673 \$ 10,640 \$ 2,2350 \$ 14,79 \$ 10,44 \$ 7,38 \$ 12,04 \$ 6.56 \$ 12,81 \$ 28,91 \$ 7,48 \$ 8,31 \$ 12,211 \$ 86,32 \$ 1,000,12 \$ 1,49,82 \$ 338,13 \$ 83,51 \$ 97,19 \$ 97,19	In Lieu of Taxes		- 1	1	ļ	s	s	88	32		\$ 308	\$ 14	\$ 122	ν) ~1		A l
\$ 52,892 \$ 14,064 \$ 6.58 \$ 13,816 \$ 13,816 \$ 13,619 \$ 1.673 \$ 10,627 \$ 2.7,631 \$ 1,330 \$ 7,408 \$ 5,5607 \$ 12,892 \$ 1,4064 \$ 6.58 \$ 1,4064	Cost	\$151,484	\$ 64,376	1	\$ 30,714	\$ 9,439	w	913	1,026	\$ 8,141	\$ 20,667	\$ 2,530	\$ 5,899	S		R-
\$ 52,892     \$ 14,064     \$ 658     \$ 18,931     \$ 736     \$ 647     \$ 2,686     \$ 6,964     \$ 800     \$ 1,509     \$ 1,509     \$ 1,509       8.55     4.72     9.49     14.79     10.44     7.38     12.04     8.56     12.04     8.56     12.01     8.31       100.00     55.20     110.99     172.98     122.11     86.32     140.82     100.12     149.62     338.13     83.51     97.19	Revenue	\$204,376	\$ 78,440	1	\$ 49,645	S	씨	649	1,673	\$ 10,827	\$ 27,631	\$ 3,330	\$ 7,408	w		Schedule 256
8.55 4.72 9.49 14.79 10.44 7.38 12.04 8.56 12.81 28.91 7.14 8.31 100.00 55.20 110.99 172.96 122.11 86.32 140.82 100.12 149.62 338.13 83.51 97.19		\$ 52,892	\$ 14,064	\$ 658	w	w	w	736	647	\$ 2,686	\$ 6,964	\$ 800	\$ 1,509	ᆔ		<b>3</b> A
100.00 55.20 110.99 172.96 122.11 86.32 140.62 100.12 149.82 338.13 83.51 97.19	f Return	8.55	4.72	9.4	į	10.4		8.	12.04	8.56	12.81	28.91	7.14			\tt:
SCHEDULE 40	tage of Average	100.00	55.20	110.99	172.98			.32	140.82	100-12	149.62	338.13	83.51			ach
SCHEDULE 40																me
SCHEDULE 40																nt
Page 35 of 89  CHEDULE 40																3 ] S
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2012 GRA CA IR-183 Attachment 3 Page 36 of 89
SCHEDULE 41

£ 525

Allocation of Operating Conts
For the Year Ended March 31, 1978
ass Non-coincident Peak Responsibility

	Total Company Loss Stoam and Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	General- Com. Load (3)	General (4)	General All Electric (5)	General Large (6)	Industrial To 249 KVR (7)	Industrial Industrial Interruptable 250-1,999 KVA Large Service (8)	industrial I Larye (9)	nterruptable Service (10)	Municipal (11)	Unsetered (12)	Factor (13)
Production Costs Fuel Operating Purchased Power-Tuel Purchased Power-Other	\$ 76,436 20,558 1,064 3,393	\$ 27,807 8,793 387 1,451	\$ 741 136 10	\$ 15,746 4,346 219 717	\$ 4,877 1,499 68 247	\$ 1,781 380 25 63	\$ 459 222 6	\$ 4,647 1,346 65 222	\$ 13,781 2,136 192 353	\$ 2,049 518 29 86	\$ 3,539 863 49 142	\$ 1,009 319 14 53	E-2 P-16 F-2 P-18
Total Production	\$101,451	\$ 38,438	1	77	\$ 6,691	\$ 2,249	\$ 724	\$ 6,280	\$ 16,462	\$ 2,682	\$ 4,593	\$ 1,395	;
Transmission Operating Costs	\$ 2,708	<b>\$ 1.158</b>	93 ••	\$ 573	<b>\$</b> 198	\$ \$	\$ *	<b>\$</b> 177	<b>\$</b>	89 <sup>°</sup>	¥11	<b>+</b>	D-18
Distribution Operating Costs Land Submersions	\$ 1,067	\$ 739	<b>*</b>	\$ 164	\$ 50	\$ 10 46	÷ ′ ′ ′	\$ 35	÷	ı «	# 13	<b>*</b>	P-13
Overhead Lines	2,804	2,112	38	375	107	. T	: X	25	<b>3</b>	•	: A	38	P-11
U. Ground Lines Line Transformers	20 <b>4</b> 866	154 508	n co	236	° 3	- ·	121	₹ 1	<b>-</b> 1 1		٠,	7 81	121-0
Services	1,284	716	34	298	Ħ	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	C-11
Meters One Core Contents	900	695	% ¥	148	8 4		٦ ,	<b>v</b> 1	۱ ۲	<b>⊣</b> 1	٠ ،	• •	Schedule 35 Schedule 42
Customer Presides	733	999	22		•	•	٠.	•	•	•	1	•	Schedule 43
Communications	507	252	~	125	<b>4</b> 3	#	•	37	9	•	9	•	P-1•
St. Lighting	1,618	'	1	1		•	•	1	1	1	•	1,618	Direct
Total Distribution	\$ 12,923	\$ 7,844	\$ 238	\$ 1,912	\$ 509	\$ 83	\$ 72	\$ 302	\$ 120	3	\$ 113	\$ 1,727	
Customer Accounting Billing Customer Service Credit & Collection	\$ 3,258 1,095 1,427	\$ 2,262	\$ 87 30 27	\$ 755 233 213	* 26 3	-	# K	# "	347		- 1	\$ 52	C-12 Schedule 44 Schedule 45 Schedule 45
Total Customer Acc.	\$ 5,780	\$ 3,823	\$ 144	\$ 1,201	\$ 159	*	\$ 17	\$ 16	\$ 349	\$ 1	\$	\$	
Customer Relations & Information	\$ 755	\$ 674	\$	*	s *	•	\$	1	ا د	•	1	9	7
Admin. & General	\$ 4,552	\$ 1,912	\$	\$ 912	\$ 279	\$	\$ 31	\$ 249	\$ 634	101	\$ 178	\$ 119	ţ
Depreciation	\$ 19,692	\$ 9,818	\$ 205	\$ 3,921	\$ 1,290	\$ 286	\$ 189	\$ 1,016	\$ 1,449	\$ 341	\$ 614	. \$ 563	9-16
Grants in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 3,623	\$ 1,806	38	\$ 721	\$ 237	\$ 52	35	\$ 187	\$ 267	63	\$ 113	104	7-16 9-1-1
Total Cost	\$151,484	\$ 65,473	\$ 1,626	\$ 30,312	\$ 9,368	\$ 2,808	\$ 1,098	\$ 8,227	\$ 19,562	\$ 3,259	\$ 5,726	\$ 4,025	111
Total Revenue	\$204,376	\$ 78,440	\$ -2.350	\$ 49.645	\$ 13,616	\$ 3.649	\$ 1.673	\$ 10,827	\$ 27,631	\$ 3,330	\$ 7,408	\$ 5,607	Schedule 36
Return Rate of Return	8, 52, 892 8, 55	4.24	11.27	15.69	11.00	9.19	9.80	8,11	16.99	20.	8.60	9.08	men
Percentage of Average	100.00	49.59	131.81	183.51	128.65	107.48	114.62	<b>24.</b> 85	198.71	7.60	100.58	106.20	1

SCHEDULE 42

#### Allocation of Customer Service and Contracts

#### For the Year Ended March 31, 1978

(\$000)

		D:	irect (1)	Customers (2)	Percent (3)	A11	ount ocated 4)	,	Total
1)	Domestic	\$	940(1)	_	-	\$	_	\$	940
2)	General Conn. Load		-	9,855	33.89	•	35	•	35
3)	General		-	17,215	59.20		62		62
4)	General All Electric		-	1,792	6.16		6		6
5)	Industrial To 249 KVA			218	.75		1		1
6)	Total	\$	940	29,080	100.00	\$	104	\$	1,044

<sup>(1) 90%</sup> Domestic

SCHEDULE 43

### Allocation of Customer Premise Expense

For the Year Ended March 31, 1978

(\$000)

		D.	irect (1)	Customers (2)	Percent (3)	ount ocated (4)	,	Total
1)	Domestic	\$	660(1)	_	_	\$ -	\$	660
2)	General Conn. Load		<b>-</b> .	9,855	33.89	25		25
3)	General General		_	17,215	59.20	43		43
4)	General All Electric		_	1,792	6.16	4		4
5)	Industrial To 249 KVA	. —		218	.75	 1		1.
6)	<u>Total</u>	\$	660	29,080	100.00	\$ 73	\$	733

<sup>(1) 90%</sup> Domestic

SCHEDULE 44

#### Allocation of Customer Service Expense

For the Year Ended March 31, 1978 (\$000)

		Total	Company				
		Less	Steam	Mete	r Test	Ot	her
		and	<b>Joint</b>	(As M	eters)	C-	12
		(	1)	(	2)	(	3)
1)	Domestic	\$	784	\$	236	\$	548
2)	General Conn. Load	Ψ.	30	Ą	9	Ą	21
3)	General		233		-		
-					50		183
4)	General All Electric		26		7		19
5)	General Large		-		_		_
6)	Industrial to 249 KVA		3		1		2
7)	Industrial 250-3,999 KVA		5		2		3
8)	Industrial Large		1		1		-
9)	Interruptible	•	_		_		-
10)	Municipal		-		-		_
11)	Unmetered		13				13
12)	Total	<u>\$1</u>	,095	\$	306	\$	789
					<del></del>		

SCHEDULE 45

#### Allocation of Credit & Collection Expense

## For the Year Ended March 31, 1978 (\$000)

			tal 1)	Direct Debt (2)		De	r Bad bts -2 )	Co C	ction sts -2 4)
1)	Domestic	\$	777	\$	_	\$	295	\$	482
2)	General Conn. Load	•	27	•	_	•	9	•	18
3)	General		213		_		182		31
4)	General All Electric		54		_		51		3
5)	General Large		_		_		_		-
6)	Industrial to 249 KVA		5		-		4		1
7)	Industrial 250-3,999 KVA		_		-		_		-
8)	Industrial Large		347	3-	47		_		_
9)	Interruptible		-		-		-		-
10)	Municipal				-		<b>-</b> ·		_
11)	Unmetered		4		_				4
12)	Total	<u>\$1</u>	<u>,427</u>	\$ 3	<u>47</u>	\$	541	\$	539

For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 & 1978 Determination of Allocation Factors

	Less Steam		General	•	General	General	Industrial	Industrial	Industrial	Interruptible			
-	and Joint (1)	Domes #10 (2)	Conn. Load	General (4)	A11-2160tri0 (5)	(6)	10 249 KWA (7)	250-3,999 KVA (8)	<b>1</b> 6	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1) System Peak MM - 1977 2) V Responsibility	100.00	411	0.71	22.05	8.56	1.81	17.0	5.94	123	Ļ	4.7	71.1	. ፲
2) System Peak MM - 1978 4) • Responsibility	100.00	405	0.73	22,77	74 00.8	1,98	1.04	6.44	10.50	• •	4.57	18 1.87	ĩ
<ol> <li>System Peak and Average - 1977</li> <li>Nesponsibility</li> </ol>	1,608	635 39.49	0.81	341	125	1.99	0.62	6.03	241 14.99	0.93	4.60	25 1.56	ä
7) System Peak and Average - 1978 8) • Responsibility	1,565	624 39.87	0.83	343	115 7,35	2,11	0.89	99	. 210 13.42	1.02	72 <b>4.</b> 60	, 56 1,66	Ž
9) Custower Mon-Councident Demand Sec 1977 10)	978,349	638,455 65.26	7,211	223,290 22.82	85,924 8.78	• •	7,647	1,1		••	. <b>1 1</b>	15,822	ĭ
11) Customer Non-Coincident Demand Sec 1978	971,044	633,131 65.20	7,424	224,573	17,703 8,00	• •	11,686	٠.	• •	• •	• •	16,527	- <b>I</b>
<ol> <li>Customer Mon-Coincident Demand Pri 1977</li> <li>Nesponsibility</li> </ol>	1,162,016	661,439 56.92	7,471	245,080	91,319 7.86	21,012	8,743 0,75	68,493 5,90	20,344	• •	21,724	16,391	7
15) Customer Non-Coincident Demand Pri 1978 16) N Responsibility	1,151,946	652,758 56.67	7,654	245,220	82,403	22,047	12,865	72,175 6.27	21,093	11	18,692 1,62	17,039	2
177 Customer Non-Coincident Demand DBPs - 1977	1,379,458	674,668 48.91	7,620	249,982	93,145 6.75	21,432	6,918 0.65	72,780 5,28	153,719	28,941 2,10	51,534	16,719	Ĩ
19) Customer Non-Coincident Demand DBPS - 1978 20) • Responsibility	1,350,746	665,813 49.29	7,807	250,124 18,52	64,051	22,488 1.66	13,122	76,536 5.67	133,444 9.88	31,539	48,442	17,380	P-10
21) Class M.C. Demand Sec 1977 22] * Responsibility	100.00	58,60	6,851	212,126 26.97	10.65	•	7,073	• •	••	• •	• •	15,822	24) 1
23) Class N.C. Demand Sec 1978 24) Nesponsibility	780,615	457,121 58,56	7,053	213,344	75,761 9.71	• •	10,809	• •	• •	• •	• •	16,527	12 <b>G</b> R
25) Class N.C. Demand Pri 1977 36) Nesponsibility	952,787 100.00	50.13	7,098	232,826 24.44	89,037 9,34	19,436	8,087 .85	63,356 6,65	17,802	• •	21,182	16,392	RA ÇA
27) Class N.C. Domand Pri 1978 28)	947,441	471,292	7,272	232,959	80,343 8.48	20,393	11,900	£9,561 7,34	18,457	• •	18,225	17,039	IR-
29) Ciase W.C. Demand DBPS - 1977 30] N Responsibility	1,145,576 487,122	× 487,122	7,240	237,482	90,818	19,825	8,249	67,322 5,88	134,505	26,046	50,247	16,720	183 <b>5</b> A
31) Class N.C. Demand DBPS - 1978	1,124,052	480,718	7,417	237,618 21,14	1,950	20,681	12,138	73,651 6,55	116,763	28,385 2,52	47,231	17,380	tta <b>ë</b> n
ខ្	1,175,358	₹ 499,787 42.52	7,428	243,656	93,179	20,340	8,463	69,072 5,88	138,002	26,723	51,553 4,39	17,153	me <b>h</b> t
35) Class N.C. Demand Gen 1978 36) * Responsibility	1,153,279	493,217	7,610	243,796	84,081 7.29	21,342	12,454	75,566	119,799	29,123	48,459	17,032	3 P <b>ä</b> ge
						:	•					P 1/0	41 of 89

SCH 46 P 1/6

Determination of Allocation Factors For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 & 1978

Municipal (11)	240,729	244, 223
Interruptible Service (10)	130,242	141,260 2.68
Industrial Large (9)	1,032,453	951,746 18.03
Industrial 250-3,999 KVA (8)	308,795	321,103 6.08
Industrial To 249 KVA (7)	23,325	31,907
General Large (6)	121,710 2.27	123,193 2.33
General All-Electric (5)	346,591	337,065 6.38
General (4)	1,072,609	1,087,430
General Corn, Load (3)	53,869	51,449
Domestio (2)	1,962,940 36.62	1,920,889 36,38
Total Company Less Steam and Joint Do (1)	5,360,248 100.00	5,280,003

66,985 1,25 69,738 1,32

1) NOME Gen, and Purchased = 1977
2) V Responsibility
3) NOME Gen, and Purchased = 1978
4) V Responsibility

# Determination of Allocation Factors

# For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 £ 1978

Factors (13)	រ	រី	3	I	Ş	ţ	)-1-0	3	2012	GRA CA	្តី N IR-183	Attachmei	nt 3 Page 43 of 89
Unmetered 1 (12)	2,623 0.90	2,380	2,623	2.380	2,623	2,380	2,623	2,380	1111		2,623 2.5 6,558 1,77	2,380 2,5 5,950 1.60	SCHEDULE 46 PAGE 3 OF 6
Municipal (11)	<b></b>	<b>.</b> 00 I	• •	• •	<b>~</b> 1	<b>~</b> I	<b>ω</b> Ι	ω (			10.0 10.0 0.02	10.0 80 80	
nterruptible Service (10)	91	<b>v</b> 1			• •	1 1	vι	<b>.</b>			10.0 60 0.02	10.0 60 .02	
Industrial Interruptible Large Service (9) (10)	<b>7</b> 10.	10.	• •	• •	۱ ۳	۰،	ដឲ	t 6			10.0 140 0.04	10.01	
Industrial 250-3,999 KVA (8)	124	126	• •	• •	.03 .03	9 6 0 6	118	120	••••	1111	124 10.0 1,240 0,33	126 10.0 1,260	
General Industrial Large To 249 KVA (6) (7)	166 0.06	218	.06	216	166 .06	218	166 .06	.07	164 5.0 820 0.23	216 5.0 1,080	166 5.0 830 0.22	218 5.0 1,090 .29	
General I Large 1 (6)	m I	w I.		• •	m 1	m Î	m į	m 1			5.0 25.0	5.0 15	
General All-Electric (5)	2,069	1,792	2,065	1,788	2,069	1,792	2,069	1,792	2,065 5.0 10,325 2.85	1,788 5.0 8,940 2.41	2,069 5.0 10,345 2.79	1,792 5.3 8,960 2.41	,
General 7 (4)	16,627 5.73	17,215 5,82	16,608 5.73	17,196 5.81	16,627 5.73	17,215	16,627 5.73	17,215	16,608 5.0 83,040 22,88	17,196 5.0 85,980 23.22	16,627 5.0 83,135 22.44	17,215 5.0 86,075 23.18	
General Conn. Load (3)	10,710	3,33	10,710 3.69	9,855 3,33	10,710 3.69	9,855 3.33	10,710 3.69	3,33	10,710 1.00 10,710 2.95	9,885 1.00 9,885 2.67	10,170 1.0 10,170 2.74	9,885 1.00 9,885 2:66	
Domestic (2)	257,891 88.86	264,465 89.32	257,891 88.91	264,465 89.38	257,891 88.88	264,465 89.34	257,891 88.86	264,465 89.32	257,891 1.00 257,891 71.09	264,465 1.00 264,465 71.41	257,891 1.0 257,891 69.63	257,891 1.00 257,891 69.44	
Less Steam and Joint (1)	290,241	296,082	290,061	295,900	290,175	296,016 100.00	290,234	296,075 100.00	287,438 362,786 100.00	293,550 370,350 100.00	289,701 370,464 100.00	289,538 371,406 100.00	
	1) Customers - 1977 2) Responsibility	3) Customers = 1978 4) A Responsibility	5) Customers Secondary - 1977 6) • Responsibility	7) Customers Secondary - 1978 8) * Responsibility	9) Customers Primary - 1977 10) • Responsibility	<ol> <li>Customers Primary - 1978</li> <li>Responsibility</li> </ol>	13) Customers DBPS - 1977 14) * Responsibility	15) Castomers DBPS - 1978 16) • Responsibility	17) Weighted Secondary Customers - 1977  18) Weighting Factor  19) Weighted Total  20) N Responsibility	21) Weighted Secondary Customers - 1978 22) Weighting Factor 23) Weighted Total 24) * Responsibility	25) Weighted Customers - 1977 26) Weighting Factor 27) Weighted Total 28) Nesponsibility	29) Weighted Customers - 1978 30) Weighting Factor 31) Weighted Total 32) N Responsibility	

Determination of Allocation Factors For the Years Ended Harch 31, 1977 & 1978

6 7 %	Total Company Less Steam and Joint	5	General Conn. Load	딞	General Ali-Electric	General	EX.	Industrial 250-3999 KVA	Industrial Large	Interruptible Service	딞	Unmetered	Factors
	£	(2)	B	( <del>\$</del> )	(2)	<b>9</b> ,	3	(8)	(6)	(oL)	Ē	(12)	(13)
Coincident Peak Poles & Wire = 1977   S Responsibility	79,135 100,00	61,514 77.73	<b>2,</b> 003	9,386 11.86	2,834	358 0.45	261 0.33	1,175 1,49	345 0.44	, ,	369 0.47	890 1.12	· 2
3)Coincident Peak Poles & Wire - 1978 4) % Responsibility	89,897 100.00	70,073	2,085	10,794	2,909. 3,23	428 0.48	434 0.48	1,418	411 0.46	••	364 0.40	981 1.09	P-10
6) Class Non-Coincident Peak & Average Poles & Wire: 6) % Responsibility -1977	79,135 100.00	59,467 75.15	2,038 2,58	10,489 13.25	3,323	403	293 0.37	1,323	369		438 0.55	992 · 1,25	P-2
7)Class Non-Coincident Peak &:Avg. Poles & Wire-1978: 8) % Responsibility	100.00	67,716 75.33	2,126 2,36	12,042 13,39	3,414	482 0.54	488 0.54	1,658 1.84	438 0.49		430 0.48	1,103	P-11
9)Coincident Peak Substations Poles & Wire1977 10) % Responsibility	102,076 100.00	73,465	2,137	13,886 13.60	4.583	842 0.83	427	2,923	1,299	19 0.02	1,309	1,186	P.
11)Coincident Peak Substations Poles & Wire -1978 12)	113,081	82,153 72.65	2,226 1.97	15,401 13.62	4,529	935	0.60	3,244 2.87	1,362 1.20	18 0.02	1,235	1,297	9-12
13)Class Non-Coincident Peak & Avg. Subs., Poles & 14) & Responsibility	103,099 100.00	<b>69,993</b> 68,56	2,193 2.15	15,692 15.37	5,383	935 0.92	480	3,228 3.16	1,348	19	1,475	1,353	7
15)Class Mon-Coincident Peak & Avg. Subs., Poles & 16) % Responsibility Wire-1978	112,081	78,319 69.26	2,290	17,353 15,35	5,317	1.041	765 0.68	3,712	1,415	18 0.02	1,364	1,487	P-13
17)Coincident Peak P.T.D 1977 18) % Responsibility	415,392 100.00	215,985 51.99	4,970 1.20	80,341 19.34	29,102 7.00	5,383	2,475	17,888	32,157 7.74	0.01	13,121	13,944 3.36	P-5
19)Coincident Peak P.T.D 1978 20) % Responsibility	580,779	292,910 50.43	6,218 1,07	118,808 20.46	39,502 6.80	8,848 1,52	5,274 0.91	29,051 5.00	43,142	0.01	19,441	17,560 3.02	<b>2</b> 0
21)Coincident Peak & Avg. P.T.D 1977 22) % Responsibility	415,332 100.00	206,638 49.74	5,272 1.27	81,626 19.65	28,821 6.94	5,852	2,381 0.57	18,390	37,556 9.04	1,939	13,004	13,913 3.35	12 G
23)Coincident Peak & Avg. P.T.D 1978 24) % Responsibility	580,779 100.00	282,180 48.59	6,535 1,12	120,294 20.71	39,454 6,79	9,236 1,59	5,097 0.88	29,308 5.05	49,404 8.51	2,194 0.38	19,640 3.38	17,437 3.00	RA C
25)Class Non-Coincident P.T.D. 1977 26) % Responsibility	415,392	213,130 51.31	4,867	80,023 19.27	28,359 6,83	5,282	2,541	17,833	31,860 7,67	5,668 1.37	12,227 2.94	13,602	A IR-
27) Class Non-Coincident P.T.D 1978 28) % Responsibility	580,779 100,00	289,581 49.86	6,043	115,625 19,91	38,016 6,55	8,443 1.45	5,575 0,96	28,979 5.16	42,760	10,037 1.73	18,108 3,12	16,612 2.36	-183 A
29) Coincident Peak Substations • 1977 30) % Responsibility	22,941 100.50	11,951 52,10	134 0,58	4,500 19.62	1,749	484 2,11	166 0.72	1,748	954 4.16	90.0	940 <b>4.</b> 10	296 1,29	Attack
Coincident Peak Substations - 1978 % Responsibility	23,184	12,080 52.10	<b>∑</b> .6.	4,607 19.87	1,620	507 2.19	247 1.06	1,826	951 4.10	18 80.	871 3.76	316	ment
Class Mon-Coincident Peak & Avg. Substations 8 Responsibility	. 22,941 100,00	10,526 45.88	155 .68	5,203	2,060 8,98	532 2,32	187	1,905 8.30	979 4.27	90.	1,014	361 1,57	3 Pag
Class Non-Coincident Peak & Avg. Substations % Responsibility -1978	23,194 100.00	10,603 45.73	<b>767</b> 17.	5,311 22.91	1,903 8,21	559 2.4]	1,19	2,054 8,86	4.21	80. 80.	934 4.03	384 1.66	ge 44
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201	2 GRA CA IR-	183 Attachment 3 Page 45 of 8	9
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0		SCHEDULE 46	

SCHEDULE 46 PAGE 5 OF 6

NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

Per the Years Ended March 31, 1977 & 1978

•	Total Compan	•						•				
	Less Steam	A	Conn. Load	General	General All-Electric	Ceneral	Inches to	Industrial 250-3,999 W	Industrial	Interrup Serv	nicipal	Imetered
	Ξ	Ì	3	3	(C)	9	3	(9)	6			(3)
1) Coincident Peak 0. & M 1977 2) & Responsibility	\$ 42,055 100.00	\$21,755 51.73	\$ 1.24	\$ 8,196 19.49	\$2,738 6.51	\$ 514 1.22	* 235 . 56	41,719	\$ 3,151 7.49	~5 <sub>.</sub>		\$1,907 4.53
3) Coincident Peak O. & M 1978 4) & Responsibility	\$123,617 100,00	\$52,086 42.14	\$1,348 1.09	\$25,022	\$7,681 6.21	\$2,409 1.95	<b>4</b> 62.	\$6,710. 5.43	\$17,237 13.94	\$ 2,082 1.68		\$3,308 2.68
5) Coincident Peak & Average 0. & N 1977   5) & Responsibility	\$ 42,055 100,00	\$20,980 49.89	\$ 593 1.41	\$ 8,156 19.39	\$2,620 6.23	\$ 565 1.34	\$ 218 .52	\$1,762 4,19	\$ 3,791	\$ 232		\$1,885
7) Coincident Poak & Average C. & M 1978 8) & Responsibility	\$123,617 100.00	\$51,164 41.39	1,379	\$24,966 20.20	\$7,577 6.13	1.98	£ 3	5.43	\$18,019 14.58	\$ 2,355 1.90		\$3,267 2.64
9): Class Non-Coincident Peak 0, & M 1977 10)	\$ 12,055 \$21,72 100,00 51,64	-4.0	\$ 54.8 06.1	\$ 8,039 19,12	\$2,657 6.32	# 1.19	\$ 240	\$1,726 \$ 2,997 4,10 7.13	\$ 2,997 7.13	1.33	\$1,202 2,86	\$1,861 4.42
11) Class Non-Coincident Peak 0. & M 1978 12)	\$123,617 100.00	<b>451,9</b> 37 <b>42.</b> 01	1,334	\$24,758 20,03	\$7,562 6.12	\$2,382 1,93	* 23.	\$6,775 5.48	\$17,212 13.92	\$2,754 2.23		\$3,239 2,62

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SCHEDULE 46 PAGE 6 OF 6

NOVA SCOTTA POWER CORPORATION

For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 & 1978 Determination of Allocation Factors

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opti of Ce	1 1	1 1	85 25 25
88.5		_	\$ 4,558
Ā	-	_	•
H & _	• •	• •	.69
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			\$228,837 <sup>.</sup> 17,69
Industrial Industrial Interruptible 250-3,999 KW. Marge Service (8) (9) (10) .		•	**
11 8 12 8		• •	• •
3,9 tt	••	•	•
ង្គស្ដ		-	
General Industrial Large To 249 KVA 3 (6) (7)	4 70	~ 4	
25 Etc.	\$1,634 1.15	\$1,187 .84	
5 2	•	*	•
9 Kal	. 1 1		5 1
8 4 5	. 1 1	••	\$1,735 .13
12		•	
Nera lect (5)	\$13,473 9.51	\$13,394 9,46	\$34,283 2.65
8 1	#	£13	<b>3</b> 3
General General All-Electric (4) (5)	0 9	8 4	64
<b>.</b>	8,39	7,58 33.6	\$144,107
	-	•	\$14
General Conn, Losd (3)	P-1	20	φņ
	2,27	2,29	9,79 2.1
	\$ 75,885 \$ 2,277 \$ 48,390 53,57 1.61 34.16	\$ 77,108 \$ 2,293 \$ 47,582 54,47 1,62 33,61	\$798,951 \$19,796 61.75 1.53
Domestie (2)	57	108	951
(2		£.2	798, 61
	•		•
en t	8 8	\$ 141,564 100.00	200
Notal Company Lass Steam and Joint (1)	141,659	100	\$1,293,894 100,00
484	-	•	\$1,2
2			

Secondary Customer/Revenue = 1977
 Nasponsibility

(3) Secondary Customer/Revenue = 19784) \* Responsibility

5) Discount Revenue - 1978 6) \* Responsibility

Municipal Unmetared Factors (11) (12) (13)

\$58,530 4.52

					201	•	ъ.	GU TR 402 LV L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L
ž		_		_				CA IR-183 Attachment 3 Page 48 of 89
Urasterad (12)	•	78.8	5.	83.	93.	97.2	106.	SCHEDULE 1
Municipal (11)		105.5	9.4	<b>4.</b>	5.7	. 83.5	100.6	
		ន	ន	#	•		2	·
		_	~	_		_		
Service (10)		4,796.	326	66.1	2,611.	389.1		•
<b>a</b> .		•					_	
Larys (9)		190	150.6	195.(	196.0	149.8	198.7	

Cost of Service Study Summaries For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978

	Return
	to Average
l	8
ĺ	Return
	Class
	Percentage Relationship of

		Total Company Less Steam And Joint (1)	Domestia (2)	General Com. Load (3)	General (4)	General All Electric (5)	General Large (6)	Industrial To 249 KVA 2 (T)	Industrial 250-3,999 KVA (8)	Industrial Larya (9)	Interruptible Service (10)	Municipal (11)	Umest (12)
	Year Ended March 31, 1977					:							•
-	1) Coincident Peak	100.00	59.0	99.3	161.5	101.4	115.4	125.7	104.5	190.9	4,796.8	105.5	78.
7	2) Coincident Peak and Average	100.00	65.0	98.6	158.9	105.1	99.1	136,4	39.8	150.6	326.2	107.6	.5.
6	3) Class Non Coincident Peak	300,00	60.2	104.0	163.4	106.4	3787	121.1	104.6	195.6	66.1	118.4	83
	Year Ended March 31, 1978											•	
4	4) Coincident Peak	130,00	18.0	124.3	175.1	119.0	97.4	1.721	101.6	196.0	2,611.5	85.7	83
'n	5) Coincident Peak and Average	100.00	55.2	111.0	173.0	122.1	86.3	140.8	100.1	149.8	389.1	. 83.5	91,
Ĭ	Total designation of the contract of	8	4.64	131.8	183.5	128.7	107.5	114.6	94.9	198.7	7.6	100.6	106

Load Analysis For the Years Ending March 31, 1977 and 1978

		2012 GRA CA IR-183 Attachm
System Coincident EW Demand (13)	410,700 6,658 218,747 65,519 17,893 7,274 59,303 112,808 - 39,959 24,011 47,042 17,086 -	405,427 6,824 218,938 76,986 19,698 62,206 100,995 22,575 44,145 17,767
Losses (12)	10.8 10.8 10.3 10.3 9.0 9.0 7.8 4.8 4.8 10.8	10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3
Coincident XW Demand (11)	370,668 6,009 197,425 77,534 16,416 6,674 5,012 117,184 - 37,781 22,911 44,887 15,421	367,568 6,187 198,493 70,307 17,308 9,860 58,082 96,831 37,066 21,645 42,325 16,108
System Councidence Factor (10)	. 825 . 900 . 900 . 925 . 875 . 875 . 856 . 900 . 900 . 925 . 925	. 825 . 900 . 900 . 925 . 875 . 875 . 850 . 900 . 925 . 1.000
Diversified Class NN Demand (9)	449,294 6,677 219,361 83,820 18,761 7,627 62,871 137,863 25,38 41,979 21,498 41,979 11,4234	445,537 6,874 220,548 76,007 19,780 11,268 66,390 113,919 27,829 41,184 22,200 45,757 16,100
Diversified Class Losd Factor (8)	45.01 83.12 80.37 42.73 67.94 81.02 81.02 81.33 772.37 742.39	44.62 77.46 51.23 58.81 26.74 26.74 49.80 73.55
Class Coincident Factor (7)	, 722 , 950 , 950 , 975 , 925 , 925 , 925 , 900 , 975 , 975 , 975	.722 .950 .950 .975 .925 .925 .975 .975 .975
Non Diversified Class -XW Demand December (6)	622,276 7,028 23,906 85,969 20,282 8,245 67,969 157,558 28,373 41,979 24,100 49,770 15,421	617,087 7,236 77,256 77,956 21,384 12,182 71,62 130,193 30,921 42,240 24,930 46,930 16,108
Non Diversified Class L.F. At Dec RM (5)	32.50 41.72 41.72 41.72 62.85 29.63 48.11 71.88 54.39 77.56 54.39	32.20 73.58 46.48 45.08 60.61 27.56 47.56 90.01 56.37 77.86 56.96 64.80
Mari Generated & Furchased (4)	1,962,940 53,869 1,072,609 346,591 121,710 23,325 308,795 11,032,453 130,242 209,600 156,111 240,729 66,985 1,739	1,920,889 1,049 1,044 1,044 1,044 1,140 1,
Lourse (3)	01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	6.01 6.01 6.09 6.44 6.44 6.01 6.44 6.01 6.01 6.01 6.01 6.01
NAH Sales (2)	1,771,621 48,618 968,059 314,226 111,661 21,339 286,452 995,165 124,277 200,000 148,961 220,000 148,961 220,000 148,961 220,000 148,961 220,000 148,961 220,000	1,741,588 46,645 96,645 9844 307,8824 307,8824 113,542 29,407 29,407 29,407 29,407 29,407 29,407 29,407 29,407 29,408
Customers Served (1)	257,891 10,710 16,627 2,069 166 124 124 1 1 1 1 2,623 2,623	264,465 9,855 17,215 17,7215 1
	Joyr Domestic Zen. Serv. Count. Load Zen. Serv. Demand Zen. Serv. Large Industrial 120-3,999 KVA Industrial 120-3,999 KVA Industrial 120-3,999 KVA Industrial 120-3,999 KVA Industrial Large Interruptible Dowaters Hersey A.E.C.L. Pt. Tupper Municipal Jemetersed 6.B.E.P.C.	Connestic Cen. Serv. Count. Load Cen. Serv. Count. Load Cen. Serv. Denand Cen. Serv. Large Industrial 20-3,999 KWA Industrial 250-3,999 KWA Industrial Large In
Class	Domestic Gen. Serv. Co Gen. Serv. De Gen. Serv. La Gen. Serv. La Industrial to Industrial 125 Industrial 125 Industrial 24 Industrial 25 Indus	Domestic Gen. Serv. Co Gen. Serv. De Gen. Serv. La Industrial 125 Industrial 125 Industrial 125 Industrial 126
	15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	150 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110

SCHEDULE 3

## Analysis Of MWH Sold And Generated For The Years Ended March 31, 1977 And 1978

		Year Ended MWH Sales (1)	March 31, 1977 MWH Generation (2)	Year Ended : MWH Sales (3)	March 31, 1978 MWH Generation (4)
1)	Domestic	1,771,621	1,962,940	1,741,588	1,920,889
2)	Gen. Conn Load	48,618	53,869	46,645	51,449
3)	General	968,059	1,072,609	985,884	1,087,430
4)	General All Electric	314,226	346,591	307,822	337,065
5)	General Large	111,661	121,710	113,542	123,193
6)	Industrial To 249 KVA	21,399	23,325	29,407	31,907
7)	Industrial 250 - 3,999 KVA	286,452	308,795	299,816	321,103
8)	Industrial Large	985,165	1,032,453	912,508	951,746
9)	Interruptible	124,277	130,242	135,436	141,260
10)	Municipal	229,703	240,729	234,154	244,223
11)	Unmetered	60,456	66,985	63,226	69,738
12)	Sub-Total	4,921,637	5,360,248	4,870,028	5,280,003
13)	AECL Pt. Tupper	148,961	156,111	163,691	170,730
14)	Bowaters Mersey	200,000	209,600	200,000	208,600
15)	N.B.E.P.C.	1,659	1,739	2,163	2,256
16)	Total	5,272,257	5,727,698	5,235,882	5,661,589

#### SCHEDULE 4

NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

Determination Of Customer Mon-Coincident KW By Voltage Lavel

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Years	
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	•	Less Steam		General		General	General	Industrial	Industrial	Industrial				
		And Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	Conn. Load (3)	General (4)	All Electric (5)	<b>La</b> rg <b>e</b> (6)	To 249 KVA (7)	250-3,999 KVA (8)	Large (9)	Interruptible (10)	Municipel (11)	Unmetered (12)	
~~	Year Ended March 31, 1977 Won Coin. NV Secondary Losses 2.64	953,557	622,276	7,028	217,632	83,747	' '	7,453	' '		' '	- '	15,421	
	Sub-Total	978,349	638,455	7,211	223,290	85,924	1	7,647	1	1	1	1	15,822	
	Non Coin, KW Primary Losses 3.6%	1,121,639	638,455	7,211	236,564	36,146	20,282	8,439	66,113	19,637	1 1	20,970	15,822	
-	Sub-Total	1,162,016	661,439	7,471	245,080	91,319	21,012	8,743	68,493	20,344	1	21,724	16,391	
	Non Coin, IN DBPS Lours 2.0%	1,352,410	661,439	7,471	4,902	91,319	21,012	8,743	71,353	3,014	28,373	50,524	16,391	
_	Sub-Total	1,379,458	674,658	7,620	249,982	93,145	21,432	8,918	72,760	153,719	28,941	51,534	16,719	
-	Total at Trans, Lovel	1,379,458	674,668	7,620	249,982	93,145	21,432	8,918	72,780	153,719	29,941	51,534	16,719	
	Year Ended March 31, 1978 Hon Coin, KW Secondary Losses 2.6%	946,437	617,087	7,236	218,882	15,734	' '	11,390	' '		' '	'	16,108	
_	Sub-Total	971,044	633,131	7,424	224,573	77,703	1	11,686	1		1	1	16,527	
	Non Coin, KW Primary Losses 3.10	1,117,310	633,131	7,424	237,847	79,925	21,384	12,478	70,005	20,459	' '	18,130	16,527	
_	Sub-Total	1,151,946	652,753	7,654	245,220	82,403	22,047	12,865	72,175	21,093	1	18,692	17,039	
-	Hon Coin, KW DBPS Losses 2.0%	1,324,261	13,055	7,654	245,220	1,648	22,047	12,865	75,035	130,827	30,921	47,492	17,039	
-	Sub-Total	1,350,746	665,813	7,807	250,124	84,051	22,488	13,122	76,536	133,444	31,539	48,442	17,380	
=	Total At Trans. Level	1,350,746	665,813	7,807	250,124	84,051	22,488	13,122	76,536	133,444	31,539	48,442	17,380	

SCHEDULE 7

#### Analysis of Working Capital

#### Glace Bay Steam Sales, Point Tupper Steam and Electric Sales

#### and Bowaters Mersey Electric Sales

#### For the Year Ended March 31, 1977

(\$000)

		Total Company (1)	Glace Bay (2)	Point Tupper (3)	Mersey System (4)	Total (5)
	Cash					
1)	Fuel	\$ 4,719	\$ 576	\$ 407	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 3,736
2)	Purch. Power	129	<b>-</b> '	-	-	129
3)	Labour	2,573	139	96	45	2,293
4)	Other	2,869	89	<u> </u>	28	2,557
5)	Sub-Total	\$ 10,290	\$ 804	\$ 698	\$ 73	\$ 8,715
	Deduct:					
61	Consumer Deposits	\$( 732)	<b>*</b>	¢ _	<b>6</b>	¢( 722)
6) 7)	Fed. Coal Subvention	( 823)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$( 732) ( 823)
7) 8)	Prov. for Non-DB Losses	( 716)	_	<u>-</u>	-	( 716)
9)	C&RR Bowaters	( 650)	. <del>-</del>	_	( 650)	( /16)
10)	Ref. Cap. Cont.	( 44)	_	, _	( 650)	( 44)
11)	Total Deduct	\$( 2,965)	s -	, <del></del>	\$ ( 650)	$\frac{(2,315)}{(2,315)}$
11)		\$ <u>( 2,965)</u>	٠	Ÿ	\$ <u>( 650</u> )	\$ ( 2,315)
12)	Net Cashwork-Capital	\$ 7,325	\$804	\$ <u>698</u>	\$ <u>( 577</u> )	\$ 6,400
	Mat. & Supp. Inventory					
13)	Fuel	\$ 4,126	\$ 346	\$ 106	\$ -	\$ 3,674
14)	Linestores	11,054	_	· -	_	11,054
15)	Thermal	-	-			· -
16)	Mobile Serv.	-	-	-	· -	-
17)	Trans & Subst.		-		-	
18)	Total Mat. & Supp.	\$ 15,180	\$ 346	\$ 106	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 14,728
19)	Total Work Capital	\$ 22,505	\$1,150	\$ 804	\$ ( 577)	\$ 21,128

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Classification of Plant in Service For the Year Ended March 31, 1977 (8000)

As Other (10)	4		4,246	\$ 4,313 \$ 5,945	3,358 11,054 \$ 14,412	5,035 2,736 8 7,785
pirect (9)	4,188 8,742 14,176 		\$ 2,119 - 1,119 - 2,100 9,200	\$ 19,319 \$		\$ 46,425
Agreeme (0)		]]	•	· ·		
Customer (7)		"  "	\$ 32,368 16,377 14,217	\$ 62,962 \$		6 62,962
Enercyy (6)					3,674	6,716
Customer N.C. Peak (5)		"	\$ 2,505 20,996 19,008 11,332 26,562	\$ 80,453		60.453
Class . M.C. Poak (4)	\$ 95,627 19,227 21,189 5,682 10,820 18,956	\$ 26,362 48,206 \$ 74,568	\$ 2,505 20,996 19,008 11,382 26,562	\$ 80,453		\$ 81,434 11,661 7,005 \$100,100
Peak and Average (3)	\$ 95,627 5,682 10,820 18,956	\$ 26,362 48,206 \$ 74,568	•			\$ 11,661 7,005 
Coincident Reak (2)	\$ 95,627 19,227 23,189 5,682 10,820 18,956	\$ 26,362 48,206 \$ 74,568	•			\$ 81,434 11,661 7,005 5100,100
Total Company (1)	\$ 95,627 4,638 19,227 23,189 14,424 24,996 18,956	\$ 26,362 48,206 \$ 74,568	\$ 2,505 23,115 53,376 27,759 4,246 26,562 14,217 9,200 67	3	\$ 3,042 3,358 3,674 11,054	\$ 81,434 11,661 7,005 5,035 2,750 \$107,885
	Production Steam Other Hersey System Other Hydro Gas Turbins Pt. Tupper Glace Bay Water Street Total	Transmission Flant -fub-Stations All Other Total	Distribution Plant Land Sub-Stations Poles Wire-OH Underground Line Transformers Services Haters Other	Total General Intangible & Puture Usa \$	Morking Capital Cash - Fuel Cash - Other Hat. & Supp Puel Mat. & Supp Other Total	CMIP Production-Hydro Production-Seam Transmission Distribution General Total Total
	. 3254265 8	66 3	244385888	<b>a</b> a	<b>3</b> 886 <b>8</b>	<u>6 2 222 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2</u>

SCHEDULE 8 Page 2 of 4

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	,	Distribution Bulk Power (1)	Dist. Ded. Bulk Power (2)	Dist. Cust. Owned B. P. (3)	Dist. Cust. Distribution Occuped B. P. General (3) (4)	Dist. Ded. General (5)	Dist. Cust. Owned Gen. (6)	Total Coet (7)	
2 5	Total Cost	\$21,020,700	\$1,411,823	\$32,319	\$6.518,929	\$1,499,408	\$33,344	\$30,516,523	
₹	ARCL Ft. Tupper Bayers Rd.		( 230, 205)		19,397	( 19,397)	• •		
₹	Reserve Mines	•	•	•	29,286	( 29, 286)	•	•	
ŝ	Sydney Mines	•	•	•	115,901	(115,901)	•	•	
6	Canadian Liquid Air			1	14,688	( 14,688)	"		
5	Total Dist. Substations	\$21,020,700	\$197181718	\$32,319	\$6,690,201	\$1,320,136	\$33,344	\$30,286,318	
8	Total Net Dist. Substations	\$15,922,562	\$ 895,041	\$24,481	\$5,073,690	\$ 999,964	\$25,257	\$22,940,995	
6	Minicipal		\$ 316,322			\$ 231,484		٦	
ĝ	Interruptible			\$10,677		\$ 7,856			
77	Industrial to 249 KVA		\$ 2,272			\$ 6,666			
21	Ind. 250 to 3,999 KVA		\$ 123,511.	\$ 826		\$ 359,244	\$25,257	•	
និ	Industrial Large		\$ 452,936	\$12,978		\$ 120,606			
7	General					\$ 71,505			
33	General All Blectfic					\$ 98,770			
16)	16) General Large					\$ 103,633			

SCHEDULE 8 PAGE 3 OF 4

#### Analysis of Pole Investment

#### For the Year Ended March 31, 1977

(\$000)

		Total Cost (1)	Primary Demand (2)	Primary Customer (3)	Secondary Demand .(4)	Secondary Customer (5)
.1)	Total Net Pole Cost 1977	\$ <u>51,376</u>				
2)	Primary Only 30%	\$15,412	\$ 5,702	\$ 9,710	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -
3)	50% Joint Primary	17,982	6,653	11,329	-	-
4)	50% Joint Secondary	17,982			6,653	11,329
5)	Total	\$ <u>51,376</u>	\$ 12,355	\$_21,039	\$ <u>6,653</u>	\$ <u>11,329</u>

Demand Cost 37%

Customer Cost 63%

NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORAT	MOIT
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SCHEDULE 8 PAGE 4 OF 4

#### Analysis of Wire Investment

#### For the Year Ended March 31, 1977

(\$000)

		Total Cost (1)	Primary Demand (2)	Primary Customer (3)	Secondary Demand (4)	Secondary Customer (5)
1)	Total Net Cost 1977	\$ <u>27,759</u>				
2)	Primary Only 30%	\$ 8,327	\$ 3,:414	\$ 4,913	\$ -	<b>\$</b> -
3)	50% Joint Primary	9,716	3,984	5,732	-	-
4)	50% Joint Secondary	9,716			3,984	5,732
5)	Total	\$ <u>27,759</u>	\$ <u>7,398</u>	\$10,645	\$ 3,984	\$ <u>5,732</u>

Demand Cost 41%

Customer Cost 59%

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Allocation of Rate Base For the Year Ended March 31, 1977 Coincident Peak Responsibility

						- The same of the									
		Total Co. Less Steam and Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	General Conn. Losd (3)	General (4)	(\$000) General All Electric	General c Large (6)	Industrial To 249 KVA (7)	Industrial Industrial To 249 KVA 250-3,999 KVA (7)	Industrial	Interruptible Service 1 (10)	ble Funicipal (11)	Unmetered (12)	Allocation Factors (13)	
3	Production Plant	\$173,951	\$ 71,998	\$ 1,235	\$ 38,356	\$ 14,890	\$ 3,148	\$ 1,235	\$ 10,333	\$ 21,553	"	\$ 8,228	\$ 2,975	ĭ	
2	Transmission Plant	\$ 74,568	\$ 30,864	\$ 529	\$ 16,442	\$ 6,383	\$ 1,350	\$ 529	\$ 4,430	\$ 9,239	•	\$ 3,527	\$ 1,275	፯	
2 :	Distribution Plant Land	\$ 2,505	\$ 1,803	÷ 25	\$ 341	112	\$ 22 484	<b>s</b>	\$ 72	31	e	\$ 33 \$	\$ 29		_
<b>3</b> 63	Poles	51,376	40,146	1,322	5,979	1,785	77.	591	735	216	1 '	8 2 2	573		<b>.</b>
<u> </u>	Wire - 0. H. Underground	4,246	3,300	101	504	152	្ត ន	R <b>≾</b>	6	g a		2 2 2	48	Sched. 14 Pg 1 P-1	_
8	Line Transformers	26,562	17,334	197	6,062	2,332	•	207	• 1	1	•	1	430	5 d	
6 S	Services Meters	9,200	7,066	583 783	1,488	<b>3</b>	۰ ۳	3 2	9	. 21		. ~		C-9 Sched. 15	
33	Other Street Lighting	67 8,000	8	ן ד	6 1		٦ '	•	~ 1	7 1	' '	٦ ١	8,000	P-3 Direct	
13	Total	\$166,873	\$113,123	\$ 3,206	\$ 25,543	\$ 7,829	\$ 885	\$ 711	\$ 3,125	\$ 1,365	\$ 26	\$ 1,366	\$ 9,694		20
14)	General, Intangible & Puture Die	\$ 5,945	\$ 3,091	27	\$ 1,150	\$ 416	\$ 77	\$ 36	\$ 256	\$ 460	\$	\$ 188	\$ 199	8-8	12 (
श	Total Plant in Service	\$421,337	\$219,076	\$ 5,041	\$ 81,491	\$ 29,518	\$ 5,460	\$ 2,511	\$ 18,144	\$ 32,617	\$ 27	\$ 13,309	\$ 14,143		111/
16) 17) 18)	Morking Cepital Cash-Pusl Cash Mat. 6 Supp Fuel Nat. 6 Supp Other	\$ 3,042 3,358 3,674 11,054	\$ 1,114 1,737 1,345 5,747	\$ 30 37 133	\$ 609 654 735 2,138	\$ 197 219 238 774	\$ 69 41 83	\$ 61 64 64 64 64	\$ 175 137 212 475	\$ 586 252 708 856	\$ 74 - 89	\$ 137 102 165 349	\$ 38 152 46 371	1111	CA IIV-10
20	Total	\$ 21,128	\$ 9,943	\$ 245	\$ 4,136	\$ 1,428	\$ 337	\$ 114	666 5	\$ 2,402	\$ 164	\$ 753	\$ 607		JA
713	Total Rate Base	\$442,465	\$229,019	5,286	\$ 85,627	\$ 30,946	\$ 5,797	\$ 2,625	\$ 19,143	\$ 35,019	161 3	\$ 14,062	\$ 14,750		ııacı

Allocation of Rate Base For The Year Ended March 31, 1977

Coincident Peak and Average Responsibility (8000)

		Loss Steam and Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	General Conn. Load (3)	General (4)	General All Blectrio (5)	General Large (6)	Industrial To 249 KVA (7)	Industrial 250-3,999 KVA (8)	Industrial Large (9)	Interruptible Service (10)	Municipal (11)	Unmetered (12)	Factor (13)
<b>ភ</b> ឧ គ	Production Plant Steam Sydro Gas Turbine	\$131,085 19,677 23,189	\$ 51,765 8,144 9,598	\$ 1,062 140 165	\$ 27,803 4,339 5,113	\$ 10,185 1,684 1,985	\$ 2,609 356 420	\$ 813 140 165	\$ 7,904 1,169 1,377	\$ 19,650 2,438 2,873	\$ 1,219	\$ 6,030 931 1,097	\$ 2,045 336 396	111
7	Total	\$173,951	\$ 69,507	\$ 1,367	\$ 37,255	\$ 13,854	\$ 3,385	\$ 1,118	\$ 10,450	\$ 24,961	\$ 1,219	\$ 8,058	\$ 2,777	
S	Transmission Plant	\$ 74,568	\$ 29,447	\$ 604	\$ 15,816	\$ 5,794	\$ 1,484	* 462	\$ 4,496	\$ 11,178	\$ 694	\$ 3,430	\$ 1,163	2
1	Distribution Plant		,				;	;		-				
G f	Land	\$ 2,505	\$ 1,717 \$ 525	**************************************	385	132	<b>*</b>	*	\$ 79 200	33 *	; ••	96	33	I
° 6	Poles	51,376	38,866	1,343	6,669	2,091	252	185	628	231	et .	1,014	361	Sched. 12 Pg. 2
6	Wire-O.H.	27,759	20,601	969	3,820	1,232	151	108	495	138	•	164	355	Sched. 14 Pg. 2
9	Underground	4,246	3,190	110	563	178	52	16	r r	70		23	23	P-2
33	Line Transformers	26,562	15,565	231	7,164	2,829	• (	239	<b>1</b> (	<b>d</b> 1	1	•	534	P-11
36	Meters	9.200	7.066	293	1.488	242	۱ ۳	F 51	9	1 21	1 40	. •		6-0
3	Other	67	46	7	91	₹	٠ <b>ન</b>	~	; -1	1	٠,	• -		P-4
15	Street Lighting	8,000	1	1	1	•	1	1	1	'	1		8,000	Direct
76)	Total	\$166,873	\$107,684	\$ 3,301	\$ 28,555	8 9,173	\$ 983	\$ 601	\$ 3,444	\$ 1,417	\$ 26	\$ 1,516	\$ 9,973	
(71	Gen., Intan, and Future Plant	\$ 5,945	\$ 2,957	\$ 76	\$ 1,168	\$ 413	20	\$ 34	\$ 263	\$ 537	\$ 28	\$ 186	\$ 199	P-6
8	Total Plant In Service	\$421,337	\$209,595	\$ 5,348	\$ 82,794	\$ 29,234	\$ 5,936	\$ 2,415	\$ 18,653	\$ 38,093	\$ 1,967	\$ 13,190	\$ 14,112	
	Morking Capital													
13. 20.	Cash Fuel	\$ 3,042	\$ 1,114	30	609	\$ 197	69	<b>\$</b> 13	\$ 175	\$ 586	\$ 74	\$ 137	38	<b>8-1</b>
â	Mat Supp Fuel	3,674	1,345	37	735	209 238	2 <b>.</b> 8	16 16	141	303	18	001	151	5
â	Mat. & SuppOther	11,054	5,499	140	2,172	767	156	3	490	88	2 2	346	370	īI
ŝ	Total	\$ 21,128	\$ 9,633	\$ 254	\$ 4,167	\$ 1,411	\$ 353	\$ 110	\$ 1,018	\$ 2,596	\$ 233	\$ 748	\$ 605	
2	Total Rate Base	\$442,465	\$219,228	\$ 5,602	\$ 86,961	\$ 30,645	\$ 6.289	\$ 2.525	19.671	£ 40 689	\$ 2.200	פנס נו א		
										10,000				

#### SCHEDULE 11

NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

For the Year Ending March 31, 1977 Class Non-Coincident Responsibility (\$000) Allocation of Rate Base

	P '	rocal company		,											
		And Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	Corn. Load (3)	General (4)	General All Electrio (5)	Large (6)	To 249 KVA (7)	250-3,999 XXA LANGE (8) (9)	Large (9)	Service (10)	Municipal (11)	Unmetered (12)	Factor (13)	
7	Production Plant	\$173,951	\$ 73,807	\$ 1,096	\$ 36,025	\$ 13,429	\$ 3,009	\$ 1,218	\$ 10,072	\$ 21,309	\$ 3,949	\$ 7,497	\$ 2,540	P-17	
8	Transmission Plant	\$ 74,568	\$ 31,639	\$ 470	\$ 15,443	\$ 5,757	\$ 1,290	\$ \$22	\$ 4,317	\$ 9,134	\$ 1,693	\$ 3,214	\$ 1,089	P-17	
	Distribution Plant								,	. :		;	;		
ê	Land	\$ 2,505	4 1,717	<b>3</b> 5	\$ 385	# 132	53	\$ 12	* 79	33	•	<b>*</b> 36	33	1	
Ŧ	Substations	22,941	10,526	155	5,203	2,060	532	187	1,905	979	2	1,014	195	Sched 12 Pg 2	
ŝ	Poles	51,376	38,866	1,343	6,669	2,091	252	185	878	231	•	274	637	Sched 14 Pg 2	
6	Wire - O.H.	27,759	20,601	695	3,820	1,232	1	3 3	Ç;	957	•	67		School La Page	_
5	Underground	4,246	3,190	110	263	178	22	91 9	7	2	•	23		2	
8	Line Transformers	26,562	15,565	231	7,164	2,829	•	239	•	•		•	534	41	
6	Services	14,217	10,107	419	3,253	405	•	33	•	•			•	<b>6</b>	
ĝ	Meters	9,200	7,066	293	1,488	242	~	19	9	15	•	₹ '	•	Sched 15	
î	Other	67	46	-	ឧ	•	-	~	-	-	•	-	,	I	
12	Street Lighting	9,000	1	1	1	'	1	1	1	1		1	8	Direct	
13	Total	\$166,873	\$107,684	\$ 3,301	\$ 28,555	\$ 9,173	\$ 983	\$ 801	\$ 3,444	\$ 1,417	2	\$ 1,516	\$ 9,973		4
3	14) General Intangible & Future Use .\$ 5,945	5,945	\$ 3,050	3	\$ 1,146	406	\$ 76	% %	355	\$ 456	\$ 81	\$ 175	\$ 194	ï	201.
15	15) Total Plant In Service	\$421,337	\$216,180	\$ 4,937	\$ 81,169	\$ 28,765	\$ 5,358	\$ 2,577	\$ 18,088	\$ 32,316	\$ 5,749	\$ 12,402	\$ 13,796		2 G
	Working Capital			;	;	;	•	;				:		į	NA
9	Cash - Fuel	3,042	1,114	9 9	609	197	69 *	13	138	239	45	/ST *	149	្រី	· ·
39	Mat. & Supp The	3,674	1,345	37	735	238		19	212	708	68	165	4	K-1	A
9	Mat. & Supp Other	11,054	5,672	129	2,130	755	140	67	474	848	152	325	362	ĩ	IIV
ଥି	Total	\$ 21,128	99876	\$ 239	\$ 4,116	\$ 1,402	332	\$ .115	\$ 299	\$ 2,381	\$ 360	\$ 723	\$ 595		-10.
21)	21) Total Rate Base	\$442,465	\$226,046	\$ 5,176	\$ 85,285	\$ 30,167	\$ 5,690	\$ 2,592	\$ 19,087	\$ 34,697	6,109	\$ 13,125	\$ 14,391		A
															llè

SCHEDULE 12 PAGE 1 OF 2

NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

Allocation of Distribution Substation Costs

For the Year Ended March 31, 1977

Coincident Peak Responsibility

ge Service Nunicipal Unmetered Factor ) (10) (11) (12) (13)	,645 \$ - \$ 297,752 \$ 224,508 D-7	452,936 - 316,322 - Sched 8 Pg 2	12,978 10,677 - Sched 8 Pg 2	88,789 - 94,878 71,539 D-7	120,606 7,856 231,484 - Sched 8 Fg 2	5 Schod 8 Pg 5	\$ 953,954 \$ 18,533 \$ 940,436 \$ 296,047
Industrial Industrial Industrial Interruptible TD 249 KVA 250-3,999 KVA Larys Service (7) (8) (9) (10)	\$3,356,068	123,511	826	299,348	359,244	25,257	\$1,747,617
	\$ 119,419	2,272	•	38,053	999'9	1	\$ 166,410
General Large (6)	\$ 288,198	•	•	91,634	103,833		\$ 483,865
General All Electric (4) (5)	81,251,514	•	•	396,792	96,770		\$1,749,076
		•	•	1,070,041	71,505	1	\$4,499,614
Conn. Load	\$ 101,905	•	•	32,472	•	'	134,377
Domestic (2)	\$15,922,562 \$ 9,063,122 \$ 101,905	•	•	2,887,944	•		\$22,940,995 \$11,951,066 \$ 134,377
Total Company Lass Steam And Joint (1)	\$15,922,562	895,041	24,481	5,073,690	999,964	25,257	\$22,940,995
	1) Distribution Bulk Power	2) Distr. Bulk Power Dedicated	3) Dietz. Customer Owned Bulk Power	4) Dist. General	5) Distr. Dedicated General	6) Distr. Cust. Owned General	7) Total Allocation Cost

Note: Allocations done on Customer Non-Coincident for this study.

SCHEOULE 12 PAGE 2 OF 2

NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

Allocation of Distribution Substation Costs

For the Year Ended March 31, 1977

Reak and Awarage and Class Non-Coincident Reak Responsibility

		Total Company Less Steam and Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	General Conn. Load (3)	General (4)	General All Electric (5)	General Large (6)	Industrial To 249 KVA (7)	Industrial Industrial Industrial Interruptible To 249 KVA 250-3,999 KVA Large Service (7) (8) (9) (10)	Industrial I Larys (9)	interruptible Service (10)	Municipal (11)	Unmetered (12)	Allocation Factor (13)
a	1) Distribution Bulk Fower	\$15,922,562	\$15,922,562 \$ 7,981,981 \$ 117,827	117,627	\$3,891,474	\$1,487,167	\$ 324,820	\$ 135,342	\$3,891,474 \$1,487,167 \$ 324,820 \$ 135,342 \$1,058,850 \$ 297,752	297,752		- \$ 353,481 \$ 273,868	\$ 273,868	P.13
8	2) Distr. Bulk Power Dedicated	895,041	•	•	•	•	•	2,272	123,511	452,936	•	316,322	•	Sched 8 Pg
æ	3) Distr. Customer Owned Bulk Power	24,481	•	•	•	1	1	•	926	12,978	10,677		1	- Sched 8 Pg
₹	4) Distr. General	5,073,690	2,543,441	37,545	1,240,010	473,883	103,503	43,126	337,400	94,878	•	112,636	87,268 D-13	21-0
ŝ	5) Distr. Dedicated General	999,964	•	•	71,505	96,770	103,633	999'9	359,244	120,606	7,856	231,464	•	- Sched 8 Pg
9	6) Distr. Cust. Ormed General	25,257					•		25,257	1	1			- Schod 8 Py
€ .	7) Total Allocated Cost	\$22,940,995	\$10,525,422 \$ 155,372	155,372	\$5, 202, 989	\$2,059,820	532,156	\$ 187,406	\$1,905,088	\$ 979,150	\$ 18,533	\$1,013,923	\$ 361,136	

Note: Allocations done on Class Non-Coincident for these studies.

SCHEDULE 13 & 33 PAGE 1 OF 9

NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978 Analysis of Dedicated Facilities Rate Schedule - General Service

																				4	201	Z GF	(A C	A IK-
	Annual	MWH (13)	983	2,887	3,752	1,474	3,061	2,787	1,626	583	322		8,300	3,404	98	206	11,040	765	11,389	0	209	. •		
	Annual	KW (12)	154	780	684	336	864	1,152	296	120	106		1,680	006	144	208	2,320	185	2,160	п	192			
1978	Dec.	MWH (11)	67	250	311	81	230	171	213	57	42		722	258	m	52	1,106	65	966	0	21	-		
	Dec.	KW (10)	148	720	648	264	260	1,152	558	120	104		1,620	756	114	200	2,240	134	2,000	-	100			-
		Voltage (9)	23/.6	23/.6	23/4.1	23/.2	23/.6	23	23	23	23 KV	23 KV	23 KV				•							
	Annual	, (8)										11,010	7,806									15,647	97,743	
71	Annual	) (7)										2,340	1,404	,								3,862	12,463	
1977	Dec.	<b>М</b> МН (6)										930	. 573									1,212	4,915	
	Dec.	KG( (5)										2,052	1,404	,			-		J	-		3,210	10,064	· <b>-</b> -
		Cost (4)	\$25,202	13,170	6,607	7,361	4,002							24,253	10,805	•						\$94,400		
		(3)	8	B	8	8	8	8	8	80	8	8	8	윮	8	8	8	8	80	DBP	8			
		. Customer (2)	Police Station	Bank of Montreal	N. S. Hospital	Holiday Inn	D.O.T. Marine Service	Naval Arm	Bedford Magazine	Osborne Head		CFB Shearwater V		Royal Bank	Stevers Lumber	Minas Basin Mill	Greenwood V	Greenwood Shopping	Cornwallis Base	Bowater Mill	I.M. Matheson	Total DD	Total COD	Total DBP
		Subst.	37 H	33 H	45 H	63 H	H 69	47 H	53 3	45 H	20	50-51 H	12 H	25 H	46 V	41 V	58 V	V 65	74 V	51 W	₩ 09			
			1	7	3)	4	9	9	5	8	6	ĝ	11	12)	13)	14)	15	16)	17	18)	16)	20)	21)	22)

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For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978 Rate Schedule - General - All Electric Analysis of Dedicated Facilities

			13/	J	1			19	1978	
		Dec.	Dec.	Annual	Annual		Dec.	Dec.	Annual	Annual
Code Cost		<b>3</b> (	HMH	Š	HMM	Voltage	ΚM	MMH	¥Ž.	MWH
(5)	_	<u>(</u>	(9)	9	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
DD \$ 25,20	75					23/.6	438	182	157	700
DD 21,349						237.6	080	315	TC# [	7,284
DD 30.567						23 / 60		970	1,000	4,543
000						6./67	270	701	255	2,384
00 33,279						23/.6	216	74	368	1,245
\$130,393							,	,	į	:
				,			77717	7.34	2,451	10,456

10,456

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Analysis of Dedicated Facilities
For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978
Rate Schedule - General Large

					1977					1978	78	
				Dec.	Dec.	Annual	Annual		Dec.	Dec.	Annual	Annual
Subst.	Customer	Code	Cost	K.	MMH	KW	MMH	Voltage	KW	MMH	æ.	MMH
3	(2)	(3)	(3) (4)	(5)	(9)	(2)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1) 11 н	Dock Yard	8		5,054	1,752	5,054	22,346	23 KV				
2) 28 н	2) 28 H Scotia Square	Ø	\$137,079	10,476	5,618	11,016	56,027	23/.6				
3) 24,27,30												
31,32 H	Dalhousie	8	Cust.	4,752	2,576	4,752	30,144	23. KV			.•	
	Total DD		\$137,079	10,476	5,618	11,016	56,027		÷.			
5)	Total COD			908'6	4,328	908,6	52,490			•		

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NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978 Analysis of Dedicated Facilities

				Rate	Schedule -	Rate Schedule - Industrial to 249KVA	to 249KVA	:				
					19	1977				1978	78	
				Dec.		Annual	Annual		Dec.	Dec.	Annual	Annual
Subst.	. Customer	Code	Cost	×	HMH	KW	MWH	Voltage	ΚW	MMH	ΚW	MWH
3		(3)	(4)	(2)	· (9)	(2)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(E)	(12)	(13)
44 C	44 C Bd. of Ed. Little River DBP	r DBP	\$3,000					97/69	603	Ŋ	612	847
24 N	C. E. Harrisons Mill	8	8,801	189	93	205	291	24/.6				
	Total DD		\$8,801	189	30	205	291		-			
	dan later		\$3,000	603	ď	612	847		603	ď	612	847

847

SCHEDULE 13 & 3

PAGE 5 OF 9

NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

Analysis of Dedicated Facilities

For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978 Rate Schedule - Industrial 250-3,999 KVA

						1977	7,				1978	82	
					Dec.	Dec.	Annual	Annual		Dec.	Dec.	Annual	Annual
	3ubst. (1)	Customer (2)	(3)	Cost (4)	(S)	ммн (6)	, KW	MWH (8)	Voltage (9)	KW (10)	ммн (11)	KW (12)	MWH (13)
_	18 C	Canso Seafoods	90	2,000	1,584	746	1,584	8,046	23 KV	1,562	634	1,642	8,910
	ບ (9	Evans Coal	8		252	30	252	269	25/2.3	280	26	320	352
. ~	13 C	Georgia Pacific 6B	DBPD	_					9./69	320	62	336	652
	45 C	Georgia Pacific	8	17,472					25/.6	512	32	512	308
23	43 C	Dept. of Environment	DBPD	6,228	`				9./69	969	271	096	4,031
.6	м 06	C.O.T.C (Tellstake)	8	176,265	684	344	869	4,207	24/4.16	653	344	970	4,192
_	114 H	National Gypsum	8	36,016					23/2.3	696	112	1,480	2,146
8	102 H	Pockwock Pumps	DBPD						69/4.16	1,280	752	1,840	7,116
6	13 ::	Halifax Shipyard	8	ı	2,304	1,064	2,376	8,988	23	2,560	776	2,640	7,396
6	99	River Herbert Coal	8	9,004	261	49	270	586	23/2.4	297	43	306	514
7	18 N	111	44 COBP	1,091	749	143	916	1,432	69				
3	N 65	Maritime Stecl	8	•	713	113	745	985	24	1,044	118	1,158	1,318
3	63 N	Thorborn Mine	000		551	95	. 919	239	23	551	115	583	1341
4	23 N	Christy Crops	8	10,805	. 6	54	97	750	24/.6				
ŝ	39 V	Fundy Gypsum - Hansport	8	•	691	38	206	5,376	23	864	43	912	629
6	37. V	Pundy Gypsum - W.	00	•	1,044	188	1,116	2,440	23	1,040	64	1,680	2,928
5	38 V	Fundy Gypsum - Man.	8	,	576	146	648	1,660	23	720	154	800	2,140
æ	71 V	United Elastics	20	14,254	691	131	763	2,173	23/.6	840	214	936	2,511
6	23 V	DND Newport Corner	S		846	.574	972	7,439	23	1,200	904	1,280	9,840
6	83-84 V	_	800	,	1,123	379	1,253	3,966	23	1,368	271	1,392	4,023
ä	32-33 V	/ Dresser Minerals	COD	•	1,584	636	1,728	7,296	23	1,760	652	1,920	8,232
ล	18 н	National HB In Bd.	00		1,584	284	2,304	4,272	23	2,080	332	2,560	4,092
3	19 H	National HB Pin C.	8		594	252	702	2,682	23	720	363	1,020	3,354
4	76 н	Dover Mills	8		792	399	846	4,413	23	1,020	361	1,020	4,571
3	46 H	National Gypsum	90		792	66	846	651	23	096	79	1,100	1,083
6	н э9	Dart. Marine Ships	8		828	222	900	2,560	23	760	172	1,200	2,630
2	61 н	Moosehead	8		742	307	821	3,770	23	880	294	096	3,738
8	55 H	City of Dartmouth	8	16,547	497	192	208	2,890	23/.6	456	509	504	2,828
6	Н 19	Hermie Electronics	8	14,287	108	20	324	691	23/.6	152	. 17	192	216
6	74 H	Maritime Paper	0	10,237	547	300	619	3,073	23/.6	752	286	912	3,299
a	71 H	Phillips Cables	8	22,313	216	17	288	256	23/.6	136	16	304	199

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NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

Analysis of Dedicated Facilities For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978

Rate Schedule-Industrial 250-3,999 KVA

		MWH (13)				C. C. C.						2,825	-	76 4,864							
1978	. Annual	KW (12)				1,560						010/2		1,176				٠.		•	
	Dec	MWH (11)				372					נוא			342							
	Dec.	ie KW (10)				1,560			5		1.512			1,104		•			٠.		
		Voitage (9)						23/.6	5 69/12.5					1 23		ml		s	4		<b>~</b> 1
	Annua	MWii (8)				2,668			1,445		7.185			•		•	117,534	37,675		65,183	1,432
1977	Annual	¥2(7)	732			1,224		CNE BILL	999		1,814			648	8	'	34,279	11,534			916
	Dec.	ЖМН (6)				375	!	CONE	15	NOV 76				,			11,704	3,227		7,234	143
	Dec.	Κ.Υ. (5)	780		77077	1,188			45	CLOSED DOWN -	1,685		648	562	25,960	3,391	29,351	9,480	2,111	17,011	749
		cost (4)	907.81		7	6,936	000'4	٦	7		31,84		0 44,499	0 1,500				\$ 474,268	\$ 186,758	\$ 33,344	1,091
		Ccde (3)	and C	works was		aying-OP DD	Municipal Spraying-Asphalt DD	ing-Crusher DD	ile Mine DBPD	COBP	08	e Airport COD	Prod. DD		1977 Portion	1978 Portion	Total		v)	v)	
		Justomer (2)	Sivaco Maritime	Total Sant - Take Main	To Total	Municipal Spraying-OP	Wunicipal Spra	Municipal Straying-Crusher	Kaizer Celestile Mine	Kaizer	Dev. Co. P.C.	Greenwood Base Airport	National Sea Prod.	Devco Shops				Tc'al DD	Total DBP	Total COD	Total COBP
		Subst.	75 H	70 #		 	31 н	82 H	59 S	30 s	34 S	61 V	63 S	21 S						·	
			_			_	-	-			_	=	$\Box$	~	8	=	16	- 3	5	=	-

SCHEDULE 13 & 3 PAGE 7 OF 9

OVA SCUTIA POWER CORPORATION

Analysis of Dedicated Facilities

For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978 Rate Schedule - Industrial Large

	Annual		(13)	17,123	37,770	61,020	24,636	72,366	46,401	37,332	227,485	56,557	79,408	148,016	27,396	37,770	604,089	ı	156,319	37,332	835,510
	Annual	KW	(12)	3,872	7,488	14,166	7,020	15,818	6,738	8,856	38,062	9,180	10,602	18,662	6,642	7,488	99,122	1	31,640	8,856	147,106
1978	Dec.	MENT	(11)	1,311	3,109	5,501	2,058	2,814	3,692	2,688	15,641	4,767	6,217	12,943	1,872	3,109	47,363		9,453	2,688	62,433
	Dec.	3.	(10)	3,380	6,192	11,281	6,372	4,500	6,468	5,400	. 889 . 62	7,920	10,125	17,958	6,642	6,192	85,272	•	19,062	5,400	115,926
		Voltage	(6)	9./69	22/6.6	138/23	6.9/69	69	138/12.5	69	138/13.8	138	138/12.5	69/13.8	69	•	-				
	Annual	MMH	(8)	17,702	23,744	71,740	20,652	134,988	43,597	41,232	257,426	51,586	76,645	149,554	25,794	23,744	637,316	•	212,368	41,232	914,660
	Annual	KW	(2)	3,607	7,488	17,642	969′9	20,430	6,513	7,776	46,051	8,983	10,107	20,067	13,860	7,488	110,683		43,273	7,776	169,220
1977	Dec.	HALL	(9)	1,431	2,976	6,211	1,836	13,398	3,435	3,480	18,980	4,922	6,125	11,914	2,097	2,976	49,932	•	20,417	3,480	76,805
	Dec.	χį	(5)	3,607	6,912	12,710	969'9	20,430	6,054	7,560	40,352	8,511	9,891	17,412	4,698	6,912	96,722		33,639	7,560	144,833
		Cost	(4)	\$113,176	159,222	•	7,884	17,132	73,055	•	, <b>•</b> ,		86,419	317,424	•	\$159,222	\$597,958	i	\$ 17,132	·	\$774,312
		Code	(3)	DBP	ន	DBP	DBP	COBP	DBP	g		COBP	DBP	DBP	COBP						
	•	. Clastomer	(2)	1) 121329 W Dominion Textile	Devoo #26	Sysco	Lingan Mine	A.E.C.L. G.B.	Michelin BW	Masonite Canada	Nova Scotia Forest Ind.	Gulf Oil - Pt. Tupper	Michelin Granton	Canso Chem.	Canada Cement	rotal DD	Total DBP	Sotal COD	Total COBF	Total COT	
		Subst.	.Ţ)	1) 121329 W	2) 26 5	3) 869 5	_	5) 19 S	6) 74 W	7) 85 W	8) 47 C	9) 46 C		11) 52 N		13)	14)	15)	16)	17)	

Analysis of Dedicated Facilities
For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978
Rate Schedule - Interruptible

9	Annual KW	(12)	•	
0101	Dec.	(11)	•	
-	Dec.			
	Voltage	23 KV		
	Annual MWH (8)	16,134	16,134	15,898
1977	Annua l KW (7)			
Ĭ	Dec. MWH (6)	739	739	352
	Dec. KW (5)			
	Code Cost (3) (4)	\$10,372 14,096	\$10,372	\$14,096
	Code (3)	COBP		
	Customer (2)	1) 8.9,47,48 V Minas Basin 2) 53 N Scott Paper	Total DD	Total COBP
	Subst. (1)	1) 8,9,47,48 V 2) 53 N	3)	₹

Annual MWH (13)

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PAGE	9	OF	9		

NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 and 1978 Rate Schedule - Municipal Analysis of Dedicated Facilities

						1977	77				1978	œ	
					Dec.	Dec.	Annual	Annual		Dec.	Dec.	Annual	Annual
	Subst.		Od	Cost	M.	MWH	ΚM	HMM	Voltage	KW	MMM	ΧM	MMH
	<u>.</u>	(2)	œ_	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
î	52 V		DBP	\$52,593	2,419	1,099	2,549	13,272	69/4.1				
8	77 V	Conway (Digby C.P.B.)	DBP	83,310	17,755	7,200	17,755	70,999	69/12.4				
ŝ	53 V		8		6,624	3,456	7,704	43,688	23 KV				
4	₩ 9/	Manome Bay	DBP	84,172	1,275	592	1,275	5,741	69/4.1				
2	81,82 W	i Lunenburg	DBP	197,528	7,351	3,391	8,168	36,998	69/12.4				
6	6,7,8 C	6,7,8 C Antigonish	g	305,601	8,911	4,422	9,130	43,879	23/4.1				
5		Total DP		\$305,601	8,911	4,422	9,130	43,879					
8		Total COD		. 1	6,624	3,456	7,704	43,688		:			
6		Total DBP		\$417,603	28,800	12,282	29,747	127,010					•

SCHEDULE 14 PAGE 1 OF 2

#### Allocation of Pole and Wire Investment

#### For the Year Ended March 31, 1977

#### Coincident Peak Responsibility

(\$000)

		Total Cost (1)	Primary Demand D-7 (2)	Primary Customers C-5 (3)	Secondary Demand D-5 (4)	Secondary Customers C-3 (5)
	Poles					
1)	Domestic	\$40,146	\$ 7,032	\$18 <b>,</b> 699	\$ 4,342	\$10,073
2)	General Conn. Load	1,322	79	776	49	418
3)	General	5,979	2,606	1,206	1,518	649
4)	General All Electric	1,785	971	150	584	80
5)	General Large	224	224	_	-	-
6)	Industrial to 249 KVA	165	93	13	52	7
7)	Industrial 250-3,999 KVA	735	729	6	-	-
8)	Industrial Large	216	216	-		-
9)	Interruptible	-	-	-	-	-
10)	Municipal	231	231	_	-	-
11)	Unmetered	<u> 573</u>	174	189	108	102
12)	Total Company	\$51,376	\$12,355	\$21,039	\$ 6,653	\$11,329
	Wire					
13)	Domestic	\$21,368	\$ 4,211	\$ 9 <b>,461</b>	\$ 2,600	\$ 5,096
14)	General Conn. Load	681	47	393	29	212
15)	General	3,407	1,560	610	909	328
16)	General All Electric	1,049	582	· 76	350	41
17)	General Large	134	134	-		-
18)	Industrial to 249 KVA	96	56	6	31	. 3
19)	Industrial 250-3,999 KVA	440	437	3	-	-
20)	Industrial Large	129	129	-	~	-
21)	Interruptible	-	-	-	-	-
22)	Municipal	138	138	-	-	_
23)	Unmetered	317	104	96	65	52
24)	Total Company	\$27,759	\$ 7,398	\$10,645	\$ 3,984	\$_5,732

SCHEDULE 14 PAGE 2 OF 2

#### Allocation of Pole and Wire Investment

#### For the Year Ended March 31, 1977

#### Coincident Peak and Average and Non-Coincident

(\$000)

			Primary	Primary	Secondary	Secondary
		Total	Demand	Customers	Demand	Customers
	• .	Cost	D-13	C-5	D-11	C-3
		(1)	[(2)	(3)	(4)	(4)
	Poles					
1)	Domestic	\$38,866	\$ 6,194	\$18,700	\$ 3,899	\$10,073
2)	Gen. Conn. Load	1,343	91	776	58	418
3)	General	6,669	3,020	1,206	1,794	649
4)	General All Electric	2,091	1,154	149	708	80
5)	General Large	252	252	-	-	-
6)	Industrial to 249 KVA	185	105	13	60	7
7)	Industrial 250-3,999 KVA	8 <b>28</b>	822	6	-	_
8)	Industrial Large	231	231	-	_	-
9)	Interruptible	_	_	-	-	-
10)	Municipal	274	274	-	-	-
11)	Unmetered	637	212	189	134	102
12)	Total Company	\$51,376	\$12,355	\$21,039	\$ <u>6,653</u>	\$ <u>11,329</u>
	Wire					
13)	Domestic	\$20,601	\$ 3,709	\$ 9,461	\$ 2,335	\$ 5,096
14)	Gen. Conn. Load	695	55	393	35	212
15)	General	3,820	1,808	610	1,074	328
16)	General All Electric	1,232	691	76	424	41
17)	General Large	151	151	-	-	· _
. 18)	Industrial to 249 KVA	108	63	6	36	3
19)	Industrial 250-3,999 KVA	495	492	3	-	-
20)	Industrial Large	138	138	-	-	_
22)	Interruptible	_	-	. <del>-</del>	-	-
23)	Municipal	164	164	-	-	-
24)	Unmetered	355	127	96	80	52
25)	Total Company	\$27,759	\$ <u>7,398</u>	\$10,645	\$ 3,984	\$ 5,732

SCHEDULE 15

### Analysis of Meter Investment

For the Year Ended March 31, 1977

		Customers (1)		Unit Meter Cost (2)	Total Cost (3)	Percent (4)	Allocated Meter Cost (5)
1)	Domestic	257,891	\$	34:00	\$ 8,768,294	76.80	\$7,065,783
2)	General Conn. Load	10,710		34.00	364,140	3.19	293,488
3)	General	16,627		111.00	1,845,597	16.17	1,487,678
4)	General All Electric	2,069		145.00	300,005	2.63	241,966
5)	General Large	3		657.00	1,971	0.02	1,840
6)	Industrial To 249 KVA	166		145.00	24,070	0.21	19,321
7)	Industrial 250-3,999 KVA	124		657.00	81,468	0.71	65,322
8)	Industrial Large	14	1	,338.00	18,732	0.16	14,720
9)	Interruptible	6	1	,338.00	8,028	0.07	6,440
10)	Municipal	8		520.00	4,160	0.04	3,680
11)	Unmetered	2,623			-		<del></del> .
12)	Total	290,241			\$11,416,465	100.00	\$9,200,238

### SCHEDULE 16

### Revenue Analysis

### For the Years Ended March 31, 1977

(\$000)

		Total (1)	Discounts R-3 (2)	Sub-Total	Percent of Total (4)	Other (5)	Total (6)
1) 2) 3)	Domestic Gen. Conn. Load	\$ 77,108 2,293 47,582	\$ 842 21 152	\$ 77,950 2,314 47,734	39.28 1.17 24.05	\$ 2,610 77 1,598	\$ 80,560 2,391
4)	General General All Electric	13,394	36	13,430	6.77	1,598 450	49,332 13,880
5)	General Large	3,275	2	3,277	1.65	110	3,387
6)	Ind. to 249 KVA	1,187	-	1,187	.60	40	1,227
7)	Ind. 250-3,999 KVA	9,467	-	9,467	4.77	317	9,784
8)	Ind. Large	27,319	241	27,560	13.89	923	28,483
9)	Interruptible	2,983	5	2,988	1.50	100	3,088
10)	Municipal	7,082	61	7,143	3.60	239	7,382
11)	Unmetered	5,390	3	<u>5,393</u>	2.72	<u> 180</u>	<u>5,573</u>
12)	Total	\$ <u>197,080</u>	\$ <u>1,363</u>	\$ <u>198,443</u>	100.00	\$ 6,644	\$205,087
13)	Glace Bay - Steam	\$ 8,300					
14)	Tupper - Joint	17,868					
15)	Mersey	1,476					
16)	Total	\$ 27,644					
17)	Discounts	\$ 1,363					
18)	Grants	\$ 5,000					
19)	Other	1,644					
20)	Total	\$ 6,644					
21)	Merchandise & Jobbing	\$ <u>2,149</u>					
22)	Total	\$ <u>234,880</u>					

SCHEDULE 17

### Analysis Of Operating Cost For Glace Bay Steam,

### And Point Tupper Steam And Electric And

### Bowater Mersey Electric Sales

For The Year Ended March 31, 1977

(\$000)

		Total Company (1)	Glace Bay (2)	Point Tupper (3)	Bowater Mersey (4)	Total Other (5)
	Production Fuel			•		
1)	Mersey System	\$ 14	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13	\$ 1
2)	Other Hydro	39	-	-	-	39
3)	Gas Turbines	3,918	-	- AEC	-	3,918 530
4)	Pt. Tupper Unit 1	6,986	0 1/2	6,456	_	8,264
5)	Glace Bay	17,407	9,143	_	_	4,288
6)	Water Street	4,288	_	_	_	42,289
7)	Other Steam	42,289	<u>_</u>			42,209
8)	Total Fuel	\$ 74,941	\$ 9,143	\$ 6,456	\$ 13	\$ 59,329
	Production Opr. Cost				4 470	
9)	Mersey	\$ 590	\$ -	\$ ~	<b>\$ 47</b> 8	\$ 112
10)	Other Hydro	2,007	-	.=	-	2,007
11)	Gas Turbines	472	-	2 415	_	472 <b>92</b> 9
12)		3,344	2.216	2,415	-	2,021
13)	Glace Bay	4,237	2,216	-	_	2,934
14)	Water Street	2,934	· <b>-</b>	-	_	10,560
15)	Other Steam	10,560				10,500
16)	Total Opr. Cost	\$ 24,144	\$ 2,216	\$ 2,415	\$ 478	\$ 19,035
17)	Purchased Power Fuel	\$ 1,807	\$ <b>-</b>	* <b>-</b>	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 1,807
18)	Purchased Power Other	\$ 3,421	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,421
19)	Transmission Expense	\$ 2,051	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,051
	Distribution Expense	4			•	A 1 135
20)	Land	\$ 1,135	<b>\$</b> -	\$ <del>-</del>	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ 1,135
21)	Substations	1,872	-	-	-	1,872
22)	Overhead Lines	2,403	-	-	-	2, <b>4</b> 03
23)	U. G. Lines	133 812	-	-	_	812
24)	Line Transformers	1,249	_	_	_	1,249
25)	Services	767	_	_	_	767
26)	Neters	926	_		_	926
27)	Cust. Serv. & Contracts	806	_	_	_	806
28)	Cust. Premise Communications	502	_	-	_	502
29)		1,325	_	_	_	1,325
30)	Street Lights	1,323				
31)	Total Distribution	\$ 11,930	\$ -	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$ 11,930
	Customer Accounting	6 3 170	ć	ė	ė -	6 2 170
32)	Billing	\$ 3,178	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ -	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ 3,178
33)	Customer Serv.	1,026	-	-	-	1,026
34)	Credit & Collection	868	<del></del>	<del></del>		868
351	Total Cust. Acct.	\$ 5,072	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$ 5,072
36)	Customer Relations & Info.	\$ 546	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 546
37)	Administration & General	\$ 4,978	\$ 250	\$ 636	\$ 287	\$ 3,805
38)	Depreciation Expense	\$ 19,497	\$ 553	\$ 469	\$ 396	\$ 18,079
39)	Grants In Lieu Of Taxes	\$ 2,954	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 2,954
40)	Total Cost	\$151,341	\$ 12,162	\$ 9,976	\$ 1,174	\$128,029

### SCHEDULE 18

NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION
Classification of Operating Cost
For the Year Ended March 31, 1977
(\$000)

		Total	Coincident	Peak And	Class N.C.	Customer					
		Company (1)	Peak	Average (3)	Peak (4)	N.C. Peak	Energy (6)	Customer (7)	Revenue (8)	Ddrect (9)	As Other (10)
	Production Expenses	;									
2 5	Fuel	\$ 74,941	' ;	i ;	' ;	ı u	\$ 59,329			\$ 15,612	ı
3 6	steam operating	21,072	15,444	10,444	15,444	• 1	• 1	• 1		4,631	•
3 (	nyaro operating	4,000	61117		4,113	•		•		•	
7	Durchase Poser Fire!	1.807	7/*	•	, ·	•	1.807	• •	•	,	•
3	Purchase Power Other	3,421	3,421	3,421	3,421	•	'	•	•	•	•
;											
5	Total	\$104,313	\$ 22,456	\$ 19,865	\$ 22,456	4	\$ 61,136			\$ 20,721	\$
8	Transmission Expenses	\$ 2,051	\$ 2,051	\$ 2,051	\$ 2,051	•		•		•	•
	Distribution Expenses										
9	Land	\$ 1,135	•	•	•	•	*	·	•	ا ب	\$ 1,135
9	Substations	1,872	1	•	•	1	•	٠	•	•	1,872
Ê	Overhead Lines	2,403	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	2,403
15	U.G. Lines	133	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	133
£	Line Transformers	812	•	•	812	812	•	•	•	•	•
3	Services	1,249	•	•	•	•	•	1,249	•	•	•
13	Meters	797	•	•	•	•	•	,	•	167	•
16)	Cust. Serv. & Contracts	926	•	•	•	•	•	93	•	833	•
5	Cust. Premise	906	•	•	•	•	•	81	•	725	•
18)	Communications	205	•	•	203	205	•	•	•	• ;	•
<b>6</b> 7	Street Lights	1,325	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1,325	•
ŝ	Total	\$ 11,930	•	5	\$ 1,314	\$ 1,314	•	\$ 1,423	4	\$ 3,650	5,543
Ξ,	Customer Accounting	8 3.178	4	6	4	i	•	8 3.178	•		
5	Customer Service	1.026	•	•		•	•	פנג	•	316	•
ŝ	Credit & Collections	898		1	'	1	'	27.		591	1
₹	Total	\$ 5,072	·	5	1	5	\$	\$ 4,165	5	\$ 907	5
3	(5) Customer Relations a Info:	\$ 546	•	•	•		1	\$ 346	•	•	•
9	(6) Administrative & General	\$ 4,978	•	•	•		ı ••			\$ 1,173	\$ 3,805
2	17) <u>Depreciation</u>	\$ 19,497		•	•	1		•		\$ 1,418	\$ 18,079
82	28) Grants In Lieu of Taxes	\$ 2,954	<u>'</u>	<u>'</u>	1		1	•		1	\$ 2,954
62	Total Cost	\$151,341	\$ 24,507	\$ 21,916	\$ 25,821	\$ 1,314	\$ 61,136	\$ 6,134	50	\$ 27,869	\$ 30,381
<u>9</u>	Total Revenue	\$202,440	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	40	5	\$202,440	\$

SCH	19

MOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION
Allocation of Operating Costs
For the Year Ended March 31, 1977
Coincident Peak Responsibility
(\$000)

	Total Company Inne Steam		General		General	General	Industrial	Industrial I	Industrial 1	Industrial Interruptible	•		
	and Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	Com. Load	General (4)	All Electric (5)		To 249 KVA (7)	250-3,999 KVA (8)	(9)	<b>Service</b> (10)	Municipal (11)	Unmetered (12)	<b>Fa</b> cto <b>r</b> (13)
Production Cost													
ruel	\$ 59,329	\$ 21,726	\$ 593	\$ 11,872	3,838	\$ 1,347	\$ 261	\$ 3,417	\$ 11,427	\$ 1,442	<b>2</b> ,664	\$ 742	
Operating	19,035	7,879	et.	/6T**	11029	9	n a	100	348	* *	3	3,5	1
Purchased Power - Fuel Purchased Power - Other	3.421	1,416	7 P	754	293	62	24	203	424	<b>'</b>	162	59	ī
										707	100		
Total Production	\$ 83,592	\$ 31,683	\$ 770	\$ 17,185	\$ 5,877	\$ 1,795	\$ 428	4,855	\$ 14,557	11.480	3,807	\$ 1,149	
Transmission Operating Cost	\$ 2,051	849	<b>*</b>	<b>\$</b> 452	\$ 175	37	<b>*</b> 15	\$ 122	\$ 254	•	91	\$ 35	ï
Distribution Operating Cost								,	;		;		,
Icand	\$ 1,135	\$ 817	\$ 24	\$ 154	15 ?	• •		£ 5	* 14	i -	15	# 13	7 2
Substations	1,872	676	3 5	9	7	? :	3 •	2 %	2	• •	:=		Ĉ Ā
Cernead Lines	133	103	1 "	16	g vn	;-	. 1	7	1	•	1 -	; <b>-</b>	1
Line Transformers	812	230	φ	185	ָנ	•	7	•	•	•	•	13	5
Services	1,249	888	37	286	35	•	n	•	•	•	•	•	<b>6</b>
Meters	167	289	7.	124	2	1	6	'n	٦	7	-	•	Schedule 15
Customer Service & Contracts	976	833	34	25	φ	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	
Customer Premise	908	725	53	46	ø	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Schedule 23
Communications	205	286	m	186	33	<b>o</b>	•	8	6	•	6	7	7
Street Light	1,325	'	1	1	'	1		'	1	1	'	1,325	Direct
Total Distribution	\$ 11,930	\$ 7,614	232	\$ 1,621	\$ 462	20	\$	\$ 249	\$ 113	7	\$ 114	\$ 1,410	•
Customer Accounting	•				9	•	4	•	•	•	•	¥	5
Contoner Service	1.026		9	210	78	•	. 6	· •		•	• •		Schedule 24
Credit & Collection	868	562	8	218	88	1	7	'		1	'		
Total Customer Accounting	\$ 5,072	\$ 3,512	\$ 137	\$ 1,141	\$ 175	<u>'</u>	\$ TT	\$ 14	\$	, ,	2	\$ 72	
Customer Relations & Information	₩ \$ 546	\$ 485	50 *	33	*		T *		•	1 4		s,	3
Administrative & General	\$ 3,805	\$ 1,968	\$ 21	\$ 742	\$ 248	<b>9</b>	77	<b>\$</b> 156	\$ 285		\$ 115	\$ 172	เ
Depreciation	\$ 16,079	\$ 9,399	\$ 217	\$ 3,497	\$ 1,266	\$ 235	\$ 109	1117	\$ 1,399	°7	\$ 571	<b>\$</b>	ĩ
Grants in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 2,954	\$ 1,536	35	\$ 571	\$ 207	39	\$ 18	\$ 127	\$ 229	1	2	\$	'n
Total Cost	\$128,029	\$ 57,046	\$ 1,477	\$ 25,240	8,414	\$ 2,222	\$ 652	\$ 6,300	\$ 16,839	\$ 1,492	\$ 4,798	\$ 3,549	710
Total Revenue	\$205,087	\$ 80,560	\$ 2,391	\$ 49,332	\$ 13,880	3,387	\$ 1,227	\$ 9,784	\$ 28,483	\$ 3,088	\$ 7,382	\$ 5,573	Schodule 16
Return	\$ 77,058	\$ 23,514	914	\$ 24,092	5,466	\$ 1,165	575	\$ 3,484	\$ 11,644	\$ 1,596	2,584	\$ 2,024	
Rate of Return	17.42	10.27	17.29	28.14	17.66	20,10	21.90	18.20	33,25	835.60	28.38	13.72	CII
Percentage of Average	100.00	58.96	99.25	161.54	101.38	115.39	125.72	104.48	190.87	4,796.79	105.51	78.76	

2age 78 of 89 SCH. 20

NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

Allocation of Orerating Cost For the Year Ended March 31, 1977

Coincident Peak and Average (\$000)

		Loss Steam		General		General	U	Industrial	Industrial	Industrial	Industrial Industrial Interruptible	6		
		and Joint (1)	Domestio (2)	Conn. Load (3)	d General	All Electric (5)	: Large (6)	To 249 KVA (7)	250-3,999 KVA (8)	A Large (9)	Service (10)	Municipel (11)	Unmetered (12)	Factor (13)
	Production Cost		;											
ដ ខ	Fuel	\$ 59,329	\$ 21,726	\$ 593	- -	\$ 3,838	\$ 1,347	\$ 261	\$ 3,417	\$ 11,427	\$ 1,442	\$ 2,664	\$ 742	£-1
9 6	Operating Press - Fiel	1 807	11641	154 154	4,037	L,4/9	2/2	817	1,148	2,853	771	876	297	Ξ'
÷	Furchased Power - Other	3,421	1,351	78		266	<b>1</b> 89	° 17	508 508	513	32 6	187	22	I 2
; ;													6	ŝ
2	Total Production		뤼		1	7	\$ 1,835	\$ <b>4</b> 08	7	\$ 15,141	\$ 1,695	\$_3,778	\$ 1,114	
9	Transmission Operating Cost	\$ 2,051	\$ 810	\$ 17	.\$ 435	\$ 159	\$	\$ 13	\$ 124	\$ 307	\$ 19	\$ 94	\$ 32	43
	Distribution Operating Cost													
5	Land	\$ 1,135	\$ 778	\$ 24	\$ 175	09 *	\$ 11	υ •	\$ 36	\$ 15	1 •>	\$ 16	\$ 15	I
6	Substations	1,872	859	<b>ព</b>		168	<b>4</b> 3	<b>51</b>	155	<b>8</b>	8	83	29	6 <b>8</b> 4
6	Overhead Lines	2,403	1,807	62	r,	10 <b>1</b>	21 .	σ (	<b>9</b>	ជ	•	ដ	30	7
9	U. G. Lines	77	,	ור	9 ;	ָי מ	-1	7 1	-	•	•	-	7	7
3	Line Transformers	1 349	4 / 0	, נ	213	/8	• 1		•	•	•	•	16	0-11
(7:	Services	667/7	98	à à	987	<b>9</b> 8	•	<b>7</b> (					1	<b>6</b>
<u> </u>	Neters	/9/	666	* :	124	8, 4	•	ν,	'n	-	-	-	•	Schedule 15
£ :	Customer Serv. & Cont.	976	829	5 6	76	۰ م	•	4	•	•		•	•	
<u> </u>	Customer Premise	9 6	67	₹,	•	; م	٠:	. •	٠:		•	•	٠	Schedule 23
9 ;	Communications	205	707	•	77	•	27	•	33	<b>o</b> n	•	เ	σ	13
13	Street Lights	1,325		'	'	<b>'</b>	<b>'</b>	<b>'</b>	1	<b>'</b>	'		1,325	Direct
19)	Total Distribution	\$ 11,930	\$ 7,305	\$ 237	\$ 1,786	\$ 537	\$ 77	\$ 48	\$ 270	\$ 116	S S	\$ 125	\$ 1,426	2
	Customer Accounting					,								201
19)	Billing	\$ 3,178	\$ 2,213	\$ 87	•	68 \$		۸۰ ۲۰	01 '	п, «	T \$	1 \$	\$ 56	2
6 (	Customer Service Credit & Collection	1,025 868	562	2 8	218	<b>8</b> 8		n 1-	• 1	- 1			13	Schedul 24
Ì			l											czent means
<b>5</b> 5	Total Customer Accounting	\$ 5,072	\$ 3,512	\$ 137	\$ 1,141	\$ 175	<u>'</u>	\$ 17	\$ 14	\$	\$ 1	<sup>7</sup>	\$ 72	<b>A</b> (
<b>23</b>	Customer Redations & Information	on \$ 546	\$ 485	\$	\$ 31	<b>4</b>	1 \$5	T \$	ι •>	, ,	1 •>	•	\$	CA I
34)	Administrative & General	\$ 3,805	\$ 1,898	\$ 54	\$ 738	\$ 237	\$ 21	\$	\$ 160	\$ 343	\$ 21	\$ 113	\$ 170	IR
<b>3</b> 2)	Depreciation	\$ 18,079	\$ 8,992	\$ 230	\$ 3,552	\$ 1,255	\$ 255	\$ 103	\$ 801	\$ 1,634	\$ 85	\$ 266	\$ 606	-18 1
<b>36</b> )	Grants in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 2,954	\$ 1,469	38	\$ 580	\$ 205	\$ 42	\$ 17	\$ 131	\$ 267	\$ 14	\$ 92	\$	3 A
(12	Total Cost	\$128,029	\$ 55,727	\$ 1,526	\$ 25,260	\$ 8,272	\$ 2,301	\$ 627	\$ 6,375	\$ 17,810	\$ 1,838	\$ 4,769	\$ 3,524"	Atta
38)	Total Revenue	\$205,087	\$ 80,560	\$ 2,391	\$ 49,332	\$ 13,880	\$ 3,387	\$ 1,227	\$ 9,784	\$ 28,483	\$ 3,088	\$ 7,382	\$ 5,573	Schedule 16
29)	Return	\$ 77,058	\$ 24,833	\$ 865	\$ 24,072	\$ 5,608	\$ 1,086	\$	\$ 3,409	\$ 10,673	\$ 1,250	\$ 2,613	\$ 2,049	me
8	Rate of Return	17.42	11,33	15.44	27.68	18,30	17.27	23.76	17.33	26.23	56.82	18.75	13,92	nt 3
31)	Percentage of Average	100,00	65.04	88,63	158.90	105.05	99.14	136.40	99.48	150,57	326.18	107.64	19.91	3 Pa

Class Non-Coincident Peak Responsibility (\$000) For the Year Ended March 31, 1977 Allocation of Operating Costs

													2 22	23			2	201	2	GF	RA	CA	\ II	R-1	83	Att	acl	ıme	nt	3 Pa	age	79 86	of 8	39	
	(13)	12	1	P-17		71-0	2	[ ]	2	2	1 3	Cahada			P-13	Direct		;	Schedule	Schedule		ខ	ទិ	ĩ	ī		Schedule 1			3 Pa		عد	л.	2]	_
	(12)	\$ 742	278	S	\$ 1,092	<b>⇔</b> .	;	5 F2	30	~	16		•	•	0	1,325	\$ 1,426	•	, 13		\$ 72	٠ <u>٠</u>	\$ 169	\$ 591	97	\$ 3,482	\$ 5,573	\$ 2,091	14.53	83.41					
	(11)	\$ 2,664	836 18	150	\$ 3,731	8	,	* To	ដ	-	•	۱ -	٠,	•	ដ	1	125	•	4 1	1	s T	; •	\$ 109	\$ 531	# 87	4,674	\$ 7,382	\$ 2,708	20.63	118.43					
Interruptibl	(10)	\$ 1,442	432	2	\$ 1,996	\$	•	•	•	•	•		• •	•	•			•	1 1 0	1	\$	•	\$ 51	\$ 248	\$	\$ 2,385	\$ 3,088	703	11.51	66.07					
Ž	66	\$ 11,427	2,235	405	\$ 14,412	\$ 241	:	4 8 •	<b>1</b>	-	1 1	٠-	٠,	•	o		117	•	4 F	' '	7	•	\$ 271	\$ 1,387	\$ 227	\$ 16,657	\$ 28,483	\$ 11,826	34.08	195.64					
Industrial	(8)	\$ 3,417	1,119	ğ	\$ 4,841	121	;	155	\$	7	•		•	•	33	1	\$ 271	;	•		77	•	\$ 156	\$ 776	127	\$ 6,306	\$ 9,784	3,478	18.22	104.59					
Industrial		192	137	° %	<u>2</u>	<b>.</b>		• •	*	•	۲.		• •	•	•	'	÷	,	~ FT	· ~	\$ 17	\$	\$	\$ 110	18	\$ 629	\$ 1,227	\$ 268	21.10	121.13					
General	(9)	1,347	339	2 5	1,776	35	;	1 F	7	-	•	• •		1	9	1	78		•	'	ű		\$ 45	\$ 230	37	\$ 2,201	\$ 3,387	\$ 1,196	20.84	119.63					
General	(8)	\$ 3,838	1,509	22	\$ 5,735	\$ 163	;	\$ 69E	101	s.	87	2 6	9 6	•	47	1	\$35	;	38 GZ	8	\$ 175	<b>4</b>	\$ 240	\$ 1,235	\$ 202	\$ 8,289	\$ 13,880	5,591	18.53	106.37		:			
	(4)	\$ 11,872	3,946	709	\$ 16,889	<b>\$</b> 425	;	¥ 175	319	<b>61</b>	219	987	25	4	123	1	\$ 1,787	;	210	8	\$ 1,141	\$ 31	\$ 727	\$ 3,484	\$ 569	\$ 25,053	\$ 49,332	14,279	28.47	163.43					
General	(S)	\$ 593	27 :	2 2	752	<b>\$</b>	;	<b>7</b>	2 2	n	۲,	÷ ?	<b>.</b> .	58	•		\$ 237	;	£ €	2	\$ 137	\$	\$	<b>\$</b>	3	\$ 1,453	\$ 2,391	\$ 938	18.12	104.02					
	(2)	\$ 21,726	40	1,455	\$ 31,937	\$ 872	;	778	1,806	100	476	888	933	725	252	1	7,306		2,213	562	\$ 3,512	\$ 485	\$ 1,966	\$ 9,276	\$ 1,516	\$ 56,870	\$ 80,560	\$ 23,690	10.48	60.16					
Total Company Less Stack	and Joint (1)	> 59,329	19,035	3,421	\$ 83,592	\$ 2,051		1,135	2,403	133	812	1,249	926	908	205	1,325	\$ 11,930		3,178	868	\$ 5,072	m \$ 546	\$ 3,805	\$ 18,079	\$ 2,954	\$128,029	\$205,087	\$ 77,058	17.42	100.00					
		Production Cost	Operating	Purchased Power - Fuel Purchased Power - Other	Total Production	Transmission Operating Cost	Distribution Operating Cost	Land	Overhead Lines	U. G. Lines	Line Transformers	Services	Neters Contract Corrios & Contracts	Customer Preside	Commutations	Street Lights.	Total Distribution	Customez Accounting	Billing	Customer Service Credit & Collection	Total Customer Accounting	Customer Relations & Information	Administrative & General	Depreciation	Grants in Lieu of Taxes	Total Cost	Total Ravanue	Return	Rate of Return	Percentage of Return					
		a	ี ล :	<b>∓</b>	ŝ	9		۲ <u>و</u>	6	9	â	12	£	15	19	12	18		65 6	हे त	22)	23	24)	25)	Ŷ	(12	38	29)	30)	31)		,			

SCHEDULE 22

### Allocation of Customer Service and Contracts

For the Year Ended March 31, 1977

(\$000)

			rect (1)	Customers (2)	Percent (3)	Alle	ount ocated (4)	T	otal (5)
1)	Domestic	\$	833(1)	_	_	\$	. <b>-</b>	\$	833
2)	General Conn. Load			10,710	36.22		34		34
3)	General		-	16,627	56.22		52		52
4)	General All Electric		_	2,069	7.00		6		6
5)	Industrial to 249 KV	A		166	0.56		1		1
6)	Total	\$	833	29,572	100.00	\$	93	\$	926

<sup>(1) 90%</sup> Domestic

SCHEDULE 23

### Allocation of Customer Premise Expense

For the Year Ended March 31, 1977

(\$000)

		 rect L)	Customers (2)	Percent (3)	A11	nount located (4)	 otal (5)
1)	Domestic	\$ 725(1)	_	_	\$	-	\$ 725
2)	General Conn. Load	-	10,710	36.22		29	29
3)	General	-	16,627	56.22		46	46
4)	General All Electric	-	2,069	7.00		6	6
5)	Industrial 249 KVA	 	166	56			 
6)	Totals	\$ 725	29,572	100.00	\$	81	\$ 806

(1) 90% Domestic

SCHEDULE 24

### Allocation of Customer Service Expense

### For the Year Ended March 31, 1977

(\$000)

	. Co. 1	Total Less St. & Joint (1)	Meter Test (As Meters) (2)	Other C-10 (3)
1)	Domestic	\$ 737	\$ 243	\$ 494
2)	General C.L.	30	10	20
3)	General	210	51	159
4)	General All Electric	28	8	20
5)	General Large	-	-	
6)	Ind. to 249 KVA	3	1	2
7)	Ind. 250-3999 KVA	4	2	2
8)	Ind. Large	1	1	_
9)	Interruptible	-	<b>-</b> ·	-
10)	Municipal	-	-	_
11)	Unmetered	13		13
12)	Total	\$ <u>1,026</u>	\$316	\$ <u>710</u>

SCHEDULE 25

### Allocation of Credit & Collection Expense

For the Year Ended March 31, 1977

(\$000)

			tal 1)	De	ct Bad bts	D	er Bad ebts R-1 (3)	С	lection osts C-1 (4)
1)	Domestic	\$	562	\$	_	\$	316	\$	246
2)	General C.L.		20		-		10		10
3)	General		218		_		202		16
4)	General All Electric		58		-		56		2
5)	General Large		-		-		-		-
6)	Ind. to 249 KVA		7		-		7		-
7)	Ind. to 250-3,999 KVA		-		-		-		-
8)	Ind. Large		-		-		-		-
9)	Interruptible		-		-		-		-
10)	Municipal		-		-		-		-
11)	Unmetered	_	3		_ <del>_</del>	_			3
12)	Total	\$	868	\$	-	\$	591	\$	277

# Determination of Allocation Factors

For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 & 1978

	Less Steam		General	,	General.	General	Industrial	Industrial	Industrial	19			
	and Joint (1)	DOMESTIC (2)	(3)	(4)	ALI-E100TF10 (5)		10 249 KVA (7)	(8)	<b>6</b> (6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1) System Peak FM - 1977 2) • Responsibility	993 10 <b>0.</b> 00	411	0.71	219 22,05	8.56	16	0.71	5.94	123		4.73	. 11.1	<b>2.</b> CD
3) System Peak MM - 1978 4) % Responsibility	962 100.00	405 .	0.73	219	77 8.00	19 1.98	1.04	62	101	1 1	44	1.87	7-2
<ul><li>S) Bystam Peak and Average - 1977</li><li>6) * Responsibility</li></ul>	1,608	635 39.49	13	341	125	32	10	6.03	241	15 0.93	74	25 1.56	ž Ģ
7) System Fosk and Awarage - 1978 8) • Responsibility	1,565	624 39.87	11. 0.83	343	115	2,11	0.89	99	210	16	72 <b>4.</b> 60	. 26 · 1.66	I
9) Customer Mon-Coincident Demand Sec 1977	978,349	638,455 65.26	7,211	223,290 22.82	85,924 8.78		7,647	• •			. • •	15,822 1,62	ĭ
11) Customer Mon-Coincident Demand Sec 1978 12) Responsibility	971,044	633,131 65.20	7,424	224,573	77,703 8.00		11,686	11.		1 1	• •	16,527	<b>I</b>
13) Customer Non-Coincident Demand Fri 1977 14) N Responsibility	1,162,016	661,439 56.92	7,471	245,080	91,319 7.86	21,012	8,743 0,75	68,493 5,90	20,344	1 1	21,724	16,391	ŗ
15) Customer Non-Coincident Deand Pri 1978 16) Nesponsibility	1,151,946	652,758 56 <sub>°</sub> 67	7,654	245,220	82,403	22,047	12,865	72,175 6,27	21,093	1 •	18,692 1.62	17,039	ä
17] Customer Non-Coincident Demand DBPS - 1977 18) • Responsibility	1,379,458	674,668 48.91	7,620	249,982	93,145 6.75	21,432	8,918 0.65	72,780 5.28	153,719	28,941 2.10	51,534 3,74	16,719 1.21	. 1
19) Customer Non-Coincident Demand DBPS - 1976 20) * Responsibility	1,350,746	665,813 49,29	7,807	250,124 18,52	84,051 6.22	12,488	13,122 .97	76,536	133,444	31,539	48,442	17,380	D-10
21) Class M.C. Demand Sec 1977 22] W. Mesponsibility	786,625	460,976	6,851	212,126 26.97	10,65	• •	7,073	• •	• •		• •	15,822	2 <b>1</b> 01
23) Class N.C. Demand Sec 1978 24) * Responsibility	780,615	457,121 58,56	7,053	213,344	75,761 9.71	1 1	10,809	• •	• •	11	• •	16,527	2 <b>Ç</b> R
25) Class N.C. Demand Pri 1977	952,787 100.00	477,571 50,13	7,098	232,826 24.44	89,037 9,34	19,436	8,087 .85	63,356	17,802	1 1	21,162	16,392	A ÇA
27) Class N.C. Demand Pris 1978 28) Nesponsibility	947,641 106.00	471,292	7,272	232,959 24,59	80,343 8.48	20,393	11,900	69,561	18,457	• •	18,225 1,92	17,039 1,80	X IR
29) Class N.C. Demand DBFS - 1977 30) : Responsibility	1,145,576	467,122	7,240	237,482 20.73	90,818 7.93	15,825	9,249	67,322 5,88	134,505	26,046	56,247	16,730	\ <u>\</u> 2 183 <b>3/</b> 1
31) Class N.C. Demand DBPS - 1978 ,22)	1,124,052	480,718	7,417	237,618 21,14	91,950	20,801 1,85	12,138	73,651 6.55	116,763 , 10,39	28,385	47,231	17,380	tta <b>ĕ</b> nr
(33) Class N.C. Demand Gen. = 1977 34) % Respondibility	1,175,358	499,787	7,428	243,656	93,179	20,340	8,463	69,072 5,88	118,002	26,723 2.27	51,553 4,39	17,155	y nerij 3
35) Class N.C. Demand Gen 1978 36) ' Responsibility	1,153,279	493,217	7,610	243,796	7.29	21,342 1.85	12,454	75,566	119,799 10,39	29,123 2,52	46,459	17,832	B P <b>a</b> ge
•						:		•				SCH P 1/	84 of 89

SCH 4 P 1/6

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Determination of Allocation Factors For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 & 1978

	4	<u> </u>	<u>.                                    </u>
Industrial	A 250-3,999 KVA (8)	308,795 1,	321,103
Industrial	To 249 KVA (7)	23,325	31,907
General	Large (6)	121,710	123,193
General	All-Electric Large to 249 KVA (5) (6) (7)	346,591	337,065
	Genoral (4)	1,072,609	1,087,430
General	Conn. Load (3)	1.00	51,449 1,087,430 0.97 20.60
	Domostio (2)	1,962,940 53	1,920,889
Total Company Less Steam	and Joint Do	3,360,248 100.00	5,280,003
			`

Unmetered (12)

Municipal (11)

Industrial Interruptible
Large Service
(9) (10)

69,738

244,223

66,985 1.25

240,729

1) WMM Gen, and Purchased - 1977
2) WMM Gen, and Purchased - 1977
4) WMM Gen, and Purchased - 1977
4) Weaconsthill to

## Determination of Allocation Factors

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	Factor. (13)	<b>3</b>	ខ្ល	S	Z	S-0	ŗ	ç <b>-</b> 2	វី	2012	GRA E	A IR-18	Attachanen	t 3 Page 86 of 89
	Unmetered Factor (12)	2,623	2,380	2,623	2.380	2,623	2,380	2,623	2,380		1111	2,623 2.5 6,558	2,380 2,5 5,950 1,00	SCHEDULE 46 PAGE 3 OF 6
	Municipal (11)	<b>.</b>	. co j			~ 1	<b>81</b>	<b>60 l</b>	ro I		* * * * *	30.0 80 80 0.02	16.0 80 02	
Industrial Interruptible	Service (10)	φ 1	ψı			1 1	1 1	φI	<b>φ 1</b>	1111		10.0 60 0.02	10.0 60 .02	
Industrial	<b>L</b> 19	710.	10.	11	l 1	N I	N 1	26	: i	1111		140	10.0	
Industrial	250-3,939 KVA (8)	124	126	1 1	• •	03	.03 48	116	120	1111		124 10:0 1,240 0.33	126 10.0 1,260 1,34	
Industrial	To 249 KVA (7)	166 0.06	218	164	216	166 .06	218	166 .06	218	164 5.0 820 0.23	216 5.0 1,080	166 5.0 830	218 5.0 1,090	
General	<b>1</b> (9)	m 1	w 1.	• •	1 1	m I	m 1	m I	m (	• • • •		5.0 15.0	5. 2. 2. 2. 1	
General	General All-Electric (4) (5)	2,069	1,792	2,065	1,788	2,069	1,792	2,069	1,792	2,065 5.0 10,325 2.85	1,788 5.0 8,940 2.41	2,069 5.0 10,345 2.79	1,792 5.0 8,960 2.41	
,	General (4)	16,627 5.73	17,215 5,82	16,608 5.73	17,196 5.81	16,627 5.73	17,215 5,82	16,627 5,73	17,215 5.82	16,608 5.0 83,040 22.88	17,196 5.0 85,980 23.22	16,627 5.0 83,135 22.44	17,215 5.0 86,075 23.18	
General	Conn. Load (3)	10,710 3.69	9,855	10,710 3.69	9,855	10,710 3.69	9,855	10,710 3.69	9,855 3,33	10,710 1,00 10,710 2.95	9,885 1.00 9,885 2.67	10,170 1.0 10,170 2,74	9,885 1,00 9,885 2:66	
	Dome at10 (2)	257,891 88.86	264,465 89.32	257,891 88.91	264,465 89.38	257,891 88.88	264,465 89,34	257,991 88.86	264,465 89.32	257,891 1.00 257,891 71.09	264,465 1.00 264,465 71.41	257,891 1.0 257,891 69.63	257,891 1.00 257,894 69.44 264,465	
Total Company Less Steam	and Joint (1)	290,241	296,062	290,061	295,900	290,175	296,016	290,234	296,075 100.00	287,438 362,786 100.00	293,550 370,350 100.00	289,701 370,464 100.00	289,538 371,406 100.00	
		1) Custoware ~ 1977 2) Responsibility	3) Customers ~ 1978 4) • Responsibility	5) Customers Secondary - 1977 6) * Responsibility	<ol> <li>Customers Socondary - 1978</li> <li>Responsibility</li> </ol>	9) Customers Frimary - 1977 0) • Responsibility	Customers Primary - 1978	Outcomers DBPS - 1977	Customers DBPS - 1978	Weighted Secondary Customers - 1977 **Aighting Factor   Weighted Total   Neighted Total	Weighted Secondary Customers = 1978   Weighting Factor   Weighting Factor   Weightsd Total   Weightsd Total   Weightsd Total   Wesponsibility   Wesponsibility	Weighted Customers - 1977   Weighting Factor   Weighted Total   Neighted Total   Neighted Factor   Neighted Total   Neighted Factor   Neighbor   Neighbor	Weighted Chatomers = 1978  Weighting Factor  Weighted Total  Neighted Total	
		14	•			3 (S)	123	13	15) 16)	66 66 69	2222	25 26 27 28)	3233	

NOVA SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

Determination of Allocation Factors For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 & 1978

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Factors	3	. [	P-10	P-2 VA-1	×11-4	7	P-12	P-4 V P-	P-13×	P-5	<b>2</b> (	)12 <b>.</b> G	RÆC	CA IR	-183	Attac	hmen	t 3 Ba	ge 🞉	of 89 SCH 4
Unmetered	(12)	890 1.12	981 1.09	992 · 1.25	1,103	1,186	1,297	,452,353 1.32	1,487	13,944	17,560	13,913 3.35	17,437	13,602	16,612 2.86	296 1,29	316 36	361 1.57	384	P4/6
Muntcipal	ε	369 0.47	364 0.40	438 0.55	430	1,309	1,235	1,475 <sup>1,1</sup>	1,364	13,121	19,441	13,004	19,640 3.38	12,227 2.94	18,108 3,12	940 4.10	3.76	1,014	934	
Industrial Interruptible Large 1 Service	(01)	• •		• •		19 0.02	18 0.02	19 0.02	18 0.02	0.01	0.01	1,939	2,194 0.38	5,668	10,037 57.1	0.08	80.	.08 .08	80°.	
	1	345 0.44	411	369 0.47	438 0.49	1,299	1,362 1.20	1,348	1,415 1.25	32,157 7,74	43,142	37,556 9.04	49,404	31,860	42,760	954 4.16	951 4.10	979 <b>4.</b> 27	<b>977</b> <b>4.</b> 21.	
Industrial 250-3999 KVA	(8)	1,175	1,418	1,323	1,658 1.84	2,923	3,244	3,228 3.16	3,712	17,888	29,051 5.00	18,390 4,43	29,308 5.05	17,833	29,979 5,16	1,748	1,826	1,905 8.30	2,054 8,86	
Industrial To 249 KVA		261 0.33	434 0.48	293 0.37	488 0.54	427 0.42	09.0	480	765 0.68	2,475	5,274 0.91	2,381 0.57	5,097	2,541	5,575 0,96	166 <b>0.</b> 72	247 1.06	187 182	1.19	
General	(9)	358 0.45	428 0.48	403 0.51	482	842 6.83	935 0.83	935 0.92	1,041	5,383	8,948	5,852	\$,236 1.59	5,282	8,443 1.45	2.11	507 2.19	532	559 ,2.41	
General All-Electric	(2)	2,834	2,909. 3,23	3,323	3,414	4,583 4,49	4,529	5,383	5;317 4,70	29,102	39,502 6,80	28,821 6.94	39,454 6,79	28,359 6.83	38,016 6,55	1,749	1,620	2,060 8,98	1,903	
General		9,386 11.86	10,794 12.01	10,489 13,25	12,042 13,39	13,886 13.60	15,401	15,692 15.37	17,353 15.35	80,341 19.34	118,808 20.46	81,626 19.65	120,294 20.71	80,023 19.27	115,625 19.91	4,500 19.62	4,607	5,203	5,311 22.91	
General Conn. Load	(3)	2,003	2,085	2,038 2,58	2,125 2,36	2,137	2,226 1.97	2,193 2.15	2,290	4,970	6,218 1.07	5,272 1.27	6,535	4,867	6.043	134 0,58	<b>∓</b> .e.	351 80.	164 [7.	-
Domestic	(2)	61,514	70,073	59,467 75,15	67,716 75.33	73,465	82,153 72.65	103,099,02,076,69,993	78,319 69.26	215,985 51.99	292,910 50.43	206,638	282,180 48.59	213,130 51.31	289,581 49.86	11,951 52,10	12,080 52.10	10,526 45.88	10,603	
Total Company Less Steam and Joint	(E)	79,135	89,897 100.00	79,135 V	37 89,897 100,00	102,076 100.00	113,081	103,099 105 00,001	112,081	415,392	580,779	415,392	580,779 100.00	415,392	580,779 100,00	22,941 100,90	23,184	. 22,941 100,00	23,184	
		1)Coincident Peak Poles & Wire - 1977 2) & Responsibility	3)Soincident Peak Poles & Rire - 1978 4) & Responsibility	6)Class Non-Coincident Peak & Average Poles & Wire: 6)	7)Class Hon-Coincident Peak &:Awg. Poles & Wirel1978: 8) % Responsibility	9)Coincident Peak Substations Poles & Wire1977 10)	11)Coincident Peak Substations Poles & Wire -1978 12)	13)Class Non-Coincident Peak & Avg. Subs., Poles & 14) & Responsibility	15)Class Non-Coincident Peak & Avg. Subs., Poles & 16) & Responsibility	17)Coincident Peak P.T.D 1977 18) % Responsibility	19)Coincident Peak P.T.D 1978 20) % Responsibility	2:)Coincident Peak & Avg. P.T.D 1977 22) % Responsibility	23)Coincident Peak & Avg. P.T.D 1978 24) % Responsibility	25)Class Non-Coincident P.T.D. 1977 26) % Responsibility	27)Class Non-Coincident P.T.D 1978 26) % Responsibility	29) Coincident Peak Substations - 1977 30) % Responsibility	3)] Coincident Peak Substations - 1978 32] % Responsibility	33) Class Non-Coincident Peak & Avg. Substations 34) % Responsibility -1977	35) Class Non-Coincident Peak & Avg. Substations 36) % Responsibility -1978	

A SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

### Determination of Allocation Factors For the Years Ended March 31, 1977 & 1978

	Total Company							•					
	Less Steam and Joint (1)	Domestic (2)	Conn. Load	General (4)	General All-Electric (5)	Ceneral Large (6)	Industrial To 249 KVA (7)	al Industrial Industrial VA 250-3,999 KVA Large (8) (9)	Inches trial Large (9)	Interruptible Service (10)	Municipal (11)	Unse tered (12)	Tactors (13)
Coincident Peak 0. & M 1977	<b>\$</b> 42,055 100,00	\$21,755 51.73	\$ 563 1.34	\$ 8,196 19.49	\$2,738 6.51	\$ 514 1.22	\$ 235 56	\$1,719 4.09	\$ 3,151		\$1,274 3.03	\$1,907 4.53	ī
) Coincident Peak O. & M 1978 ;) % Responsibility	\$123,617 100.00	\$52,086	1.09	\$25,022	\$7,681 6.21	\$2,409 1.95		\$6,710.	\$17,237 13.94		94,910 3.97	\$3,308 2.68	ĭ
) Coincident Feak & Average 0. & M 1977 )	\$ 42,055 100,00	\$20,980 49.89	\$ 593	\$ 8,156 19.39	\$2,620 6.23	\$ 565 1.34		\$1,762 4.19	\$ 3,791 .9.02		\$1,253 2.98		3
) Coincident Foak & Average 0. % M 1978	\$123,617 100.00	\$51,164	\$1,379 1,12	\$27,966 20.20	\$7,577 6.13	\$2,452 1.98	<del>2</del> 3	86,717 5.43	\$18,019 14.58		3.99		<b>S</b>
); Class Non-Coincident Pack O. & N 1977 )} % Responsibility	\$ 42,055 \$21,724 100,00 51,66	\$21,724 51,66	* . 8,7,7 06.1	\$ 8,039 19,12	\$2,657 6.32	\$ 1.19		\$1,726 4.10	\$ 2,997 7.13	* 35. 35.	\$1,202 2.86	\$1,861 4.42	20
) Class Non-Coincident Peak O. & M 1978	123,617	\$51,937 42.01	1,334	\$24,758 20.03	\$7,562 6,12	\$2,382 1.93	89°	\$6,775 5.48	\$17,212 13.92		\$ 4,821 3.90	\$3,239 2.62	12 GI
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SCHEDULE 46 PAGE 5 OF 6

SCOTIA POWER CORPORATION

etermination of Allocation Factors

•	
1	1978
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Less and	1) Secondary Customer/Ravenue = 1977	<ol> <li>Secondary Customer/Mavenue = 1978</li> <li>Pasponsibility</li> </ol>	5) Discount Revenue - 1978 \$1,2.6) % Responsibility
Total Company Less Steam and Joint (1)	100.00	141,564	\$1,293,894
Domestic (2)	\$ 75,885 \$ 2,277 53.57 1.61	\$ 77,108 \$ 2,293 54.47 1.62	\$798,951 61,75
General Conn. Load (3)			\$19,796 1.53
	\$ 48,390 34.16	\$ 47,582 \$	\$144,107
General All-Electric (4)	\$13,473	\$13,394 9,46	\$34,283 2,65
General I Large T (6)	11	1 1	41,735 .13
ndustrial to 249 KVA (7)	\$1,634 1,15	\$1,187	•
General Industrial Industrial Industrial Interruptible Large To 249 KVA 250-3,999 KVA Large Service (6) (7) (8) (10)	1 I	•	1 1 00
Industrial Large (9)	* 1	t 1	17.69
Interruptib Service (10)			\$ 4,558
	•		\$58,530 4.52
Municipal Unmetered Factors (11) (12) (13)	*	•	4 3,097
d Factors (13)	F. K.		201:
	1		201

SCHEDULE 46 PAGE 6 OF 6

### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Requ	nest IR-184:
2		
3	With	regard to CA IR-75,
4		
5	(a)	Please explain how, if at all, distribution poles and wires require land and
6		easements.
7		
8	<b>(b)</b>	Please provide a list of all locations at which NSPI owns land or easements for
9		distribution poles or wires.
10		
11	Resp	onse IR-184
12		
13	(a)	Property in Nova Scotia, for the most part, is held by deed. In some cases, the property
14		owner includes various levels of government. NSPI requires a grant of easement by the
15		owner, or owners, to install, replace or repair equipment (such as distribution poles and
16		wires) in order to avoid a trespass situation. NSPI easements are granted in perpetuity.
17		
18	(b)	NSPI has not prepared the requested information for this Proceeding. NSPI requires land
19		or easements at many locations of poles and wires. A master list of the location of all
20		poles and wires is not maintained by NSPI.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-184 Page 1 of 1

### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Request IR-185:
2	
3	Does NSPI agree that all land and easements associated with distribution are required for
4	substations, rather than poles and wires? If not, provide the evidence that land and land
5	rights are required for distribution poles and wires.
6	
7	Response IR-185
8	
9	Nova Scotia Power does not agree. Easements are required in order for Nova Scotia Power to
10	place any Nova Scotia Power equipment, such as poles and any other transmission or distribution
11	equipment, on the real property of a third party. Placing equipment on a third party's real
12	property without permission is considered a trespass under the law.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-185 Page 1 of 1

### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Requ	est IR-186:
2		
3	CA I	R-77 asked "how land, easements and surveys used for generation and transmission
4	are t	reated in the Cost of Service Study." The response refers to land functionalized in the
5	accou	nnting system as transmission or general plant, but not generation.
6		
7	(a)	Please explain whether the accounting system functionalizes some land, easements
8		and surveys as generation plant, and if so, whether those costs are included in the
9		generation plant accounts.
10		
11	<b>(b)</b>	Please provide the total amount of land functionalized in the accounting system in
12		general plant.
13		
14	Respo	onse IR-186
15		
16	(a)	Land associated with generation plant is included in the generation plant accounts.
17		
18	(b)	The total amount of land included within generation plant is \$9,064,745.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-186 Page 1 of 1

### NON-CONFIDENTIAL

1	Requ	est IR-187:
2		
3	CA I	IR-83 asked for the "basis and supporting documents and computations for the
4	estim	ates by month and class in Exhibit 9A." CA IR-84 requested "the basis and
5	supp	orting documents and computations for the estimates of class non-coincident kW
6	dema	and in Exhibit 9B." The responses refer to some text in the 1995 COSS, to the
7	electi	conic version of Exhibit 9A and 9B, and to an input sheet that contains essentially the
8	same	data as Exhibit 9A. Neither response provides the derivation of the various peaks
9	and l	oss factors.
10		
11	(a)	Please provide the derivation of each and every value in "Input Data Two" in
12		Multeese IR-1 Attachment 1.
13		
14	<b>(b)</b>	Please provide the date and hour for the forecast monthly coincident peak load for
15		each month in "Input Data Two" in Multeese IR-1 Attachment 1, or for the
16		historical month that was the basis of forecast.
17		
18	(c)	Please provide the historical data used to project these values for 2012.
19		
20	<b>(d)</b>	If any of the historical or projected values are estimated using load-research data,
21		please provide the load-research data and analyses used in that estimation.
22		
23	(e)	Please provide the line-loss studies or analyses used to estimate losses by class for
24		energy and coincident peak.
25		

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-187 Page 1 of 5

### **NON-CONFIDENTIAL**

1 Response IR-187

2

Please refer to NPB IR-116. It contains the estimates for sales and losses by hour for the test year. From this file, all of the values in the "Input Data Two" are selected.

5

6 (b) Please find the time and date of the monthly system peak for the test year forecast.

7

Test Year Forecast		Hourly Demand
Date	Hour	MW
YY-01-21	1900	2308
YY-02-05	1800	2291
YY-03-18	0900	2033
YY-04-03	0900	1840
YY-05-02	0900	1630
YY-06-23	1300	1502
YY-07-15	1600	1591
YY-08-11	1800	1585
YY-09-24	2100	1498
YY-10-22	2000	1645
YY-11-23	1800	1880
YY-12-19	1800	2232

8 9

### **NON-CONFIDENTIAL**

(c) Please find the actual time and date of the monthly system peak from the base data year (2008).

3

2

1

Actual Peak Date from historical	Hourly
base year : 2008	Demand MW
21-Jan-08 19:00	2192
11-Feb-08 19:00	1975
18-Mar-08 9:00	1991
3-Apr-08 9:00	1792
2-May-08 9:00	1597
23-Jun-08 13:00	1512
25-Jul-08 12:00	1592
7-Aug-08 12:00	1558
23-Sep-08 21:00	1519
23-Oct-08 9:00	1647
24-Nov-08 18:00	1868
19-Dec-08 18:00	2059

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(d)

Interval load data from meters is used to record energy patterns. Load research class curves are stratified representative samples of a population. They provide the energy and demand information for the particular rate class or stratum (subdivision of a class depending on a particular attribute) that is being defined. The curves provide information on hourly loads used to enable the analysis of historical and forecast demand peaks and energy usage.

11

### Census curves:

1314

15

16

12

These are curves where all the entire population of a particular class is included as contributors to the curve. Each individual customer's hourly load shape is summed to provide the resulting class load profile of 8760 values (8784 hours in a leap year).

1718

NSPI's census class curves:

Date Filed: July 18, 2011

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1		
2	•	Large General
3		
4	•	Large Industrial
5		
6	•	Large Industrial Interruptible Rider
7		
8	•	Generation Replacement/Load Following
9		
10	•	Bowater
11		
12	•	NewPage
13		
14	Sam	ple Curves:
15		
16	Thes	se are curves where stratified samples of the population are used as contributors to the
17	curv	e. The sample was designed to be representative of the entire population.
18		
19	NSP	T's sample class curves:
20		
21	•	Residential
22		
23	•	General Demand
24		
25	•	Medium Industrial
26		
27	•	Small Industrial
28		
29	•	Small General

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-187 Page 4 of 5

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1		
2		Please find attached the hourly meter data from both sample and census rate classes used
3		to develop the test year estimation. Attachments 1 to 15 (filed electronically) are the load
4		research metered data.
5		
6	(e)	The line loss estimates are developed by allocating the difference between the net system
7		requirement (generation) curve and the sum of the class load shapes. The allocation
8		procedures involve assessing an allocation of the monthly energy losses based upon
9		typical service voltage for customers within that class. Generally, customers served at
10		the highest voltages incur the lowest losses because they are served from the most
11		efficient parts of the grid. Customers served at lower voltages often generally have more
12		transformers and higher line losses. A series of equations with linear and square terms
13		are used to balance to the monthly losses and provide an hourly losses solution by rate
14		class similar to previous filings and analysis.
15		
16		The hourly net system requirement curve is attached. See Attachment 16, filed
17		electronically.

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1	Requ	iest IR-188:
2		
3	The	response to CA IR-85 provides NSPI's estimate of the time and date of the non-
4	coinc	cident peak load for each class for 2008. "Input Data Two" in Multeese IR-1
5	Atta	chment 1 provides NSPI's estimate of the monthly non-coincident peak load for each
6	class	and monthly coincident-peak contribution for each class in 2012. Yet the response to a
7	requ	est for the "all load research studies relied upon by the Company in developing the
8	load-	based allocators for its COS study" consisted of a reference back to the text of the
9	1993	COSS, which contains no load-research studies.
10		
11	(a)	If the response to CA IR-85 and the data in "Input Data Two" in Multeese IR-1
12		Attachment 1 are based on load-research data, please provide the load-research
13		studies.
14		
15	<b>(b)</b>	If NSPI derived the response to CA IR-85 and the data in "Input Data Two" in
16		Multeese IR-1 Attachment 1 without any load data, please explain how that was
17		done and provide all supporting computations, analyses and work papers.
18		
19	Resp	onse IR-188
20		
21	(a)	The data for "input data two" is provided in CA IR-187. The load research data from
22		which it was developed is attached with CA IR-187 (c) and (d).
23		
24	(b)	The load research data as mentioned in part (a) has been provided.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-188 Page 1 of 1

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1	Requ	est IR-189:
2		
3	The 1	response to CA IR-85 states that "historical hourly load profiles for each classare
4	scale	d to the forecast class energy sales and the maximum hourly demands are selected
5	from	the resulting load shapes."
6		
7	(a)	Please provide these computations.
8		
9	<b>(b)</b>	Please explain whether the scaling process scales load in each hour using the
10		forecast change in monthly class energy sales or annual class energy sales.
11		
12	(c)	Please explain whether the forecast maximum hourly demand for each class and
13		month is always the historical maximum hourly demand times the ratio of forecast
14		to historical sales, and if not, why.
15		
16	Respo	onse IR-189:
17		
18	(a)	The worksheet containing the hourly sales and losses is provided in response to
19		NPB IR-116 Attachment 1.
20		
21	(b)	The load research sample is designed for analysis of the winter peaks and load, some
22		summer seasonal effects may not be represented. It is for this reason the hourly load
23		shapes are scaled to monthly values instead of annual.
24		
25	(c)	In general, the mentioned load shape characteristics are preserved in the scaling process
26		and the forecast maximum is the ratio of forecast to historical values. Exceptions may be
27		seen due to factors such as customer shutdowns, inter-class migration, or correction for
28		weather events.

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-189 Page 1 of 1

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**1 Request IR-190:** 

2

3 Please provide actually weekly coincident peak loads for January 2009 through June 2011.

4

5 Response IR-190:

6

7 The following table shows the maximum hourly system load for each week of 2009 to June 2011

8

Week	2009	2010	2011
Number	Peak MW	Peak MW	Peak MW
1	1888	1872	1619
2	1861	1902	1977
3	2086	2011	1899
4	1923	1982	1982
5	2075	1991	2168
6	1943	2114	2042
7	2019	1885	1990
8	1958	1833	2024
9	1866	1858	1938
10	1928	1856	2018
11	1771	1708	1850
12	1698	1633	1853
13	1788	1775	1809
14	1611	1720	1717
15	1569	1505	1669
16	1537	1628	1649
17	1535	1655	1643
18	1510	1475	1549
19	1529	1364	1561
20	1511	1489	1544
21	1492	1463	1627
22	1492	1407	1471
23	1491	1540	1438
24	1366	1396	1429
25	1333	1412	1548
26	1379	1464	1455
27	1368	1450	1466
28	1388	1580	1500
29	1412	1563	
30	1546	1600	
31	1521	1516	

Date Filed: July 18, 2011 NSPI (CA) IR-190 Page 1 of 2

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		<u>-</u> .	
32	1515	1537	
33	1518	1507	
34	1586	1606	
35	1529	1530	
36	1434	1598	
37	1317	1493	
38	1407	1510	
39	1414	1466	
40	1429	1528	
41	1518	1476	
42	1669	1548	
43	1629	1579	
44	1685	1626	
45	1824	1695	
46	1659	1610	
47	1752	1673	
48	1694	1761	
49	1802	1859	
50	2077	1959	
51	2092	1839	
52	2044	1930	
53	2066	1731	

1

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### **Request IR-191:**

2

Please provide forecast weekly coincident peak loads for July 2011 through December 2012.

5

6 Response IR-191:

7

- 8 NSPI does not forecast a weekly load. However system peaks can be extracted from the forecast
- 9 hourly load profiles used for other purposes. A forecast of weekly maximum hourly loads for
- 10 the requested period is shown in table below.

11

Week	2011F	2012F
Number	Peak MW	Peak MW
1		2208
2		1895
3		2063
4		2308
5		2110
6		2291
7		1962
8		1939
9		1917
10		1902
11		1841
12		2033
13		1912
14		1840
15		1722
16		1692
17		1679
18		1630
19		1509
20		1597
21		1586
22		1483
23		1170
24		1138
25		1168
26	1457	1502

Date Filed: July 18, 2011

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Week	2011F	2012F
Number	Peak MW	Peak MW
27	1426	1462
28	1467	1505
29	1545	1591
30	1489	1516
31	1458	1509
32	1462	1509
33	1518	1585
34	1467	1513
35	1491	1539
36	1432	1473
37	1427	1453
38	1441	1493
39	1465	1498
40	1440	1465
41	1508	1537
42	1484	1493
43	1599	1645
44	1524	1557
45	1676	1695
46	1668	1685
47	1826	1847
48	1834	1880
49	1848	1883
50	2076	2132
51	2191	2232
52	2075	2135
53	1905	1959

1